



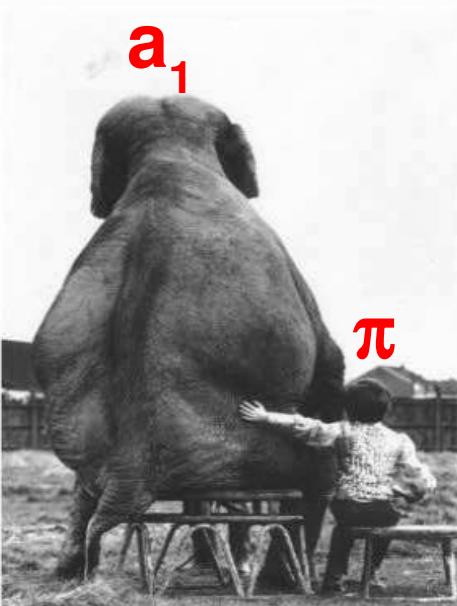
Determination of α/ϕ_2 from $B \rightarrow a_1\pi$ and $B \rightarrow K_{1A}\pi$ decays



Simone Stracka (Milan U.)
[Representing the BaBar Collaboration]

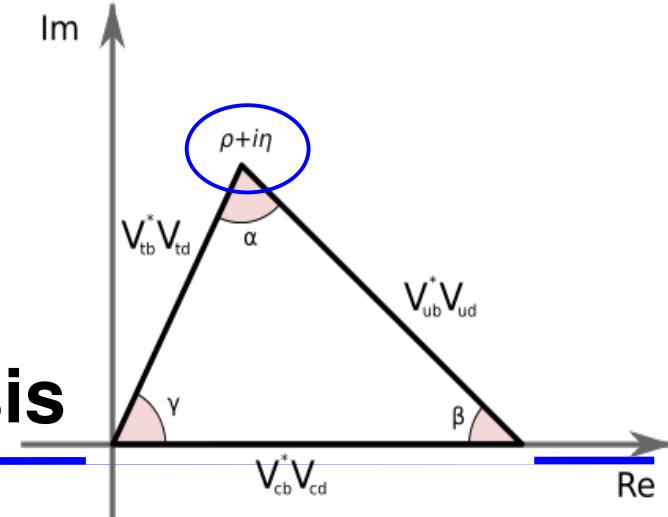


Outline

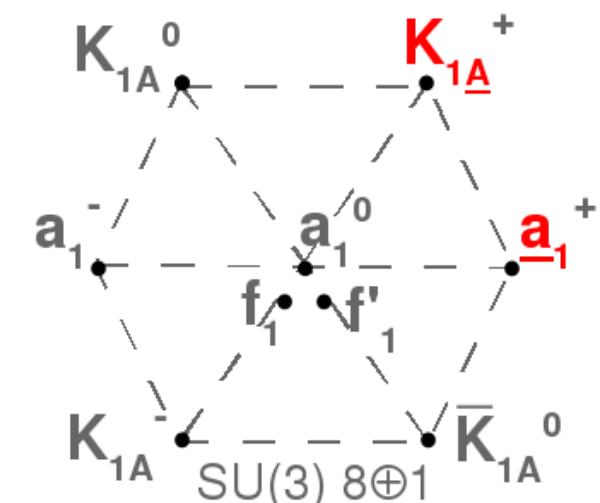


- $B^0 \rightarrow a_1^\pm \pi^\mp \text{BF}$

- $B^0 \rightarrow a_1^\pm \pi^\mp \text{ TD analysis}$



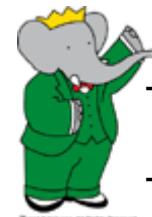
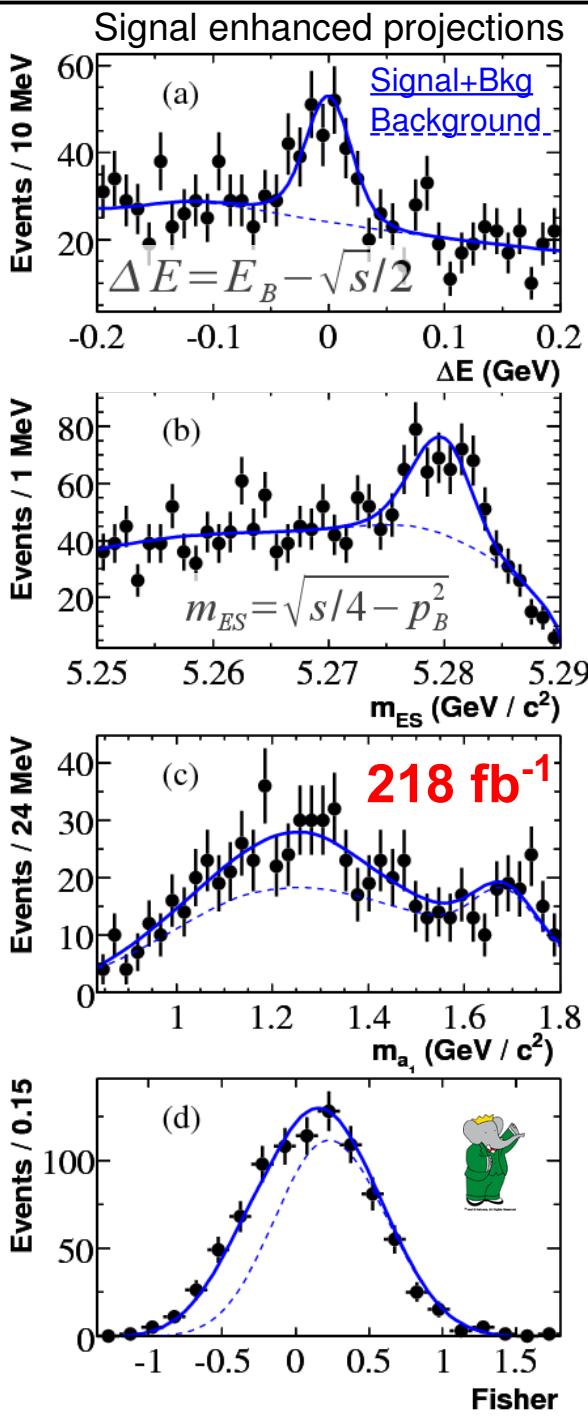
- $B^0 \rightarrow a_1^- K^+ \text{ and } B^+ \rightarrow a_1^+ K^0$
 $B \rightarrow K_{1A} \pi \text{ BF}$



$B^0 \rightarrow a_1^\pm \pi^\mp$ branching fraction

PRL 97, 051802
(2006)

- $a_1(1260)^\pm \rightarrow (\rho\pi)^\pm$ dominant, $J^P=1^+$
 - $\pi^+\pi^-\pi^\pm \sim 50\%$ - possible $\sigma\pi \Rightarrow 2.5\%$ systematic
- BaBar: ML fit (ΔE , m_{ES} , Fisher, m_{a_1} , $\cos\theta_H$)
 - $N_{sg} = 421 \pm 48 \Rightarrow BF = (33.2 \pm 3.8 \pm 3.0) \times 10^{-6}$
- $m_{a_1(1260)}$ and $\Gamma_{a_1(1260)}$ poorly known (model uncertainties) \Rightarrow extract from the fit to the data
 - $m_{a_1(1260)} = [1229 \pm 21(\text{stat})] \text{ MeV}^*$
 - $\Gamma_{a_1(1260)} = [393 \pm 62 (\text{stat})] \text{ MeV}^*$
 - * within ranges allowed by PDG
- Belle BF (535M $B\bar{B}$) is consistent with BaBar
 - 3D fit (ΔE , m_{ES} , $\cos\theta_H$) + 1D fit to m_{a_1}
 - $BF = (29.8 \pm 3.2 \pm 4.6) \times 10^{-6}$ [arXiv:0706.3279]



α measurement in non CP-eigenstates

- Time-dependence of $B^0(\rightarrow \bar{B}^0) \rightarrow a_1^\pm \pi^\mp$ [Aleksan et al.: NPB 361, 141 (1991)]

$$F_{Q_{tag}}^{a_1^\pm \pi^\mp}(\Delta t) = (1 \pm \mathcal{A}_{CP}) \frac{e^{-|\Delta t|/\tau}}{8\tau} \left\{ 1 + Q_{tag} \times \left[(S_\pm \pm \Delta S) \sin(\Delta m_d \Delta t) - (C_\pm \pm \Delta C) \cos(\Delta m_d \Delta t) \right] \right\}$$

- Penguin pollution and strong phase between tree amplitudes

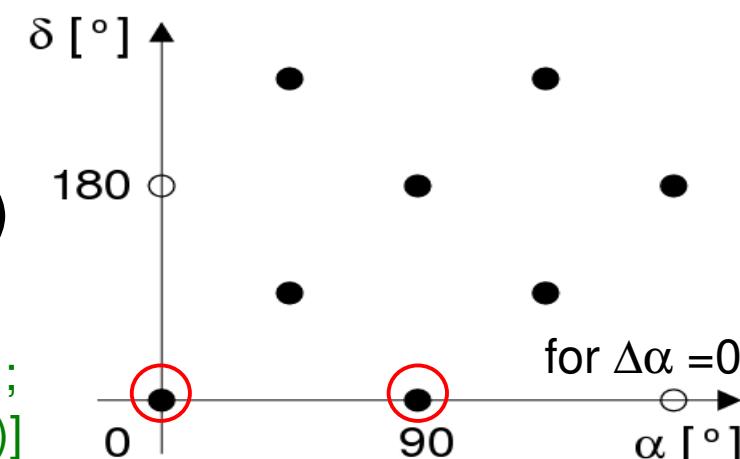
$$S_\pm = \sqrt{1 - C_\pm^2} \times \sin(2\alpha + 2\Delta\alpha \pm \hat{\delta})$$

- get $\alpha_{\text{eff}} \equiv \alpha + \Delta\alpha$ by averaging out δ

- 8 trigonometric ambiguities

- Reduced to 2 (factorization $\Rightarrow |\delta| \ll 90^\circ$)
 - Negligible rescattering

[Gronau and Zupan: PRD 70, 074031 (2004);
PRD 73, 057502 (2006)]



$B^0 \rightarrow a_1^\pm \pi^\mp$ time-dependent analysis

- Fit Δt model to data ($N_{\text{tagged}} = 461 \pm 46$)

$$S = 0.37 \pm 0.21 \pm 0.07$$

$$\Delta S = -0.14 \pm 0.21 \pm 0.06$$

$$C = -0.10 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.09$$

$$\Delta C = 0.26 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.07$$

$$A_{\text{CP}} = -0.07 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.02$$

- $m_{a_1(1260)} = 1229 \text{ MeV}$

$\Gamma_{a_1(1260)} = 393 \text{ MeV}$ [PRL 97, 051802 (2006)]

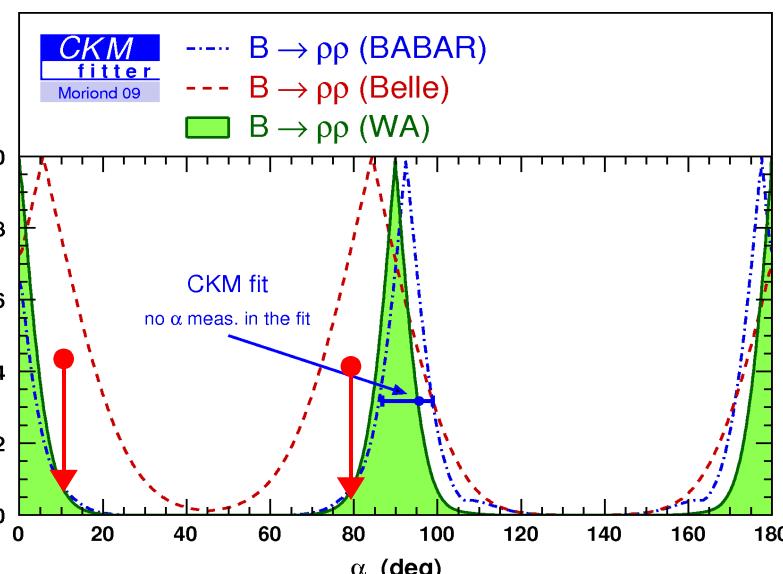
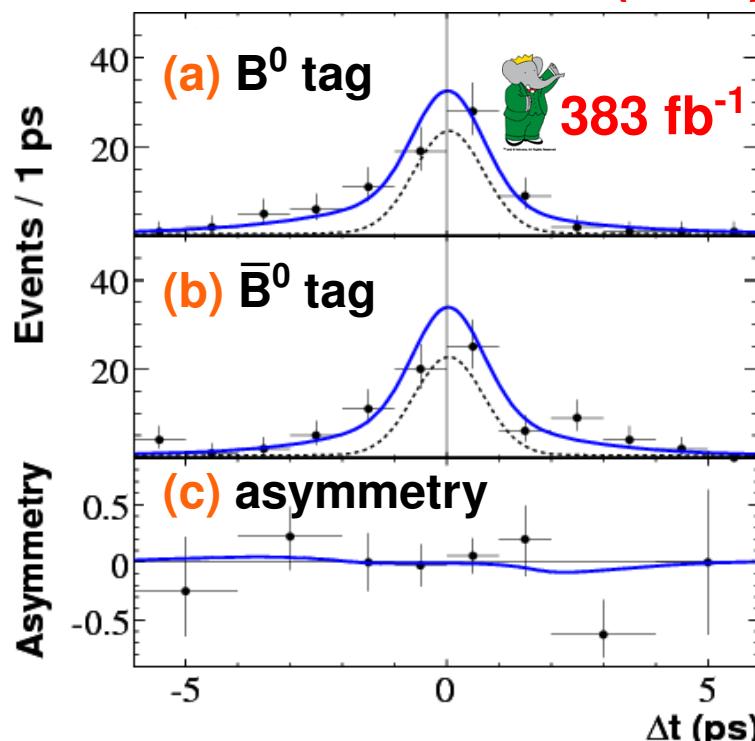
- Correlations are weak (at O(%) level)



$$\alpha_{\text{eff}} = (79 \pm 7)^\circ$$

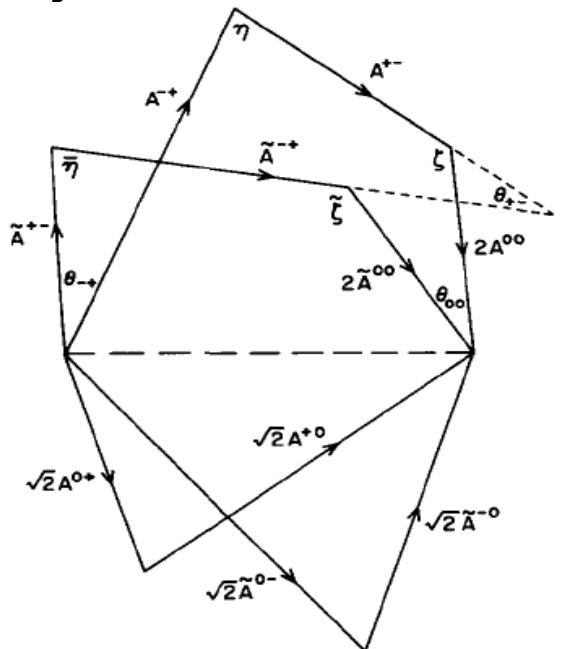
$$\{11, 41, 49, 79, 101, 131, 139, 169\}^\circ$$

PRL 98, 181803 (2007)



Constraining penguin contributions

- Use symmetries to constrain $\Delta\alpha \equiv \alpha_{\text{eff}} - \alpha$



[Lipkin et al.: PRD 44, 1454 (1991);
Gronau: PLB 265, 389 (1991)]

SU(2) not a viable option

→ use approximate flavor SU(3)

[Gronau and Zupan: PRD 70, 074031 (2004);
PRD 73, 057502 (2006)]

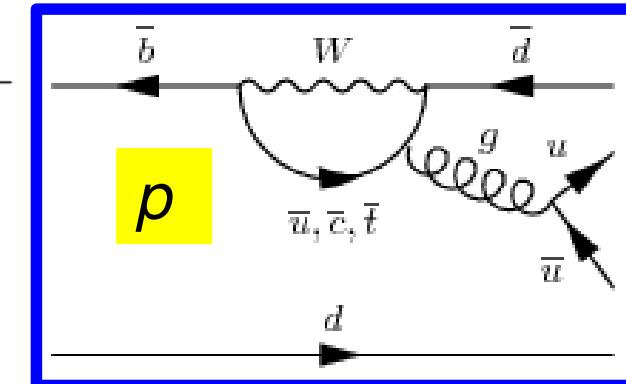
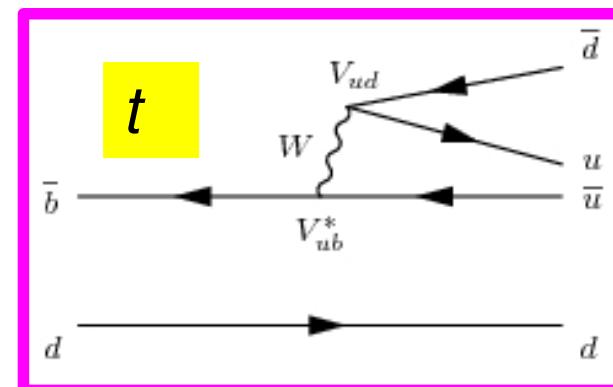
- $\Delta S=0$ decays: $A(B^0 \rightarrow a_1^+ \pi^-) = e^{i\gamma} \textcolor{magenta}{t}_+ + \textcolor{blue}{p}_+$

$$A(B^0 \rightarrow a_1^- \pi^+) = e^{i\gamma} \textcolor{magenta}{t}_- + \textcolor{blue}{p}_-$$

- $\Delta S=1$ decays: $A(B^+ \rightarrow K_{1A}^0 \pi^+) = -(\bar{\lambda})^{-1} \frac{f_{K_{1A}}}{f_{a_1}} \textcolor{blue}{p}_+$

$$A(B^+ \rightarrow a_1^+ K^0) = -(\bar{\lambda})^{-1} \frac{f_K}{f_\pi} \textcolor{blue}{p}_-$$

$$\bar{\lambda} = |V_{cd}| / |V_{cs}| \sim 0.23$$



Constraining penguin contributions

- Derive bounds on $\Delta\alpha$ from **ratios of CP-averaged rates** of $\Delta S=1$ and $\Delta S=0$ B decays:

$$\cos 2(\alpha_{\text{eff}}^{\pm} - \alpha) \geq (1 - 2R_{\pm}^0)/\sqrt{1 - (\mathcal{A}_{CP}^{\pm})^2}$$

$$\cos 2(\alpha_{\text{eff}}^{\pm} - \alpha) \geq (1 - 2R_{\pm}^+)/\sqrt{1 - (\mathcal{A}_{CP}^{\pm})^2}$$

- Rates for $\Delta S=1$ decays to $K_{1A}\pi$ and $a_1 K$ are **both** necessary

$$R_{+}^0 \equiv \frac{\bar{\lambda}^2 f_{a_1}^2 \mathcal{B}(K_{1A}^+ \pi^-)}{f_{K_{1A}}^2 \mathcal{B}(a_1^+ \pi^-)}$$

$$R_{-}^+ \equiv \frac{\bar{\lambda}^2 f_{\pi}^2 \mathcal{B}(a_1^+ K^0)}{f_K^2 \mathcal{B}(a_1^- \pi^+)}$$

- Include **factorizable SU(3)** corrections
 - Ratios of decay constants
 - Neglect exchange ($\Delta S=0$) and weak annihilation ($\Delta S=1$) diagrams

[Gronau and Zupan: PRD 70, 074031 (2004); PRD 73, 057502 (2006)]

$B^0 \rightarrow a_1^- K^+$ and $B^+ \rightarrow a_1^+ K^0$

PRL 100, 051803 (2008)

- BaBar: ML fit (ΔE , m_{ES} , Fisher, m_{a_1} , $\cos\theta_H$)

- $BF(B^0 \rightarrow a_1^- K^+) = (16.4 \pm 3.0 \pm 2.4) \times 10^{-6}$

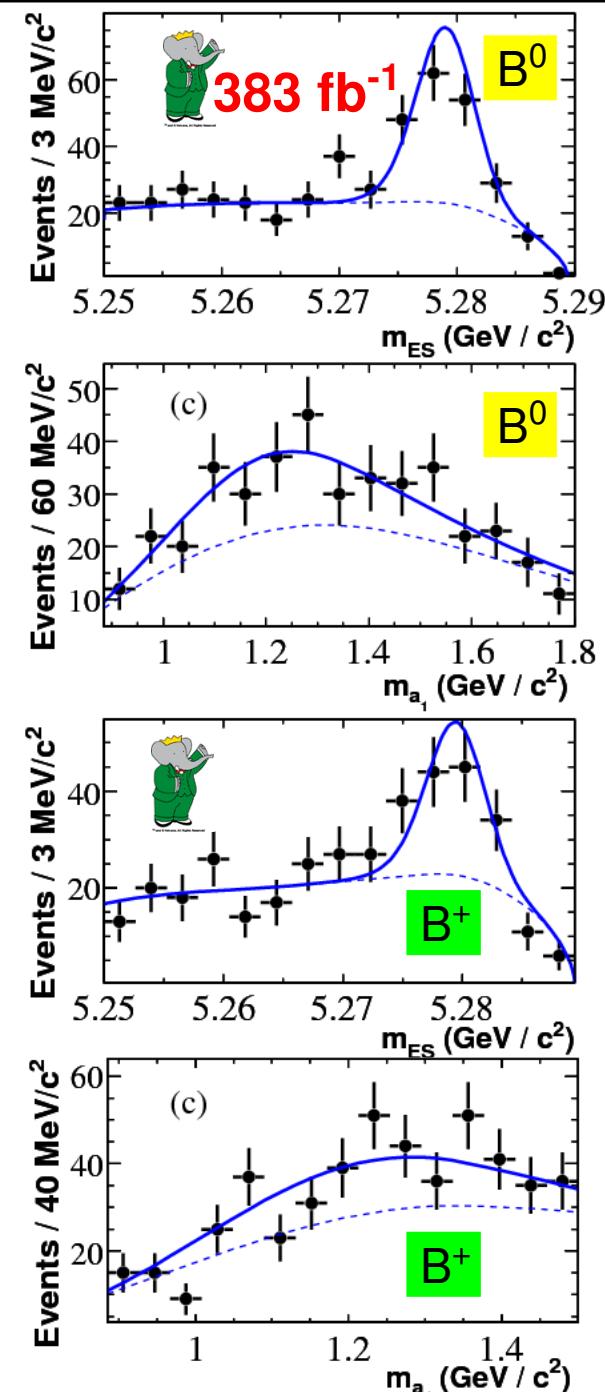
$$N_{sg} = 272 \pm 44 \text{ (S=5.1}\sigma); A_{ch} = -0.16 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.01$$

- $BF(B^+ \rightarrow a_1^+ K^0) = (34.8 \pm 5.0 \pm 4.4) \times 10^{-6}$

$$N_{sg} = 241 \pm 32 \text{ (S=6.2}\sigma); A_{ch} = 0.12 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.02$$

- Th: $BF(B^+ \rightarrow a_1^+ K^0) \sim BF(B^0 \rightarrow a_1^- K^+)$
 - Not consistent with experiment

[Cheng, PRD 76, 114020 (2007)]



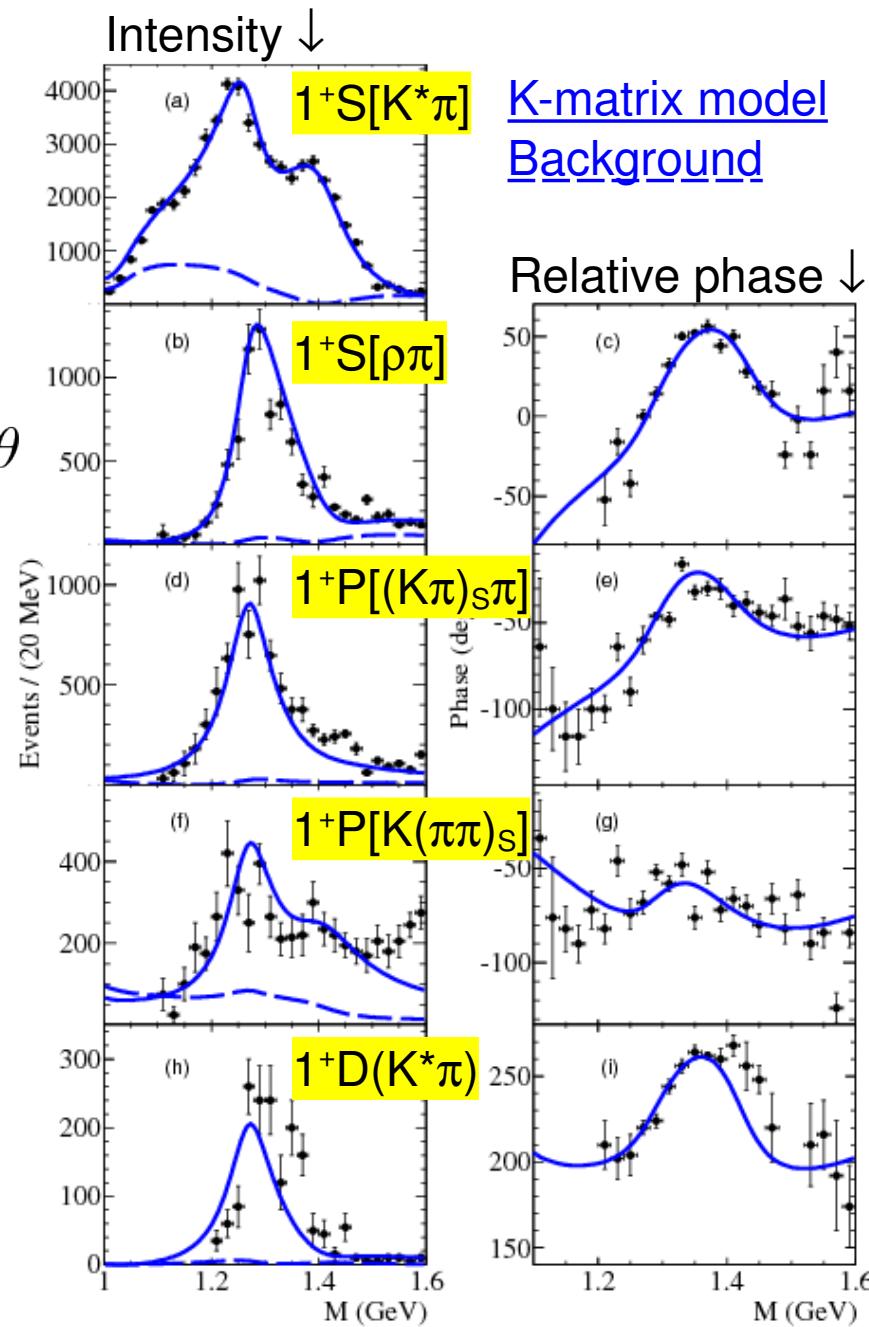
K_1 mesons

- K_{1A} and K_{1B} mixtures of two mass eigenstates [Brandenburg et al.: PRL 36, 703 (1976)
Carnegie et al.: PLB 68, 287 (1977)]
 - K_{1A} & K_{1B} : SU(3) partners of a_1 & b_1
$$|K_1(1400)\rangle = |K_{1A}\rangle \cos \theta + |K_{1B}\rangle \sin \theta$$

$$|K_1(1270)\rangle = -|K_{1A}\rangle \sin \theta + |K_{1B}\rangle \cos \theta$$
- Experimental features in the $K\pi\pi$ system explained by two resonances:

	$K_1(1270)$	$K_1(1400)$
M (MeV)	1273 ± 7	1402 ± 7
Γ (MeV)	90 ± 20	174 ± 13
$BF[K^*\pi]$	42 ± 6	94 ± 6
$BF[\rho K]$	16 ± 5	3 ± 3
$BF[(K\pi)_{S\text{-wave}} \pi]$	28 ± 4	—
D-wave/S-wave [$K^*\pi$]	1.0 ± 0.7	0.04 ± 0.01

PWA of diffractive $K p \rightarrow K\pi\pi p$ data
[ACCMOR: PLB 187, 1 (1981)]

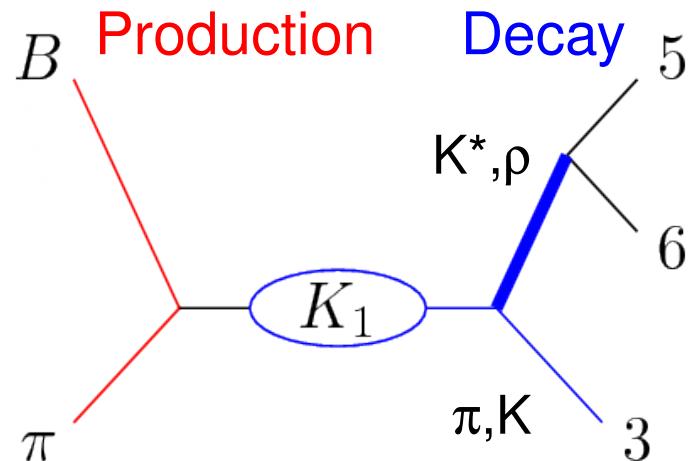


ωK channel not fitted to data

Signal model for $K_1 \rightarrow K\pi\pi$

PRD 81, 052009 (2010)

- K-matrix model for interfering resonances [Aitchison, NPA 189, 417 (1972)]
 - 2 resonances x 6 channels [$(K^*\pi)_S$, $K\rho$, $(K\pi)_S\pi$, $K(\pi\pi)_S$, $(K^*\pi)_D$, $K\omega$]



$$F_i = e^{i\delta_i} \sum_j R_j (1 - i\mathbf{K}\boldsymbol{\rho})_{ij}^{-1}$$

$$R_i = \frac{f_{pa} f_{aj}}{M_a - M_{K\pi\pi}} + \frac{f_{pb} f_{bj}}{M_b - M_{K\pi\pi}} \quad \begin{matrix} a = K_1(1400) \\ b = K_1(1270) \end{matrix}$$

$$K_{ij} = \frac{f_{ai} f_{aj}}{M_a - M_{K\pi\pi}} + \frac{f_{bi} f_{bj}}{M_b - M_{K\pi\pi}}$$

No $M_{K\pi\pi}$ dependence for f_{pa} and f_{ai}

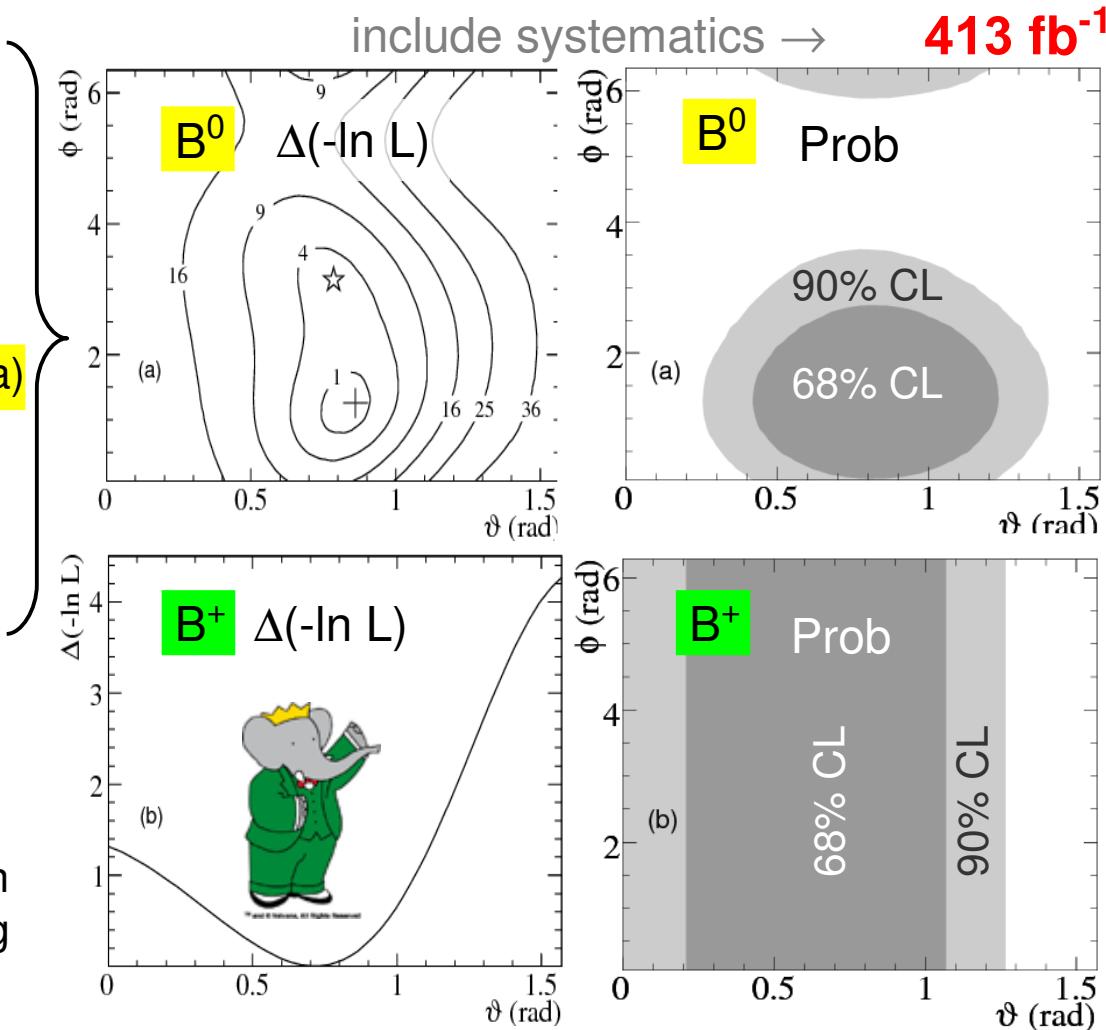
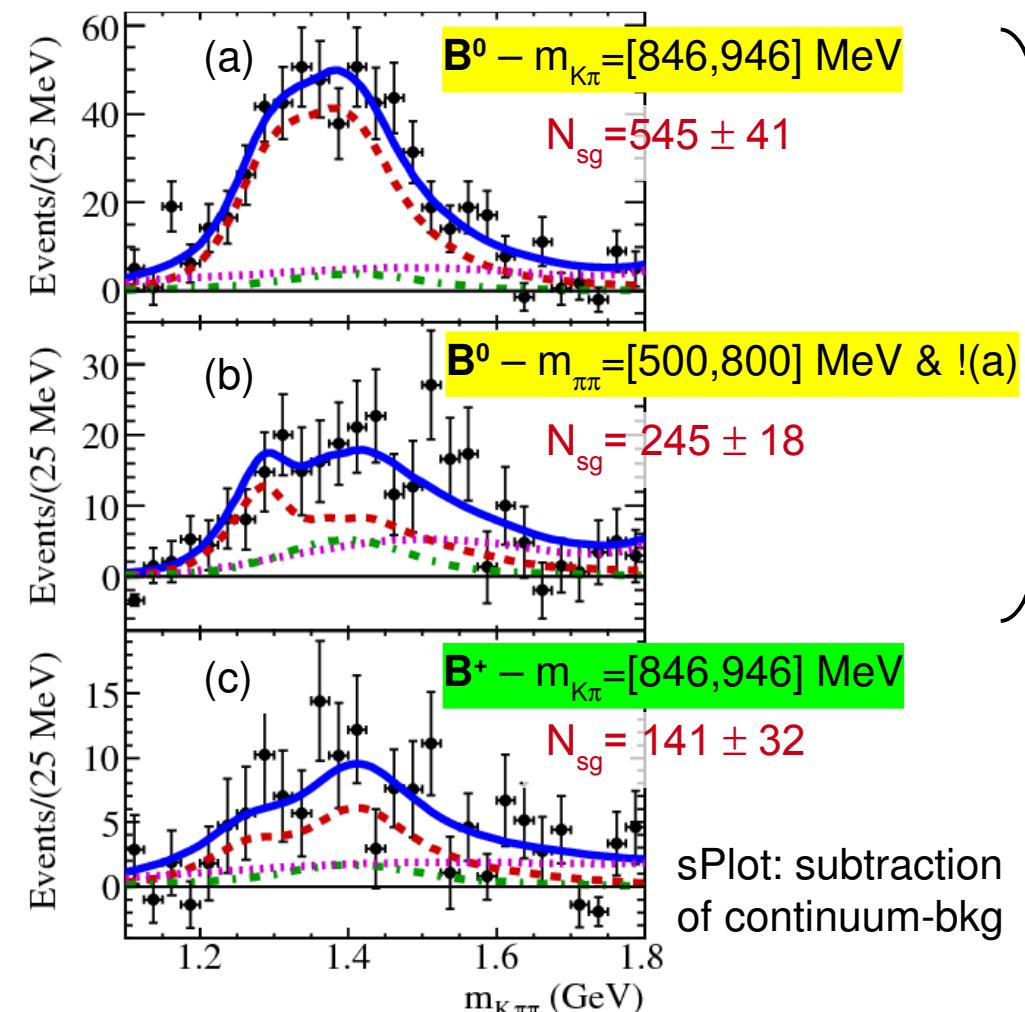
- Decay parameters determined from a fit to the results of PWA of diffractive $K p \rightarrow K\pi\pi p$ data [ACCMOR, NPB 187, 1 (1981)]
- Production parameters determined from a fit to B-decay data
 - overall normalization \Rightarrow combined $BF[B \rightarrow K_1(1270)\pi + K_1(1400)\pi]$
 - $\tan\vartheta = |f_{pb}/f_{pa}|$: relative $K_1(1270)$ and $K_1(1400)$ fraction
 - $\varphi = \arg(f_{pb}/f_{pa})$: interference effects

$K_1\pi$ production parameters

PRD 81, 052009 (2010)

- (ϑ, ϕ) scan: at each node, ML fit (ΔE , m_{ES} , Fisher, $m_{K\pi\pi}$, $\cos\theta_H$)
 - $m_{K\pi\pi}$ PDF templates modeled upon MC for each $\zeta = (\vartheta, \phi)$ set:

$$\mathcal{M}(\zeta) = \sum_{i \neq \omega K} F_i(M_{K\pi\pi}; \zeta) \mathcal{C}_i \mathcal{B}\mathcal{W}_i(m_{56}) \mathcal{A}_i(\Theta, \Phi, \beta)$$



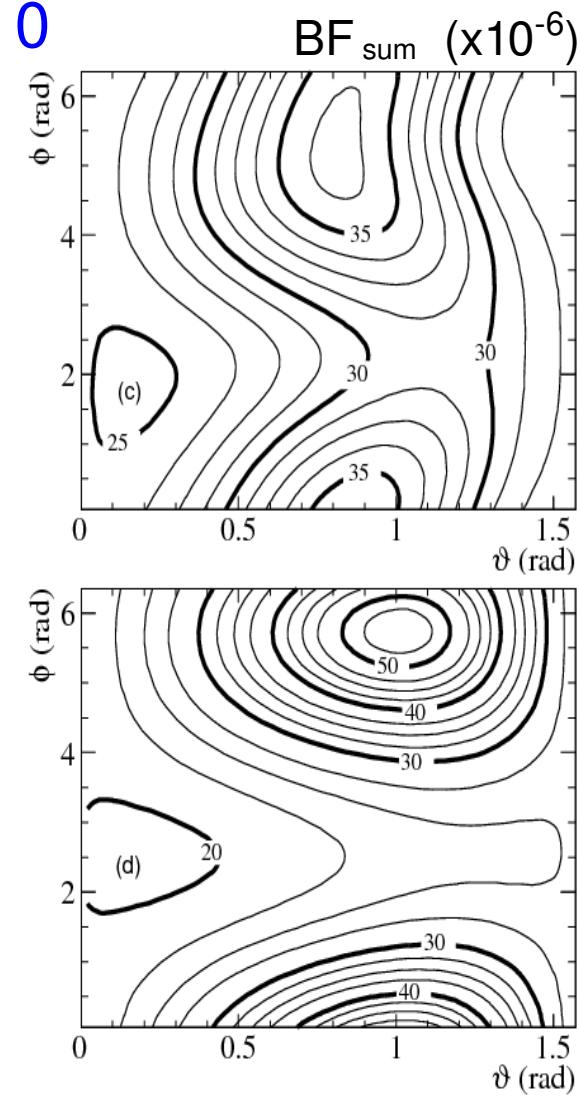
$B \rightarrow K_{1A} \pi$ branching fractions

PRD 81, 052009
(2010)

- Weighted average over (θ, φ) – weight(θ, φ) = $L(\theta, \varphi) \otimes$ syst.
 - Systematics on BF_{sum} included (convolution of $L[BF]$ with 1D gaussian)
- In MC, “turn off” one K_1 at a time: $c_a^{(i)} f_{pa} + c_b^{(i)} f_{pb} \rightarrow 0$
 - Evaluate $corr_j(\theta, \varphi) = BF_j / BF_{sum}$ using MC ($j \neq i$)

Decay	BF ($\times 10^{-6}$)	S (σ)
$B^0 \rightarrow K_1(1270)^+ \pi^- + K_1(1400)^+ \pi^-$	31^{+8}_{-7}	7.5
$B^+ \rightarrow K_1(1270)^0 \pi^+ + K_1(1400)^0 \pi^+$	29^{+29}_{-17}	3.2
$B^0 \rightarrow K_1(1270)^+ \pi^-$	17^{+8}_{-11}	
$B^0 \rightarrow K_1(1400)^+ \pi^-$	17^{+7}_{-9}	
$B^0 \rightarrow K_{1A}^+ \pi^-$	14^{+9}_{-10}	
$B^+ \rightarrow K_1(1270)^0 \pi^+$	<40	
$B^+ \rightarrow K_1(1400)^0 \pi^+$	<39	
$B^+ \rightarrow K_{1A}^0 \pi^+$	<36	

$$\sum_i BF_i \neq BF_{sum}$$



a_1 and K_{1A} decay constants

- Agreement between f_{a1} values obtained by different methods:

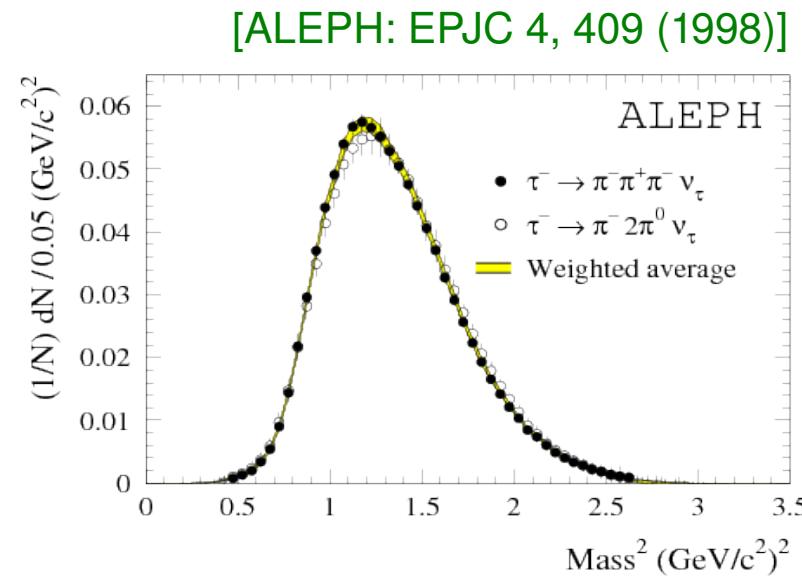
Method	f_{a1} (MeV)	Ref.
QCD sum rules	238 ± 10	[1]
$f_{K1(1270)} + \text{SU}(3)$	$215 - 223^*$	[2]
$\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu$	203 ± 18	[3]

* depends on K_1 mixing angle

[1] Yang: NPB 776, 187 (2007)

[2] Nardulli: Pham, PLB 623, 65 (2005)

[3] Bloch et al.: PRD 60, 111502R (1999)



- $|f_{K1(1270)}| = 175 \pm 19$ MeV from $\text{Br}[\tau \rightarrow K_1(1270) \nu]$

[ALEPH: EPJC 11, 599 (1999),

Cheng: PRD 67, 094007 (2003)]

- f_{K1A} calculated from quark model

- use $|f_{K1(1270)}|$ and $|f_{a1}| = 203$ MeV as input

[Cheng: PRD 69, 074025 (2004)]

θ_{K1}	$ f_{K1A} $ (MeV)
37°	293
58°	207



[Cheng, Yang: PRD 76, 114020 (2007)]

- Naive quark model estimate of $|f_{K1A}|$ variation with $\theta_{K1} = 58^\circ \rightarrow 72^\circ$
 $\Rightarrow |f_{K1A}|$ decreases by O(20 MeV)

(used in K-matrix)

Extraction of bounds on $\Delta\alpha$

PRD 81, 052009 (2010)

- MC trials: generate quantities from experimental distributions
 - For each set of values, solve system of inequalities for $\Delta\alpha$

$BF(a_1^\pm \pi^\mp) [10^{-6}]$	$BF(a_1^- K^+) [10^{-6}]$	$BF(a_1^+ K^0) [10^{-6}]$	$BF(K_{1A}^+ \pi^-) [10^{-6}]$	$BF(K_{1A}^0 \pi^+) [10^{-6}]$
$33.2 \pm 3.8 \pm 3.0$	$16.3 \pm 2.9 \pm 2.3$	$34.8 \pm 5.0 \pm 4.4$	14^{+9}_{-10}	< 36
f_π (MeV)	f_K (MeV)	f_{a_1} (MeV)	$f_{K_{1A}}$ (MeV)	θ [°]
130.4 ± 0.2	155.5 ± 0.9	203 ± 18	207 ± 20	72

$$\cos 2(\alpha_{\text{eff}}^\pm - \alpha) \geq (1 - 2R_\pm^0)/\sqrt{1 - (\mathcal{A}_{CP}^\pm)^2}$$

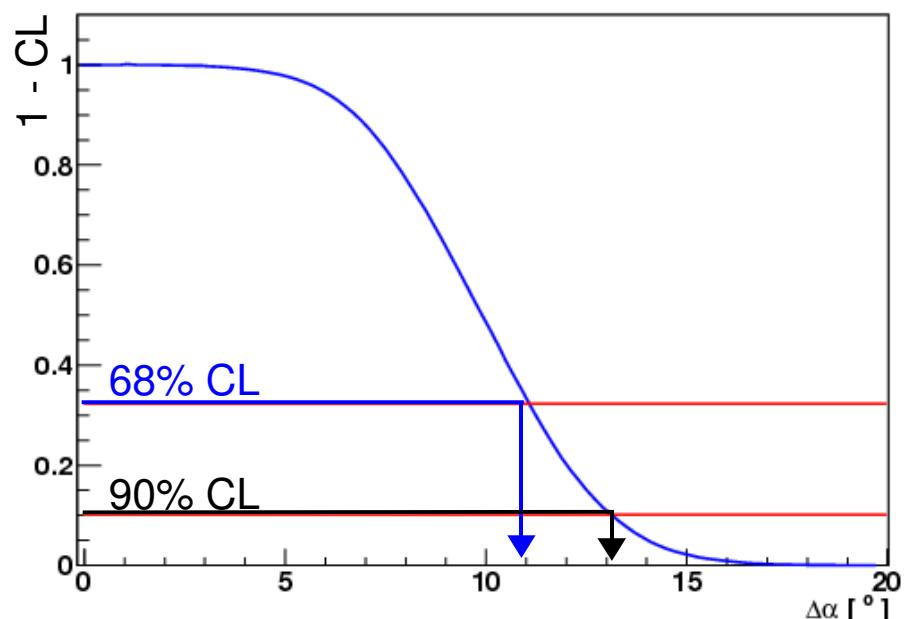
$$\cos 2(\alpha_{\text{eff}}^\pm - \alpha) \geq (1 - 2R_\pm^+)/\sqrt{1 - (\mathcal{A}_{CP}^\pm)^2}$$

$$(P/T)_{\rho\rho} < (P/T)_{a_1\pi} \lesssim (P/T)_{\rho\pi} < (P/T)_{\pi\pi}$$



$|\Delta\alpha| < 11^\circ$ @ 68% CL
 $\Delta\alpha < 13^\circ$ @ 90% CL

$\alpha = (79 \pm 7 \pm 11)^\circ$
 Selected solution compatible
 with global CKM fits



Summary and outlook

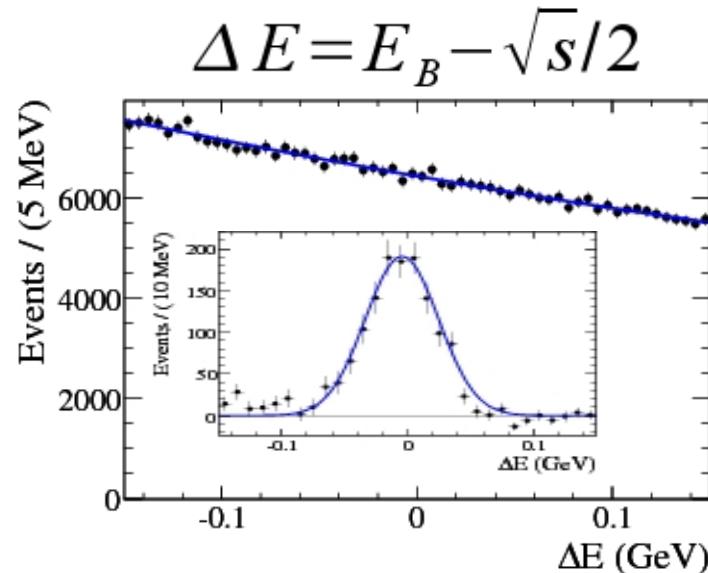
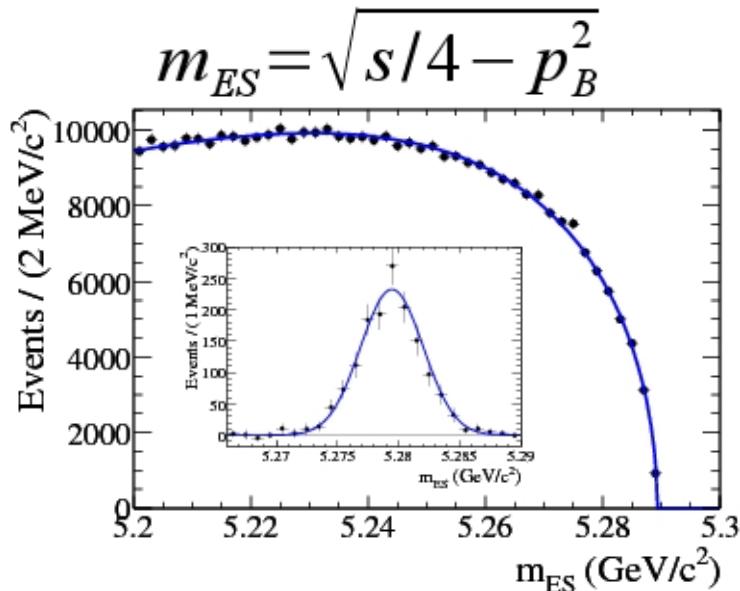
- BaBar measured α / ϕ_2 from $a_1 \pi + \text{SU}(3)$ to constrain penguins
 - 8 ambiguities, reduced to 2 with assumptions on strong phase δ
 - $\alpha_{\text{eff}} = [11 \pm 7]^\circ, [79 \pm 7]^\circ, |\alpha - \alpha_{\text{eff}}| < 11^\circ (13^\circ)$ at 68% (90%) CL
 - 4th independent measurement – awaiting for Belle results
- Will benefit from further input from theory and experiment:
 - Decay constants, K_1 mixing angle
 - Null tests of assumptions, e.g., $\text{BF}(B^0 \rightarrow K_1^\pm K^\mp)$ (annihilation)
- Future measurements at LHC-b and Super B-factories
 - Statistical error from TD analysis $\sim \rho\rho$
 - $(P/T)_{\rho\rho} < (P/T)_{a_1\pi} \leq (P/T)_{\rho\pi} < (P/T)_{\pi\pi}$
 - Resume full SU(3) fit? Could provide cross check of assumptions

Thank you!

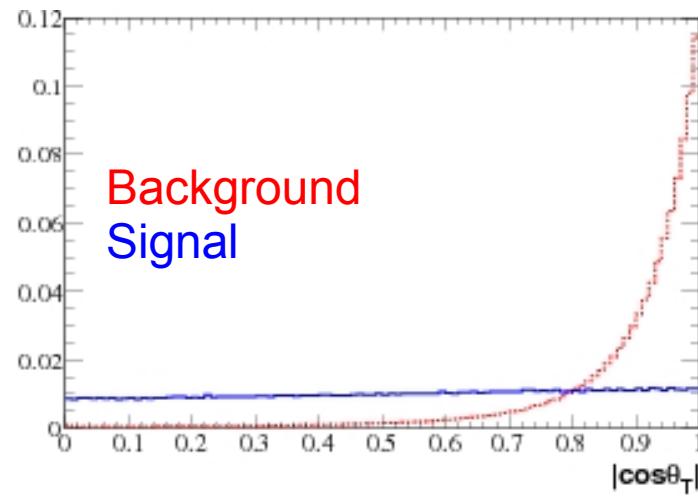
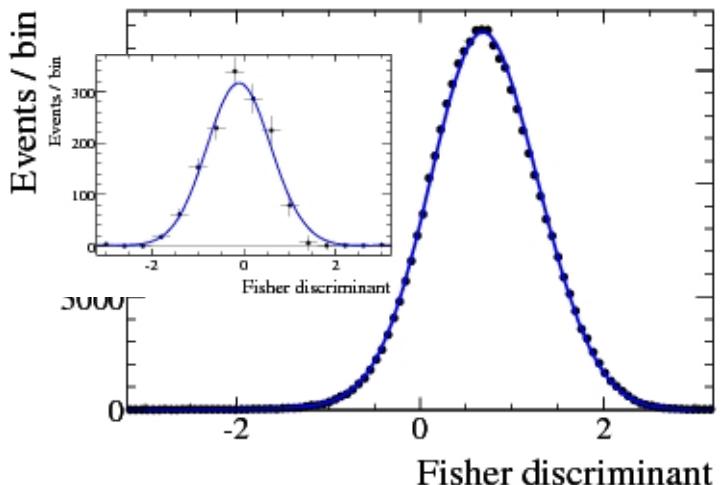
Backup

Charmless (quasi) two-body analysis

- Kinematic variables: energy substituted mass, energy difference



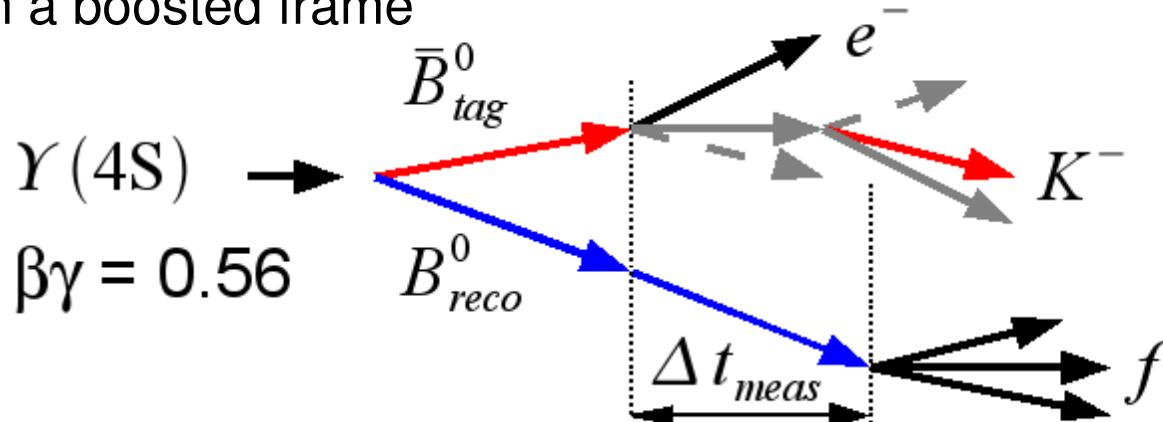
- Event shape: distinguish “jet-like” qq events and more isotropic B decays



- Extract the signal yield and CP asymmetries via an unbinned Maximum Likelihood fit to several observables

Time dependent analysis

B mesons are produced coherently
in a boosted frame



$$\gamma = 0.56$$

$$\beta\gamma = 0.56$$

$$\Delta t_{meas} = t_{reco} - t_{tag} \quad \Delta z = \beta\gamma c \Delta t_{meas} \approx 260 \mu m$$

Identify flavor and vertex
of the other B: NN based
tagging algorithm with
6 categories

Fully reconstruct
signal final state

$$F^\pm(\Delta t_{meas}) =$$

$$\frac{e^{-|\Delta t|/\tau}}{4\tau} \left\{ 1 \mp \frac{\Delta w \pm (1 - 2w)}{\sqrt{1 + 4w^2}} \left[S \sin(\Delta m_d \Delta t) - C \cos(\Delta m_d \Delta t) \right] \right\}$$

$$\otimes R(\Delta t_{meas} - \Delta t, \sigma_{\Delta t})$$

Include
tagging performance

Experimental Δt resolution: convolution with triple gaussian, with parameters obtained from a large sample of fully reconstructed B decays, and free to differ between tagging category