First Data from the TOTEM experiment at LHC

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TOTEM Physics goals

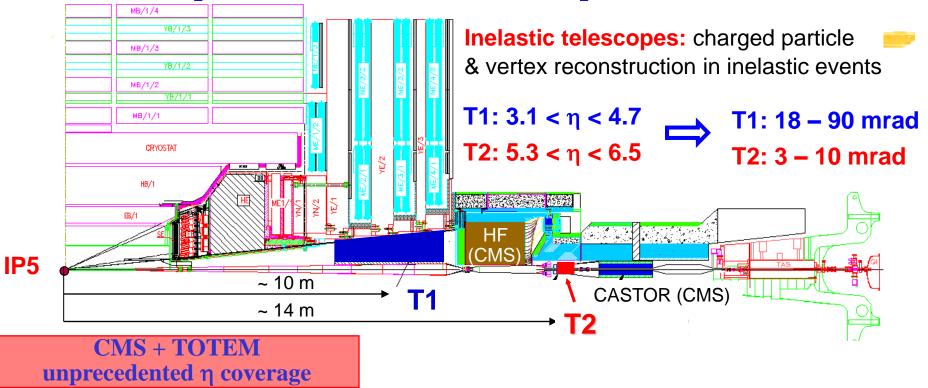
TOTEM

- σ_{TOT}^{pp} with a precision $\sim 1-2\%$, simultaneously measuring:
 - N_{el} down to -t ~10⁻³ GeV²
 - N_{inel} with losses < 3%
- Elastic pp scattering in the range $10^{-3} < |t| \sim (p\theta)^2 < 10 \text{ GeV}^2$
- Soft diffraction (SD and DPE)
- Particle flow in the forward region (cosmic ray MC validation/tuning)

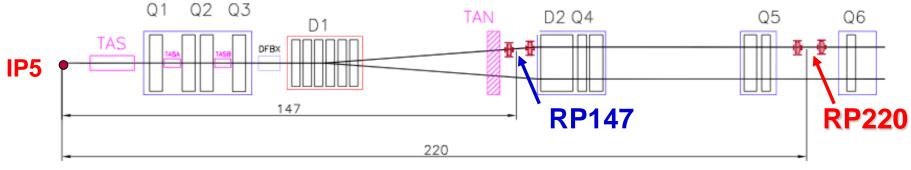
TOTEM & CMS

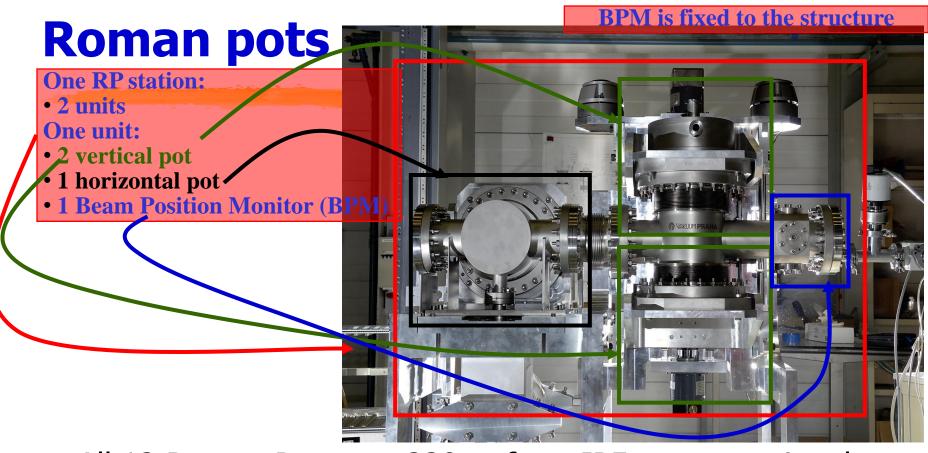
- Soft and hard diffraction in SD and DPE (production of jets, bosons, h.f.)
- Central exclusive particle production
- Low-x physics
- Particle and energy flow in the forward region

Experimental Setup @ IP5



Roman Pots: measure elastic & diffractive protons close to outgoing beam





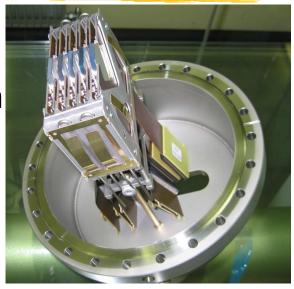
- All 12 Roman Pots at ±220 m from IP5 are operational (data with active triggers)
- RP147 detector assemblies to be installed in winter technical stop.
- Until June: data were taken with RP220 in retracted position.

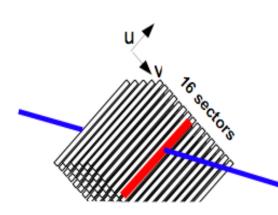
Roman Pots

One pot:

- 10 edgeless Si detectors
- Arranged in 5 planes (u & v views)

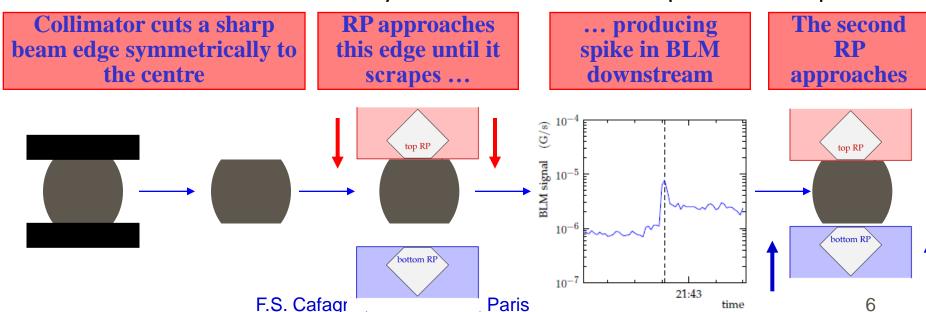
- Motor and interlock system commissioned
 - Run with the beam in retracted position
 - Measurement of beam latency parameters
 - Trigger commissioning
 - DAQ commissioning
 - Track reconstruction
- Insertion and alignment in sectors 4-5 & 5-6 @ 450GeV
- Trigger:
 - 3 out of 5 planes inclusive
 - Monitor via scalers
 - More restrictive triggers in progress





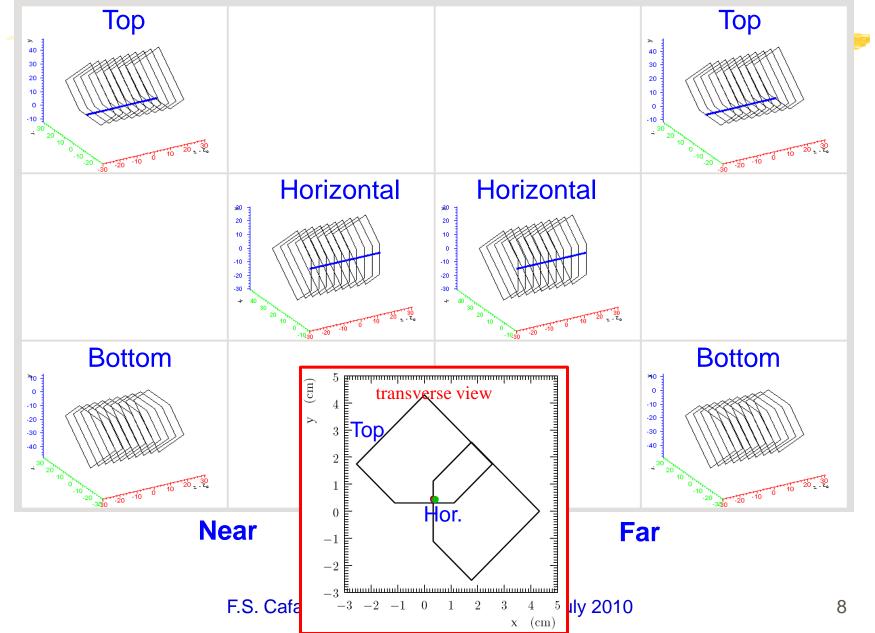
RP alignment w.r.t. the Beam Centre

- Alignment is the central problem of Roman Pot measurements:
 - Done at 450 GeV on the 25th of June
- LHC collimation system produces sharp beam edges:
 - used to align Roman Pots and to determine the centre of the beam
 - same procedure as collimator setup
- When both top and bottom pots "feel" the edge:
 - they are at the same number of sigmas from the beam centre as the collimator
 - the beam centre is exactly in the middle between top and bottom pot



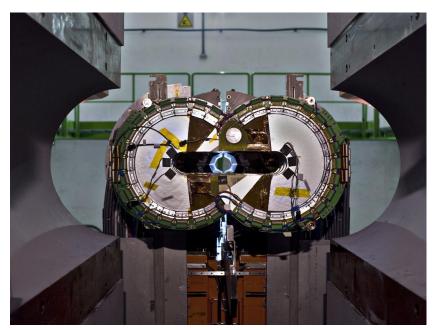
RP alignment @ 450 GeV
Start with primary collimator at 4.9 o \rightarrow beam edge at 4.9 σ y_{RP} [mm] **RP 4-5 (-220m) Near – TOP @ 4.9σ** -5 Time after 18:00 [min] RP approach $\begin{array}{cc} BLM \ [Gy/s] \\ ^{10} \\ ^{10} \end{array}$ Beam Loss Monitor (BLM) $(in \ge 100 \mu m steps)$ BLM @ 221 m BLM @ 225 m **RP 4-5 (-220m)** Time after 18:00 [min] Near-BOTTOM @ -4.9σ Rate [kHz] RP trigger rate Time after 18:00 [min]

A Single Track Event in RP



T2 Detector

All T2 GEM chambers on both sides of IP5 installed and operational (data & trigger)

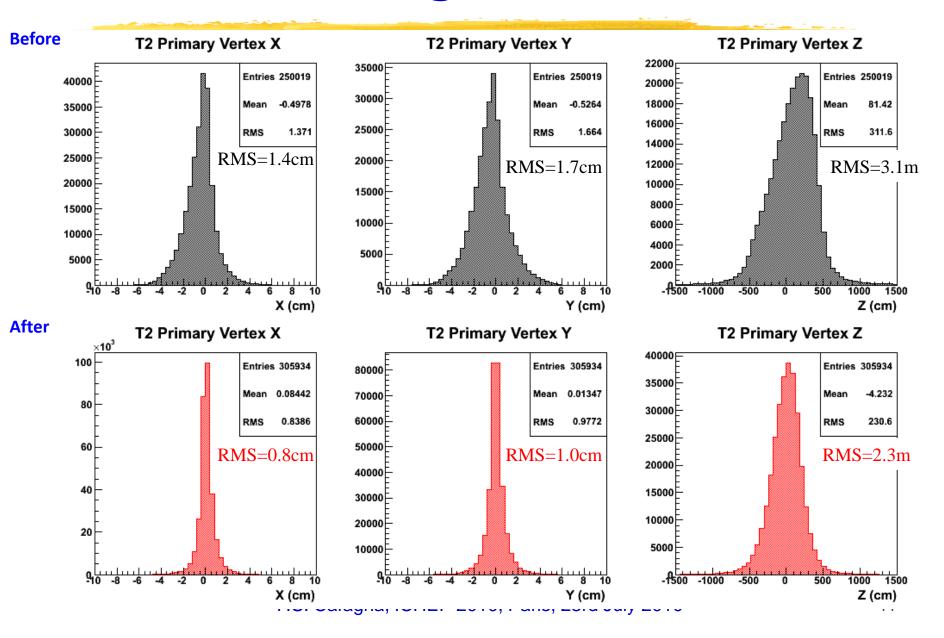


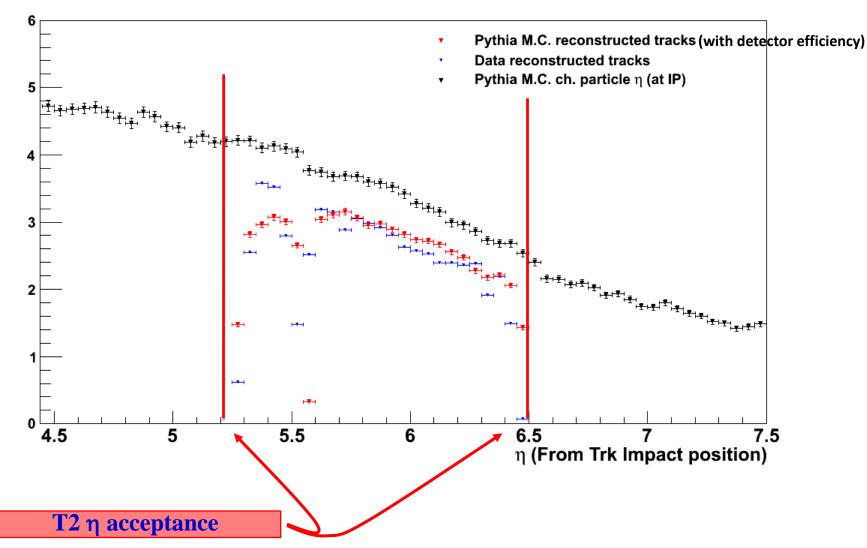


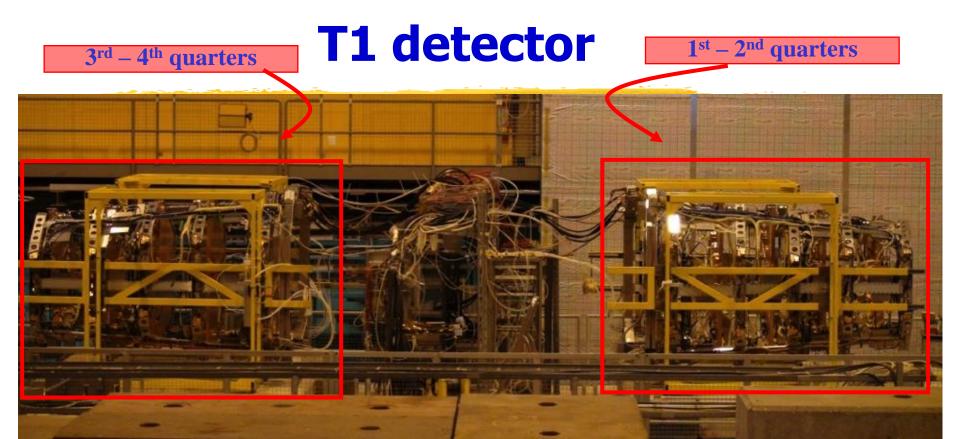
T2 event @ 7TeV



T2 alignment



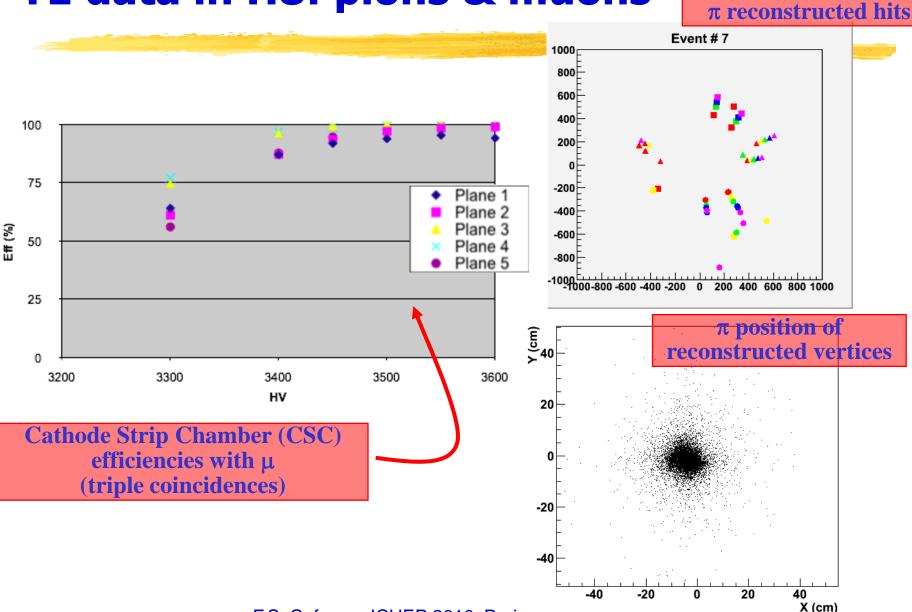




- Both arms are completely assembled and equipped in the test beam line H8.
- Successfully tested with pion and muon beams in May – June

Both telescope arms ready for installation F.S. Cafagna, ICHEP 2010, Paris, 23rd July 2010

T1 data in H8: pions & muons



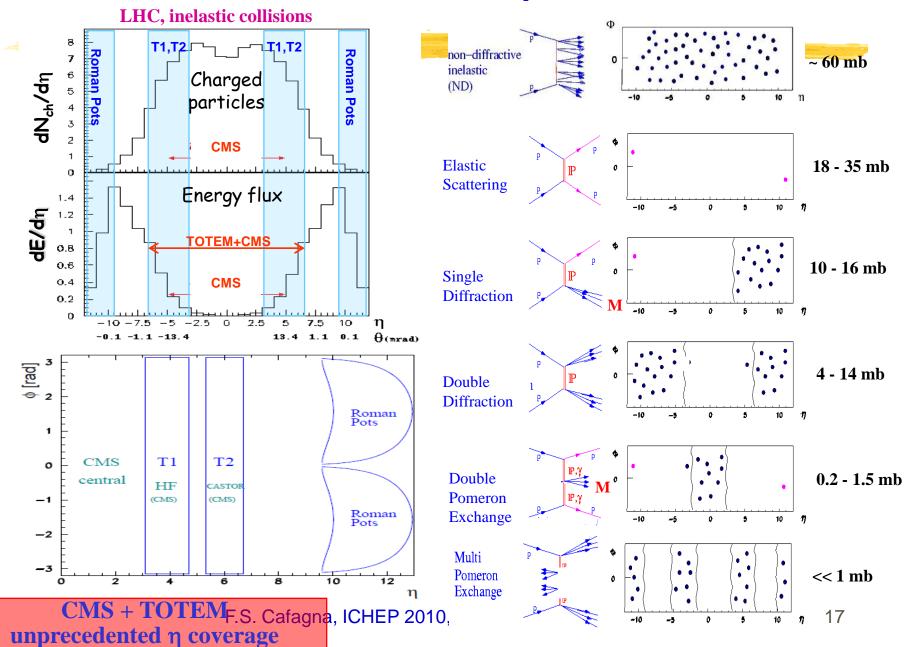
Physics plans

- Physics at $\sqrt{s} \approx 7$ TeV with low β^* (= 2 5 m) optics:
 - forward charge particles studies with T2
 - large |t| elastic scattering
 - high mass SD & CD
- Physics at $\sqrt{s} \approx 7$ TeV with short $\beta^* = 90$ m runs:
 - early measurement of σtot @ 5-6 %
 - elastic scattering in wider |t|range (|t| > 0.015 GeV2)
 - SD & CD @ any M
 - classification of inelastic events:
 - inelastic rates
 - process dependent forward charged multiplicity

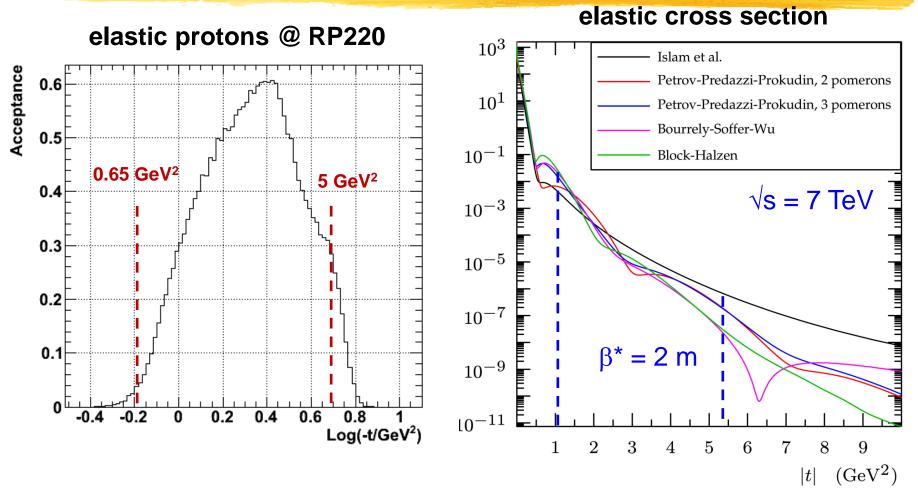
THANKS !!!

Spares

Event Topology & η coverage



Elastic protons, $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, $\beta^* = 2$ m, RP220



e.g. PPP3, 3 pomeron model: $\sigma_{acc} \approx 4 \mu b$

Acceptance & rates $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV } \& \beta^* = 2 \text{m}$

RP @ 10 σ_{beam} + 0.5 mm

β* [m]	Process	RP accepted σ [mb]	Accepted rate @ L = 5 *10 ³⁰ / s·cm ² [Hz]**	<events bx=""> @ L_{bx} = 10²⁵ /s·cm^{2**}</events>	Acceptance range in t [GeV ²] or ξ [%]
2	Elastic scattering (PPP3*)	0.004	20	0.00004	~0.6< t < ~5
2	SD, Pythia	2.4	12k	0.024	0.02 ≤ ξ ≤ 0.2
2	CD, Phojet	0.05	250	0.0005	$0.02 \le \xi \le 0.2$
2	Min bias, Pythia	60	300k	0.6	$N_{track,T2} \ge 1$

**
$$N_{bunch} = 43$$
, $N_{p/bunch} = 5 \cdot 10^{10} \& \beta^* = 2 \text{ m} \Rightarrow L_{bx} = 10^{25} \text{ cm}^{-2}$

^{*} PPP3: Petrov-Predazzi-Prokudin model, 3 pomeron

Large |t| elastic scattering @ low β^*



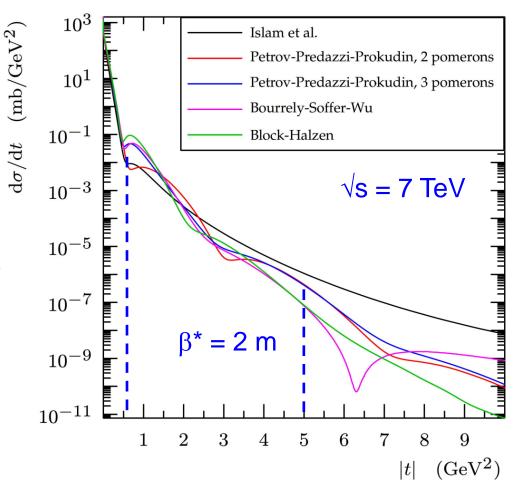


trigger: RP_{vert,45} & RP_{vert,56} rate ~ few 10 Hz (RP @10 σ_{beam} $\beta^* = 2$ m, N_b = 43 & N_o/b = 5 ×10¹⁰)

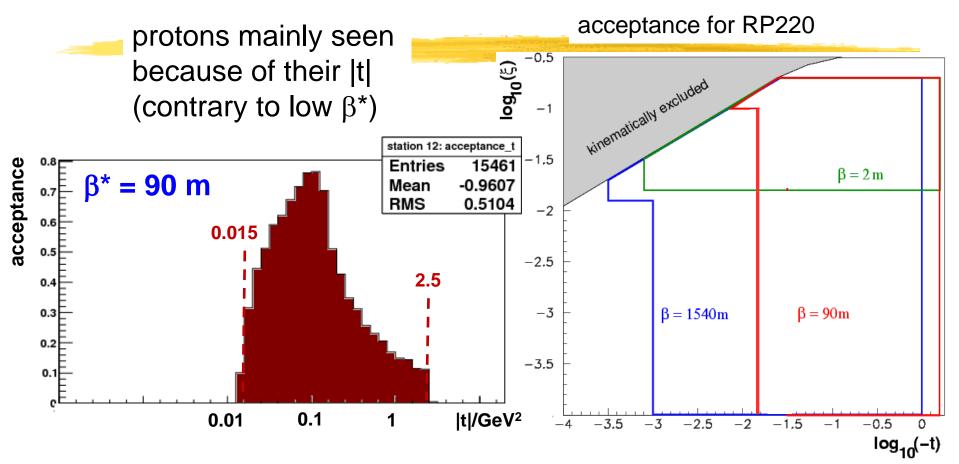
At larger |t| σ several order of magnitude smaller (~ mHz) ⇒ dedicated long runs with vertical pots at largest possible luminosity

$$\sigma(|t|) = 0.1 - 0.5 \text{ GeV}^2 (\infty \sqrt{|t|})$$

elastic cross section

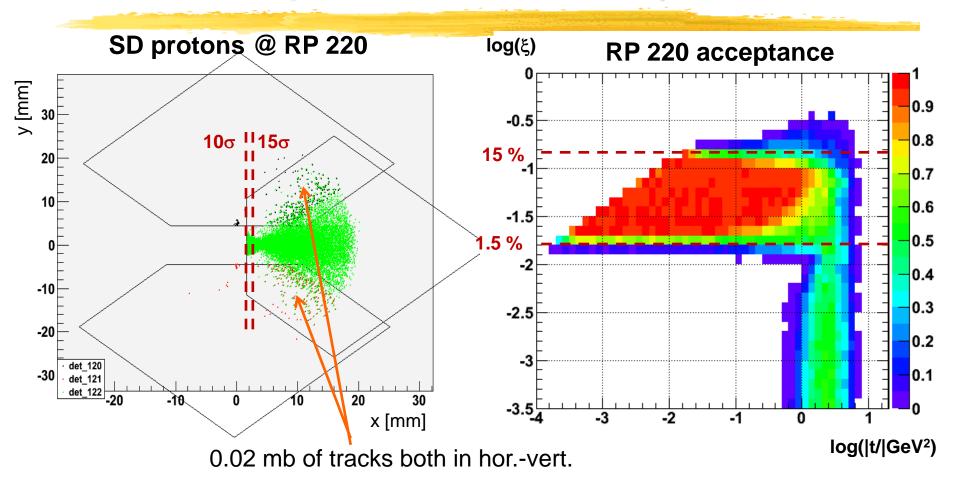


Physics with $\beta^* = 90 \text{ m}$



- Total cross section measurement at ± 5 − 6 %
- Elastic scattering: 0.015 < |t| < 2.5 GeV²
- Soft diffraction: all M 65 % of diffractive protons seen
- Classification of inelastic events: rates & multiplicity
 F.S. Cafagna, ICHEP 2010, Paris, 23rd July 2010

Diffractive protons, $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, $\beta^* = 2$ m, RP220



Pythia SD: $\sigma_{acc,sd} \approx 1.2 \text{ mb } (\times 2) / \sigma_{sd} \approx 13.7 \text{ mb}$

Phojet CD: $\sigma_{acc,cd} \approx 0.05 \text{ mb} / \sigma_{cd} \approx 1.33 \text{ mb}$

T2 Data

