

High-Energy Beam Transport for ESS (WP7)

Søren Pape Møller 4th SPL - Lund – 2010/06/30



Index



- Work Package 7 description
- Some input for reflection
 - I Previous ESS
 - II SNS
 - III Particle therapy



Work Package 7 Description



- Design of High Energy Beam Transport system.
- Define standards for the normal conducting magnets
- Define standards for the corresponding power converters
- Beam dumps and collimators for the whole Linac. (dump→target division)



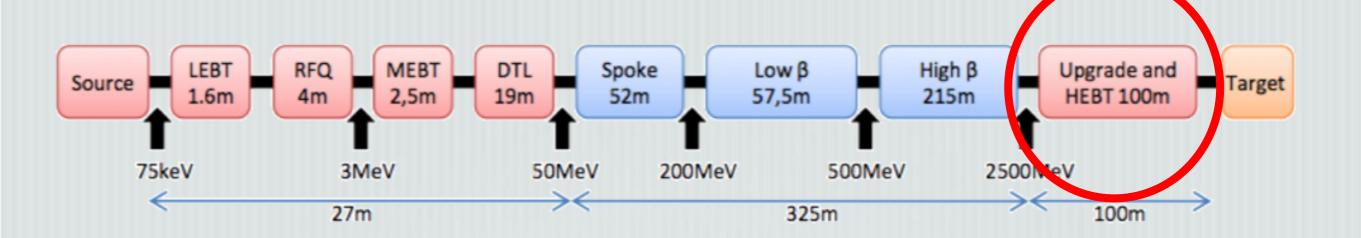
Apologies



- Today, no definite descriptions and designs can be presented
- Only some ideas and some "alike" setups and scenarios can be presented to inspire better ideas.



100 m HEBT



	Length (m)	Input Energy (MeV)	Frequency (MHz)	Geometric β	# of Sections	Temp (K)
RFQ	4	75×10^{-3}	352.2		1	≈ 300
DTL	19	3	352.2		3	≈ 300
Spoke	52	50	352.2	0.45	14 (3c)	≈ 2
Low Beta	57.5	200	704.4	0.63	10 (4c)	≈ 2
High Beta	215	500	704.4	0.75	19 (8c)	≈ 2
HEBT	100	2500				



Purpose of HEBT



- Transport beam to main target
- Beam expander/spreader
- Diagnostics of beam from linac
- Halo collimation
- Future upgrades:
 HEBT to second target station
 more rf-modules for power upgrade/reliability/
 ?
- Linac beam dump de-coupled from target building?



Linac beam dump

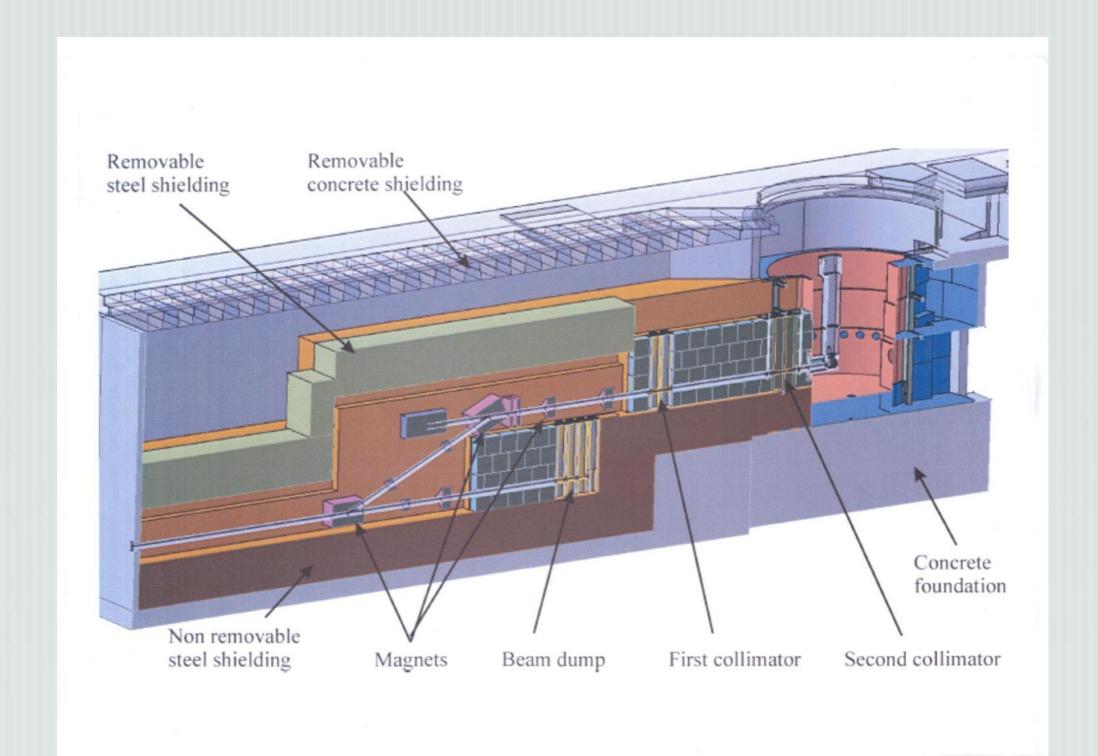


- Limited to < 5 MW due to cost? (SNS 200 kW)
- Decoupled from main target would give time for target installation etc. during initial phases of linac commissioning
- Dump at same/above/below main target level?



2003 ESS

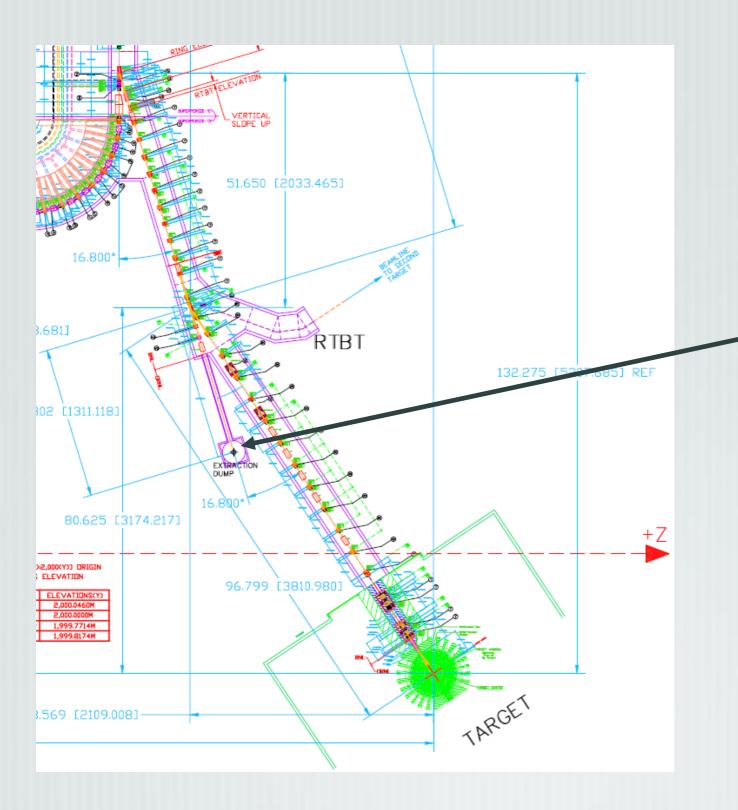






SNS





200 kW linac beam dump



Main target station

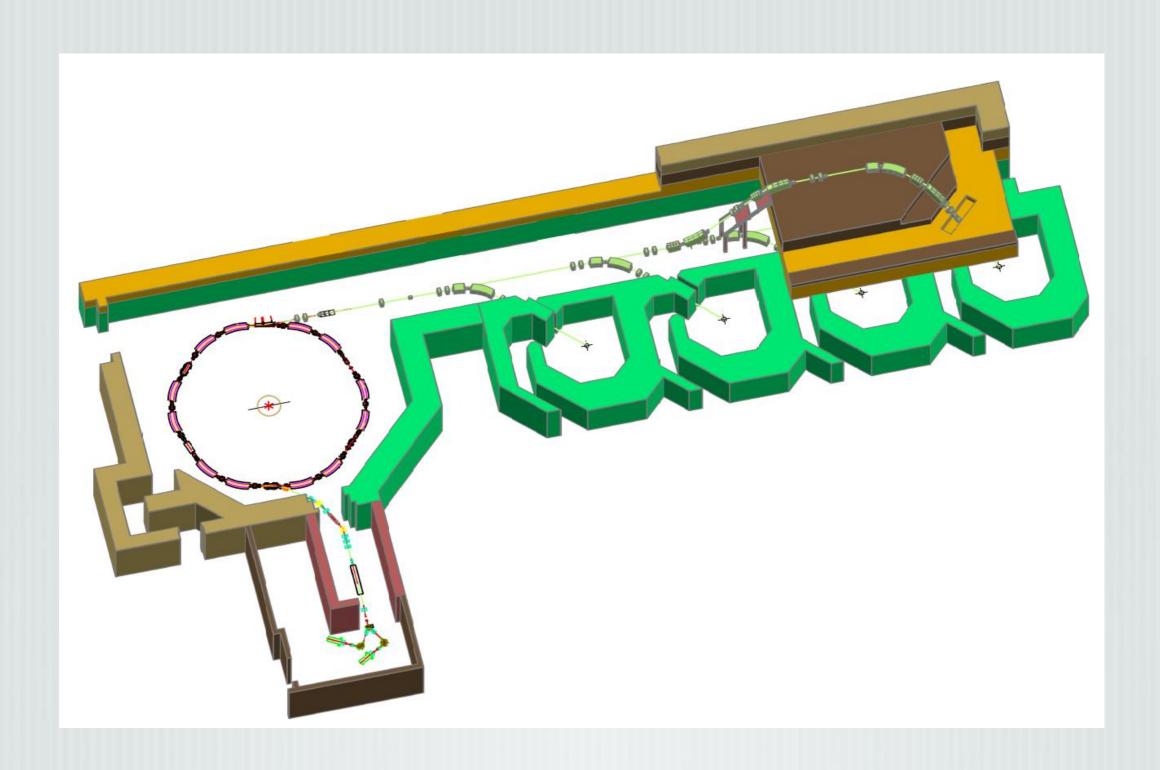


- Horisontal beam to target
- Vertical/semi-vertical/? beam to target
 - beneficial for liquid target (beam window)
 - better azimuthal angular range for beamlines
 - not a small magnet system!
 - SuperConducting?
 - expander/spreader?
 - collimation/backstreaming n etc.



Marburg PT facility





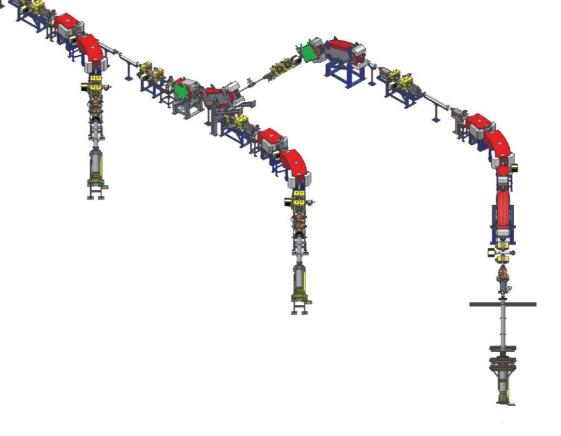


7 Tm PT semi-vertical beamline



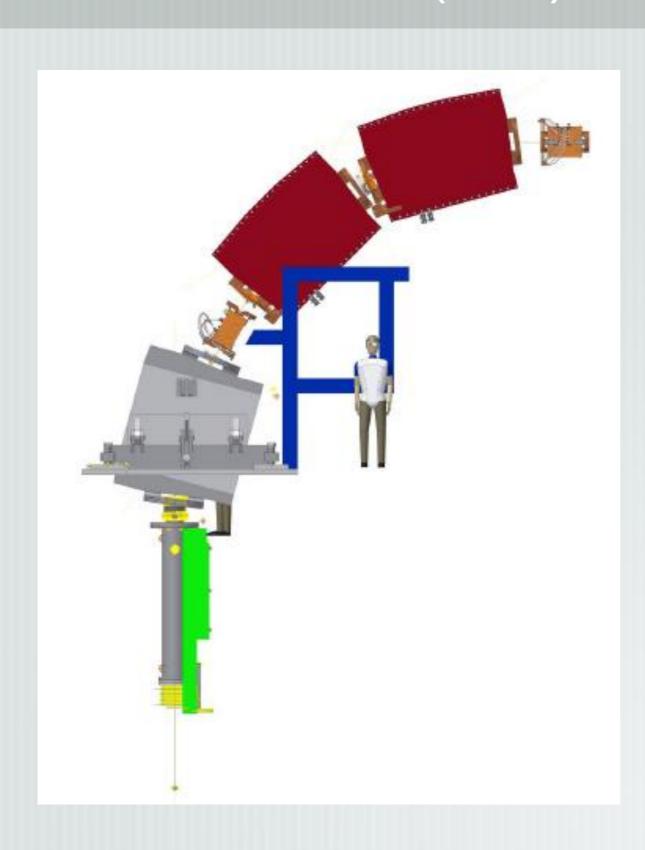


Height 8m 7 Tm; we need 11 Tm



Vertical (90°) PT beamline





Height 8m 7 Tm; we need 11 Tm 13+13+24 t



Normal conducting magnets



- Standardisation
- DC/pulsed
- Warm quads/steerers/BD in linac? Warm intermediate sections needed anyway for valves? Heatload from cold-warm transitions small?
- Rad. Hardness, at least near target
- Design for 10 years operational costs in design:
 Cu/Fe

 kWh Permanent magnets?
- Design for "hot/warm" cooling water



Power converters



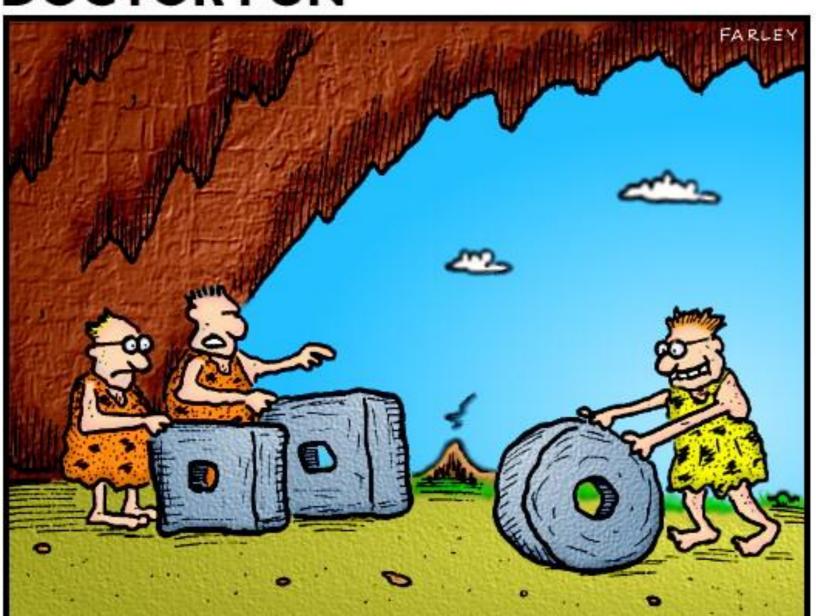
- Standardisation
- Choice of technology
- DC ↔ pulsed?
- Design for 10 years operational costs in design
- Design for "hot/warm" cooling water



Conclusions?



DOCTOR FUN



15 Feb 94

pinions expressed herein are not those of the University of Chicago Usenet for personal viewing only.

"Look! Borg get upgrade already!"

