

# SLAC Activities for the CLIC X-Band Accelerator Structures

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# 1. Introduction



For three years since early 2007, these three labs have collaborated in the R&D of CLIC high gradient RF structures including Main Linac Structure and Power Extraction and Transfer Structure.

One of the most important feasibility demonstrations is operating a fully featured accelerating structure based on optimized X-band designs at 100 MV/m and the full pulse length with an appropriate breakdown rate. What We Are Contributing Based on Our 20 Years R&D in X-Band Accelerator Structures

- Experiences in accelerator electrical design.
- Experiences in accelerator mechanical design and fabrication technologies.
- Fabrication of test structures designed by CLIC, SLAC and KEK.
- Microwave tuning and characterizations of test structures.
- High power tests for test structures at 11424 MHz test stations.



# 2. Work in the Past

# Work Done Since the Collaboration

- 1. Eleven structures have been made and five high power tested
  - 1 x T28\_vg2.9 (T26) Structure Used T53VG3MC components and completed by the end of May, 2008 High power tested in the NLCTA since June 2008.
  - 4 x T18\_VG2.4\_DISC Structures #1, #2, #3, #4 Two with SLAC flanges, high power tested successfully at NLCTA One with KEK flanges has also been successfully tested at KEK
  - 2 x TD18\_VG2.4\_DISC Structures #1, #2 and High Power Tested Fabrication completed (one with SLAC flanges, one with KEK flanges)
  - C10 Structures: 2 x C10\_VG 1.35 #1, #2 and 2 x C10\_VG 0.7 #1, #2 Fabrication completed, one (VG1.35) of four structures preliminary tested

#### 2. Five CERN made test structures high power tested

SLAC Provided RF feed and related components for tank versions

- One HDX11 Cu Structure and One HDX11 Mo Structure Electrical polishing and reassembly and Microwave evaluation
- T18\_VG2.6\_QUAD Cooling tube flanges brazed at a hydrogen furnace with 25/75 Au/Cu alloy Four quadrant assemblies vacuum baked at 650°
- T18\_VG2.6\_DISK Assembled in the tank at SLAC
- T24\_VG2.4\_DISK Assembled in the tank at SLAC

# Some CERN made Structures Tested at SLAC







#### Some of KEK/SLAC Made Accelerator Structures for Testing CLIC Main Linac Design

#### T18\_VG2.4\_DSC with SLAC Flanges





#### TD18\_VG2.4\_DISC with SLAC Flanges





TD18\_VG2.4\_DISC with KEK Flanges



Test	Structure	Note	Performance
4/08 – 7/08 NLCTA	T18_VG2.4_DISK-I	Cells by KEK, Assembled at SLAC	105 MV/m, 230 ns at LC BDR spec of 5x10 <sup>-7</sup> /pulse/m but hot cell developed
7/08 – 10/08 NLCTA	T18_VG2.4_DISK-I	Powered from Downstream End	163 MV/m, 80 ns, 2x10⁻⁵ BDR in last cell, consistent with forward operation
6/09 – 9/09 NLCTA	T18_VG2.4_DISK-III	Cells by KEK, Assembled at SLAC	Similar like T18vg2.6-Disk-I with low breakdown rate at 110 MV/m, 230 ns
12/09 – now NLCTA	TD18_VG2.4_DISK	Cells by KEK, Assembled at SLAC	100 MV/m, 200 ns at BDR of 3x10 <sup>-5</sup> /pulse/m with 4000 hours processing



# 3. How the Structure Are Made

# SLACE Fabrication of Accelerator Parts

- 1. National Laboratories
- SLAC
- KEK
- 2. Private Vendors
- US
- Robertson Precision, Inc.
- Japan
  Morikawa co.
- Europe
- VDL Enabling Technologies Group (Netherland)



#### Lathe with Twin Spindles and Twin Turrets Profile tolerance 5 µm and Surface finishing 300 - 400 nm

# ZYGO Surface Flatness Measurement for Typical Cups of T18\_VG2.4\_DISC

#### **Both sides show ~ 1 micron flatness**





14D-C



17D-C



#### 16D-A

# **Cleaning of Accelerator Parts**

For accelerator structure parts with single diamond tuning surfaces:

- 1. Vapor degrease in 1,1,1 trichloroethane or equivalent degreaser for 5 minutes.
- 2. Alkaline soak clean in Enbond Q527 for 5 minutes at 180°F.
- 3. Cold tap water rinse for 2 minutes.
- 4. Immense in 50% hydrochloric acid at room temperature for 1 minutes.
- 5. Cold tap water rinse for 1 minute.
- 6. Immense in the following solution for maximum of 5 seconds depending on the surface finish required:

Phosphoric Acid, 75%	21 gallons
Nitric Acid, 42° Baume	7 gallons
Acetic Acid, Glacial	2 gallons
Hydrochloric Acid	12.6 fluid ounces
Temperature	Room

- 7. Cold tap water rinse for minimum of 2 minutes until the film on part disappears.
- 8. Ultrasonic in DI Water for 1 minute.
- 9. Ultrasonic in new, clean alcohol for 1 minute.
- 10. Final Rinse to be done in new, clean alcohol.
- 11. Hold in clean alcohol in stainless steel containers.
- 12. Dry in a clean room using filtered N2.

#### For accelerator structure parts with regular machining surfaces:

6. Immense in the following solution for maximum of 30-60 seconds depending on the surface finish required:

## Stacking for Body Bonding of T18\_vg2.4\_DISC



# Diffusion Bonding of T18\_vg2.4\_DISC



Pressure: 60 PSI (60 LB for this structure disks) Holding for 1 hour at 1020° C

# Brazing of QUAD with Water Flange



Au/Cu Alloy: 25/75 Brazing temperature: 1041-1045° C HEAT: 12551

# First Assembly Brazing of T18\_vg2.4\_DISC



Body / Two Coupler Assemblies / Cooling/One Beam Pipe / Tuning Studs



Brazing temperature: 1021-1025° C

# Final Brazing of T18\_vg2.4\_DISC



Brazing temperature: 979-983° C Adding One Beam Pipe

# Flange Welding for a T18\_VG2.4\_DISK Structure



# **Microwave Tuning and Characterization**



J. Lewandowski

# Vacuum Baking of T18\_vg2.4\_DISC



650° C 10 days



# 4. Some Test Results at SLAC



Frequency.	11.424GHz
Cells	18+input+output
Filling Time	36 ns
a <sub>in</sub> /a <sub>out</sub>	4.06 / 2.66 mm
Vg <sub>in</sub> /Vg <sub>out</sub>	2.61 / 1.02 (%c)
S <sub>11</sub>	0.035
S <sub>21</sub>	0.8
Phase	120Deg
Average Unloaded Gradient	55.5MW→100MV/m



# Microwave Characterization of T18\_VG2.4\_DISC Structure



#### Microwave Tuning and test



#### T18\_VG2.4\_DISC-III at NLCTA for High Power Test





# T18\_VG2.4\_DISK High Power Test





### Breakdown Rate Characteristics at Different Conditioning Time



This performance *maybe* good enough for 100MV/m structure for a warm collider, however, it does not yet contain all necessary features such as wake field damping. Future traveling wave structure designs will also have better efficiencies



# Breakdown Distribution along Structure at Different Stages





Frequency.	11.424GHz
Cells	18+input+output
Filling Time	43 ns
a <sub>in</sub> /a <sub>out</sub>	4.02 / 2.66 mm
Vg <sub>in</sub> /Vg <sub>out</sub>	2.24 / 0.87 (%c)
S <sub>11</sub>	0.02
S <sub>21</sub>	0.74
Phase	120Deg
Average Unloaded Gradient	64.4MW→100MV/m



# TD18\_VG2.4\_DISK Characterization

#### Frequency=11.42166 GHz 20.52°C, N<sub>2</sub>





# TD18\_VG2.4\_DISK High Power Test





# Breakdown Evolution with RF process









# Breakdown distribution at different stage





# RF Properties Comparison for T18 and TD18





# RF Process Results Comparison fot T18 and TD18





# 5. Scope for Future Work



# Work in the Near Future

1. Three more C10 Structures 1xVG1.35 and 2xVG0.7 Microwave tuning and High power testing 2. Four more C10 Structures 2xVG2.25 and 2xVG3.3 All parts ordered SLAC Assembly, tuning and High power testing 3. T24 VG1.8 DISK #3, #4 KEK made parts, assembly at SLAC High Power Testing at SLAC and KEK 4. TD24 VG1.8 DISK #4, #5 KEK made parts, assembly at SLAC High Power Testing at SLAC and KEK 5. T18 VG2.4 DISK #6 **CERN** made similar like KEK/SLAC fabrication High power testing at SLAC 6. TD24 VG1.8 DISK CFRN made High power testing at SLAC or CERN 7. C10 2 x VG1.35#1, #2 KEK fabrication with SLAC mode convertors Assembly, Tuning art SLAC and High power testing at SLAC/KEK 8. CD10 2 x VG1.35#1, #2 KEK fabrication with SLAC mode convertors Assembly, Tuning art SLAC and High power testing at SLAC/KEK