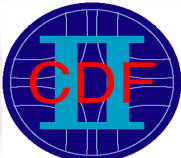



Search for Leptoquarks and Technicolor at the Tevatron

Gérald Grenier
Université Lyon 1, IPN Lyon, IN2P3

ICHEP 2010, Paris, July 22nd-28th 2010

On behalf of the  and  collaborations

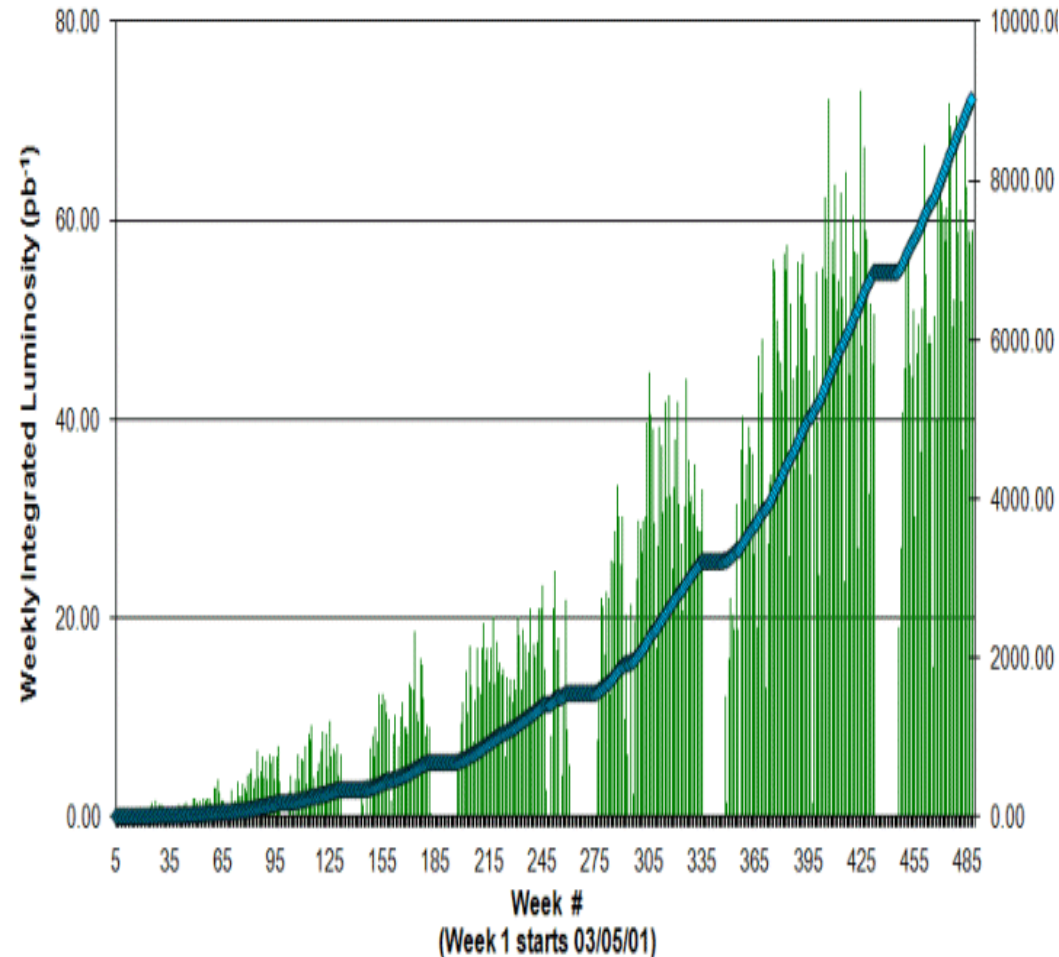
Tevatron luminosity

Run II (2001-ongoing) $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV

Current peak luminosity $\sim 3.5 \times 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

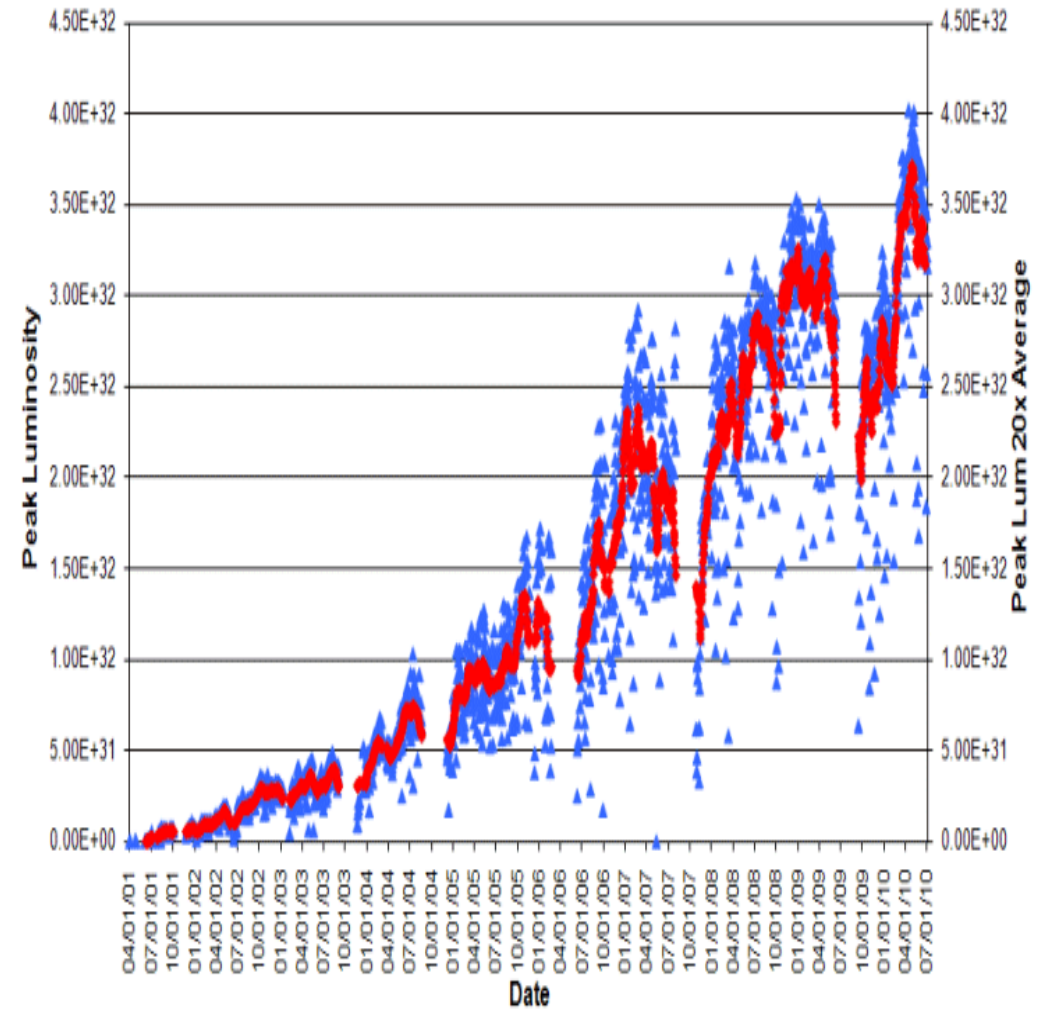
Both experiments have now $\sim 8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ on tape.

Collider Run II Integrated Luminosity



Weekly Integrated Luminosity Run Integrated Luminosity

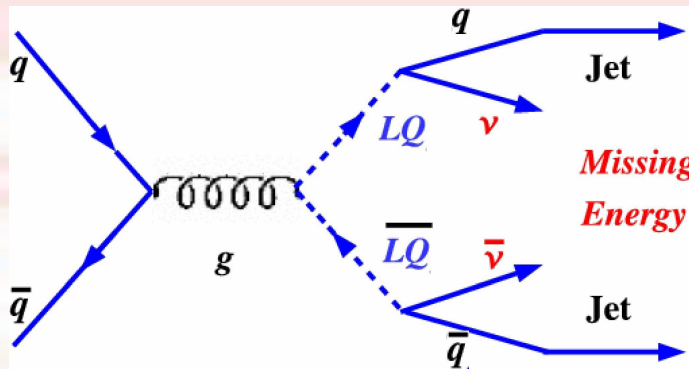
Collider Run II Peak Luminosity



Peak Luminosity Peak Lum 20x Average

New interactions (scalar or vector) with quark-lepton-leptoquark vertices.
 All predicted leptoquarks (LQ) are color triplets.

TeVatron studies assume **leptoquark pair production through gluon s-channel.**



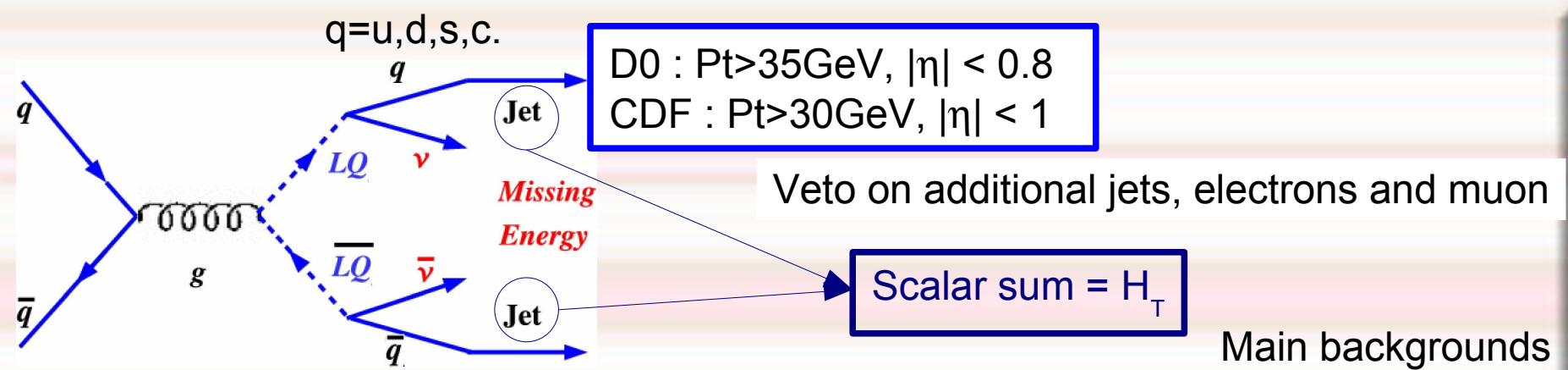
followed by decay in quark+lepton

Scalar LQ production depends only on LQ mass.

Vector LQ production depend on LQ masses and anomalous couplings κ_G and λ_G .

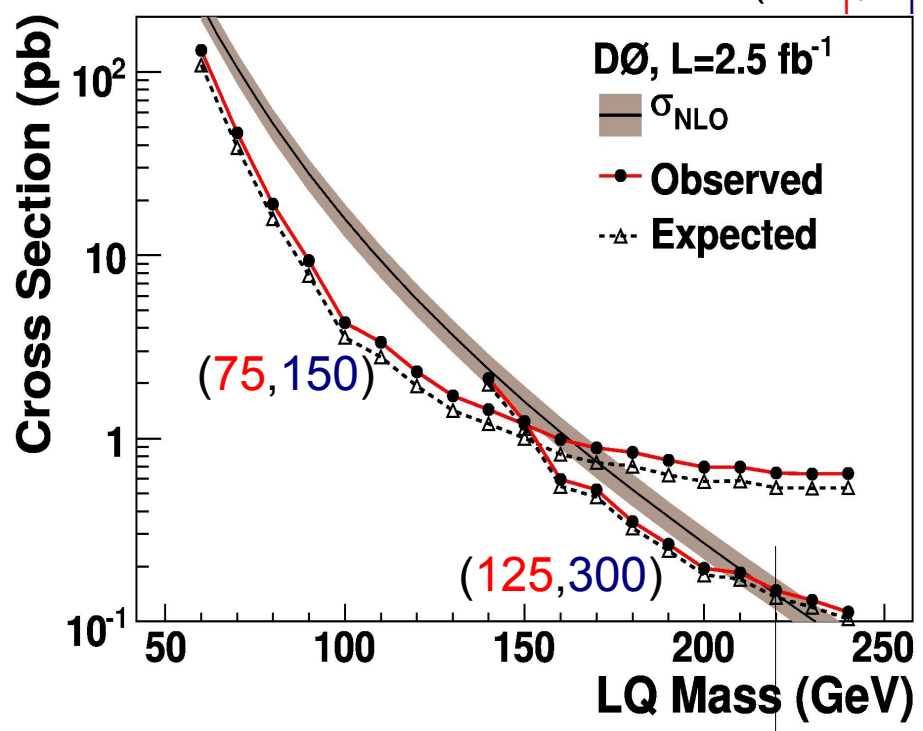
Vector LQ production > scalar LQ production.

LQ → qv

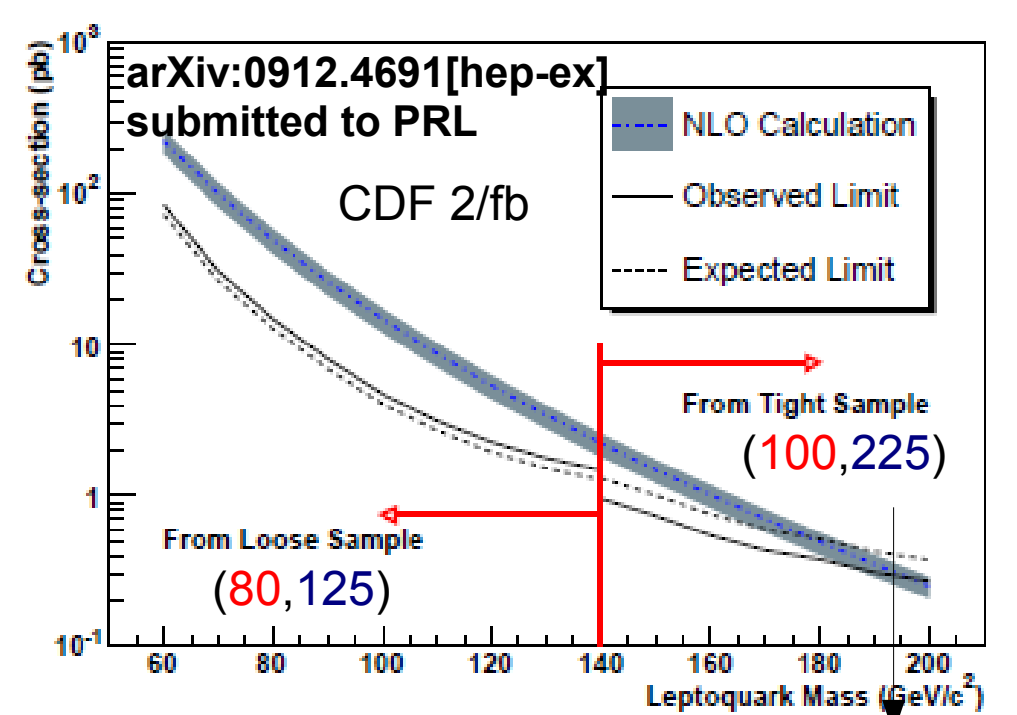


PLB 668, 357 (2008)

$(ME_T, H_T) > (X, Y)$ GeV



$M_{LQ} > 214$ GeV

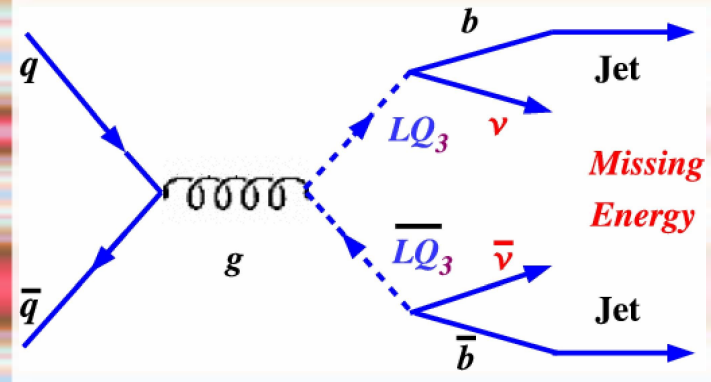


$M_{LQ} > 187$ GeV

p4

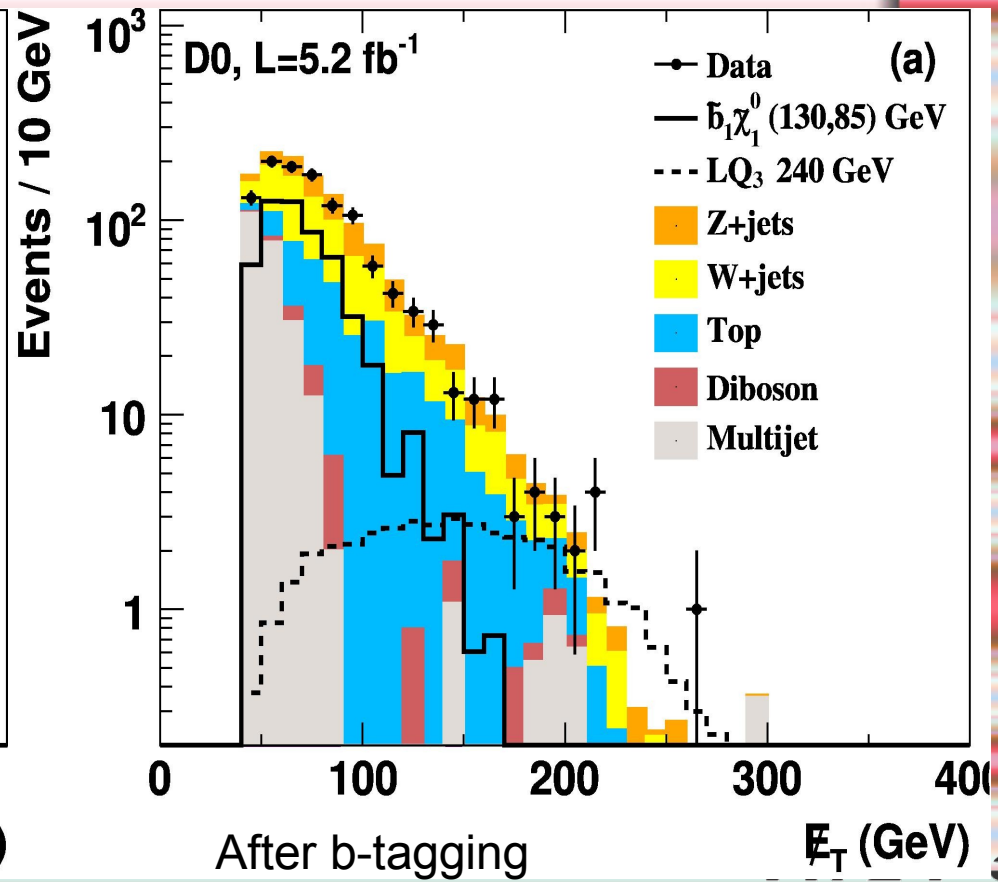
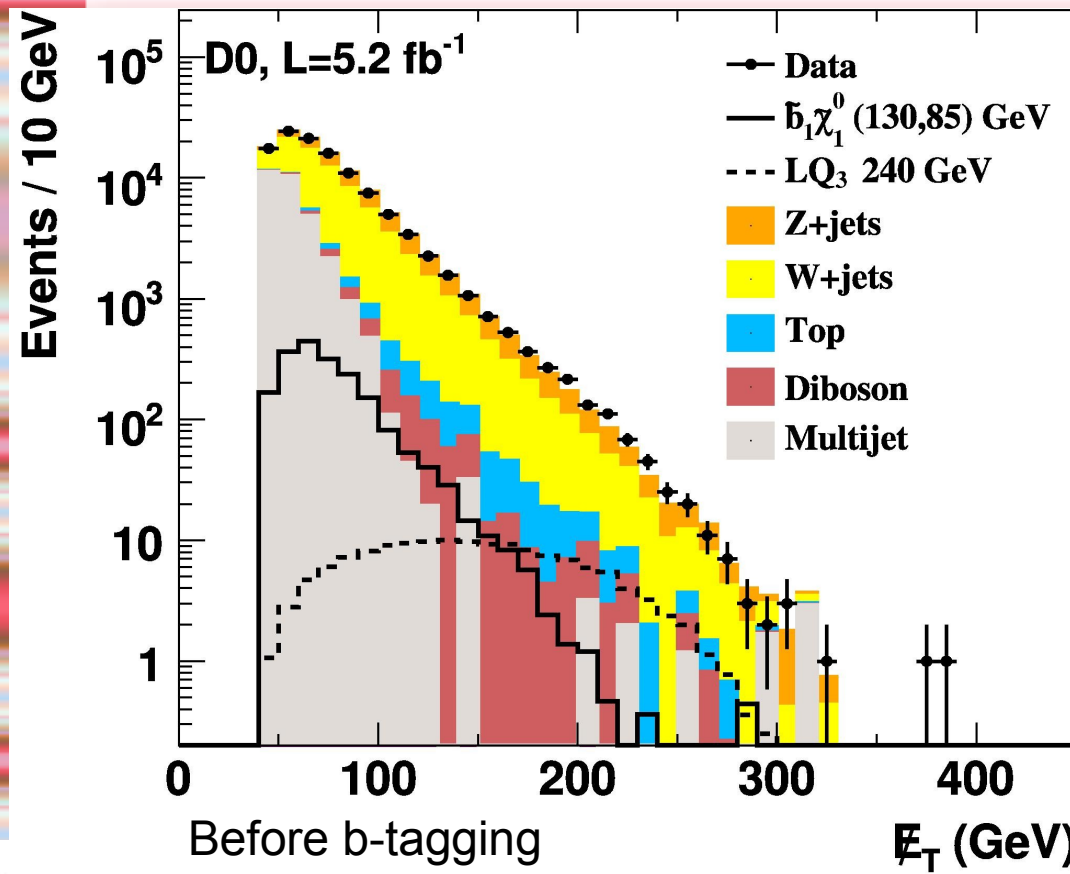
LQ → bv

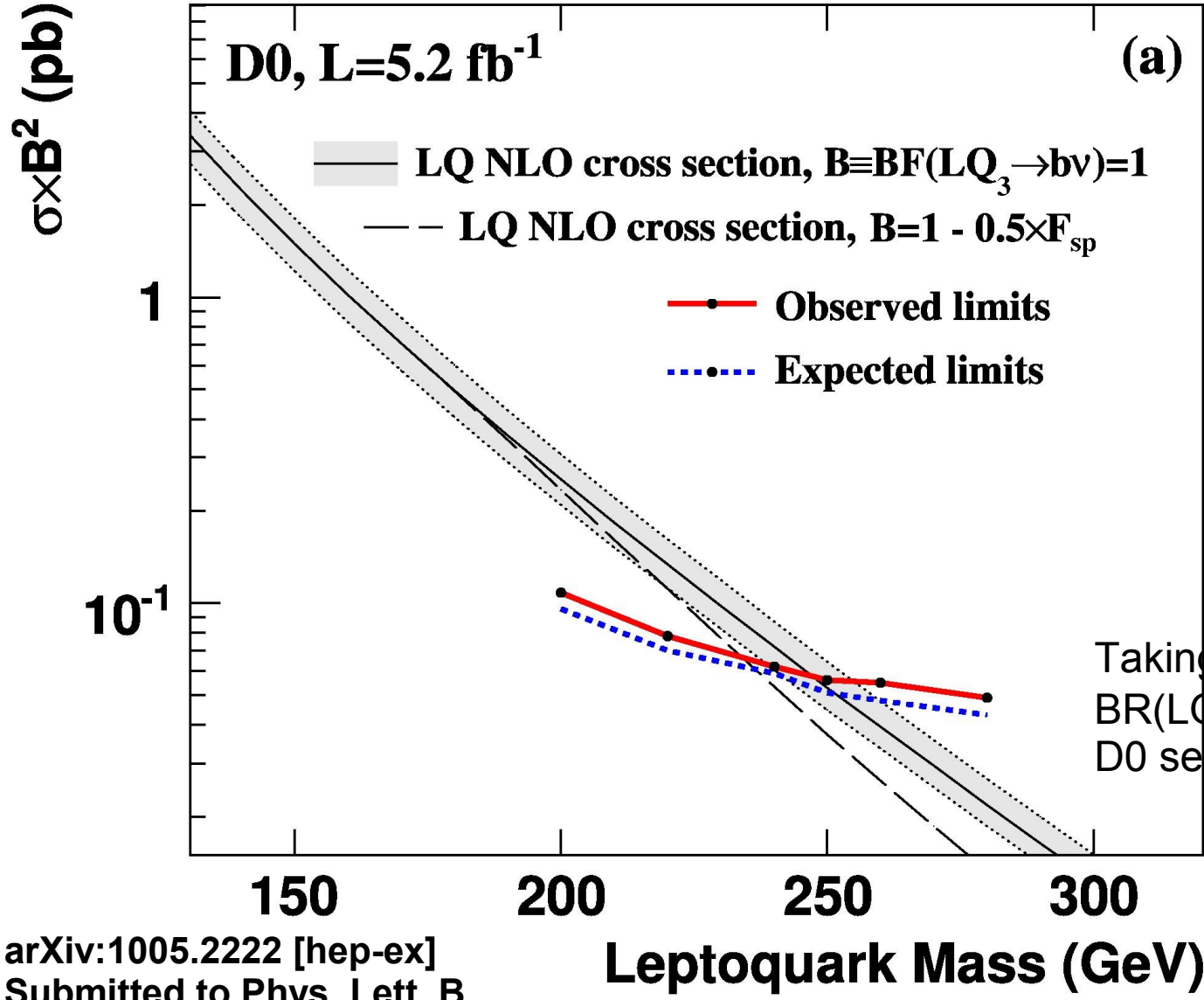
2b + Missing Transverse Energy (MET) signature.



- 2 or 3 jets, $P_t > 20$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.5$.
- Veto on isolated leptons.
- 2 jets tagged as b-jets
- $\Delta\phi(\text{MET}, \text{any jet}) > 0.6$ rad
- MET > 40 GeV
- $H_T > 60$ GeV
- $(\text{sum of 2 leading jets } P_t) / H_T > 0.75$ (top background)

- Main backgrounds
- Z+bb
 - W+bb
 - top





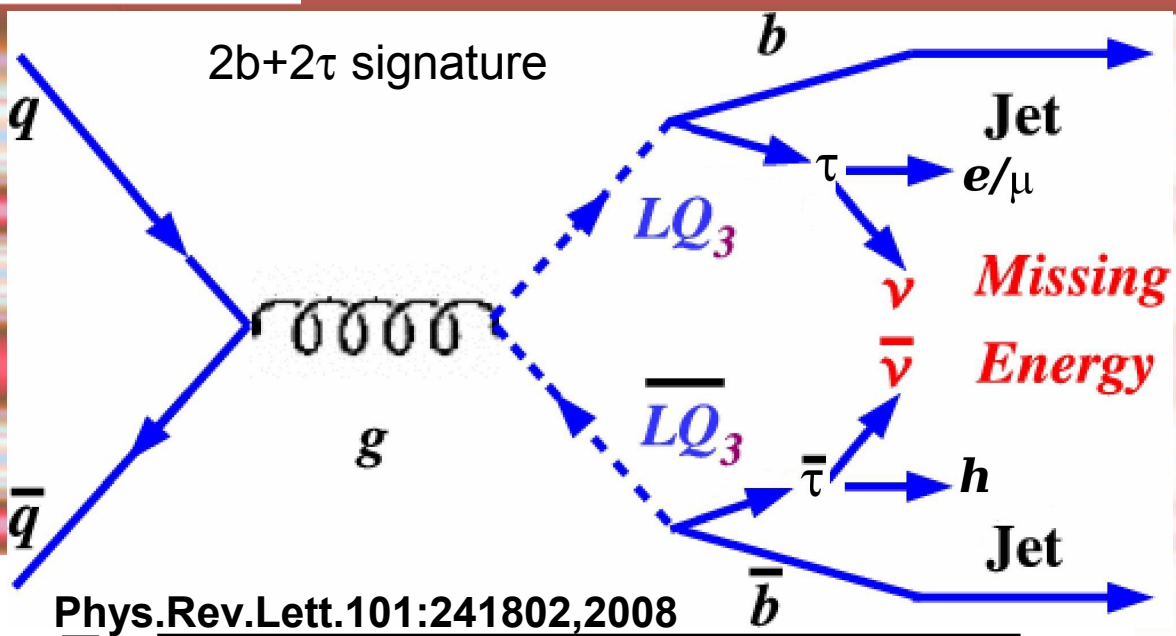
95% CL lower scalar LQ mass limit for BR (LQ \rightarrow bv) = 1:

$$M_{LQ} > 247 \text{ GeV}$$

arXiv:1005.2222 [hep-ex]
 Submitted to Phys. Lett. B

(same analysis also interpreted in sbottom pair production)

LQ → bτ

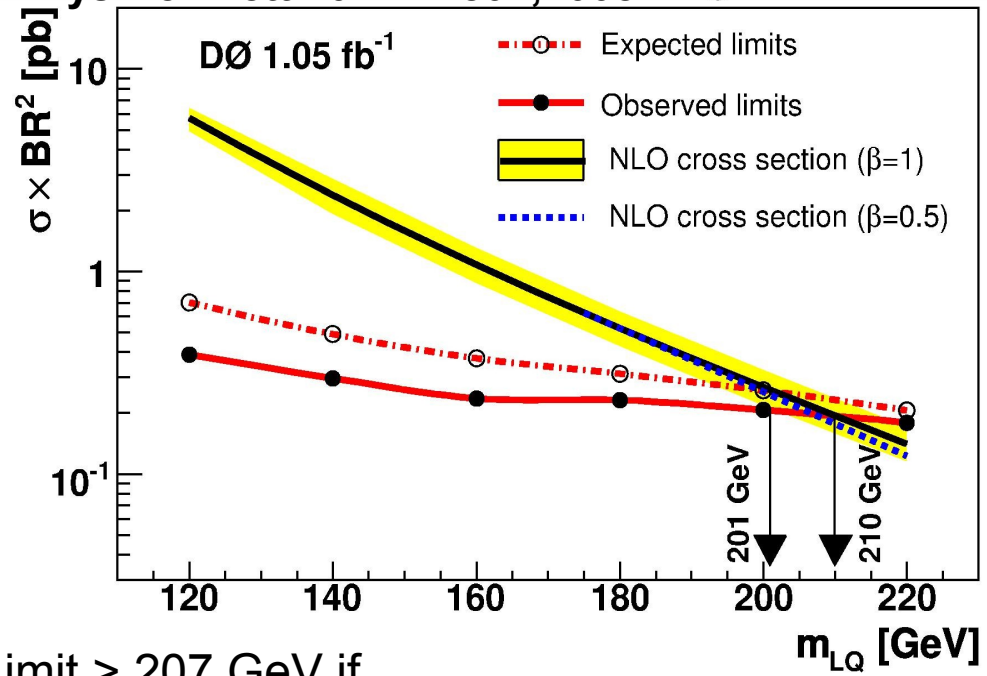


D0 : only muon case.

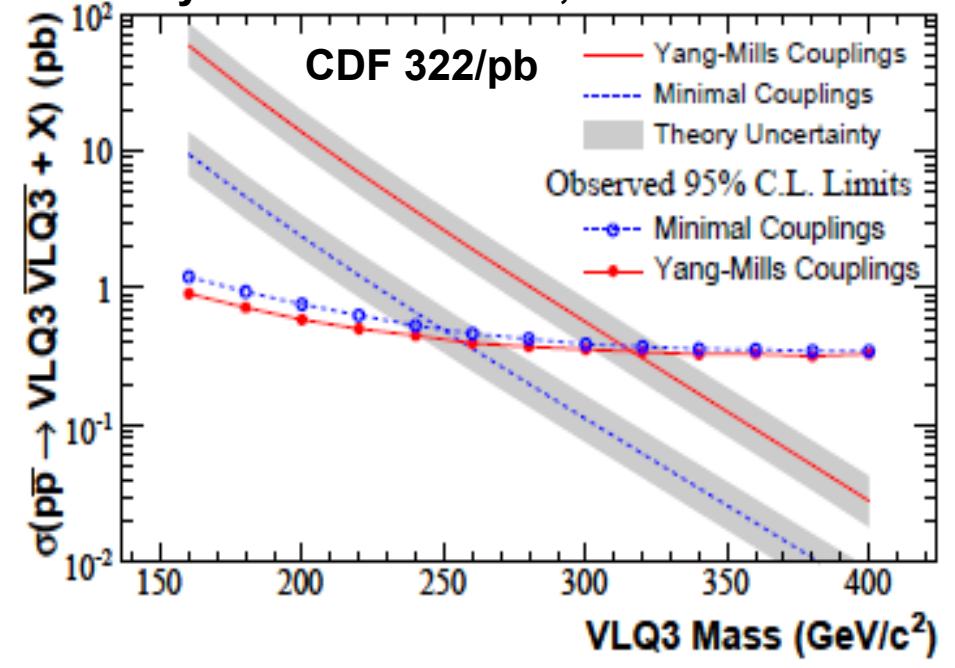
CDF no use of b-tag
 CDF result valid for LQ → qτ

CDF :
 only vector LQ lower mass limits :
 >251 GeV ($\kappa_G=1$ and $\lambda_G=0$)
 >317 GeV ($\kappa_G=0$ and $\lambda_G=0$)

Phys.Rev.Lett.101:241802,2008



Phys.Rev.D77:091105,2008.



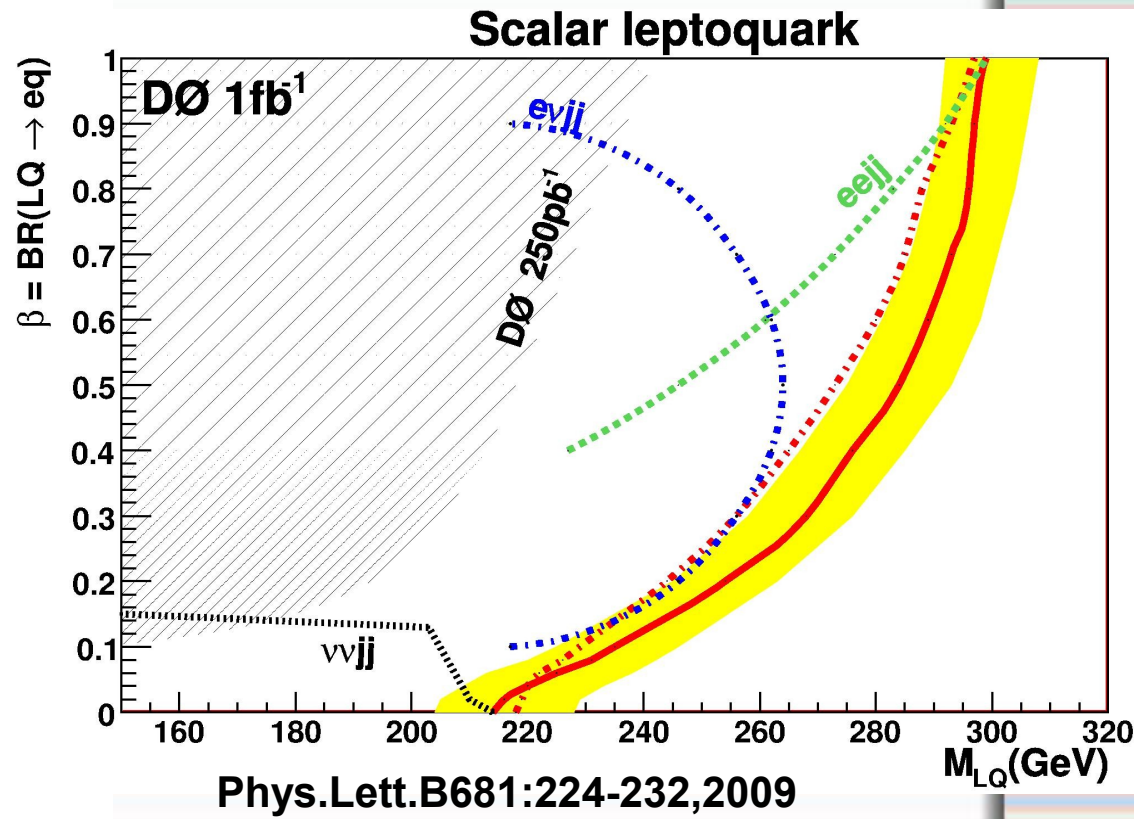
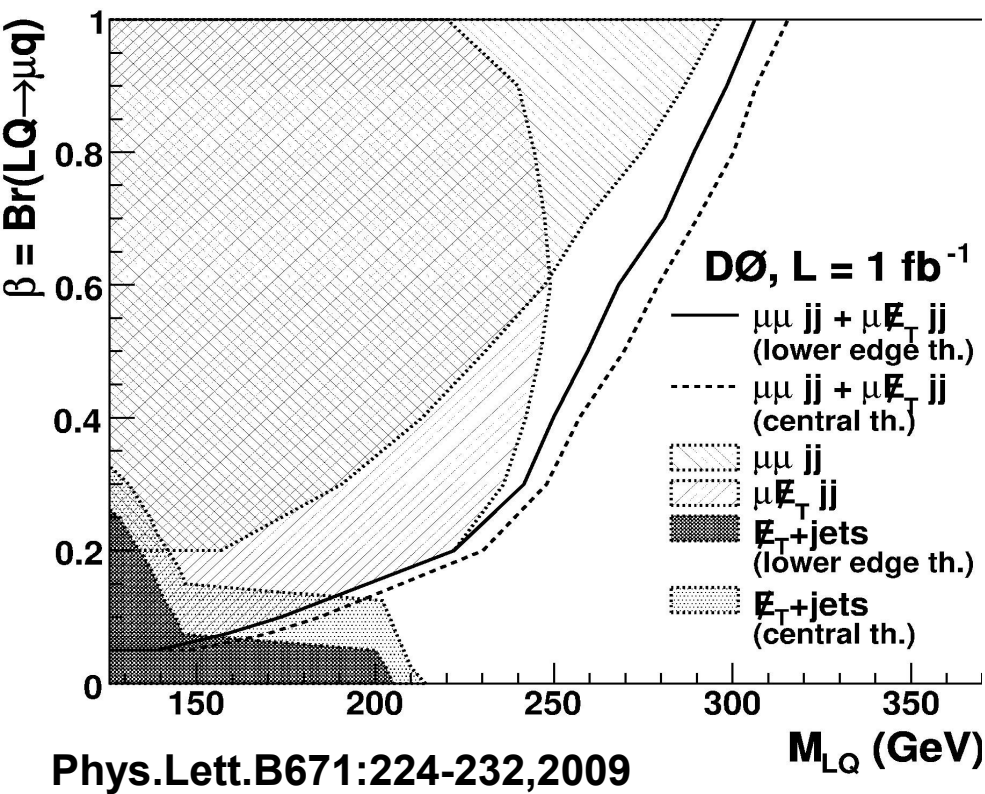
Limit > 207 GeV if
 BR(LQ → tν_τ) = 0.5*Phase Space

μ +MET+2jets and 2μ +2jets signatures

e +MET+2jets and $2e$ +2jets signatures

Mass limit for BR(LQ \rightarrow μq)=1 : 316 GeV

for BR(LQ \rightarrow eq)=1 : 299 GeV



From C. Amsler et al. (Particle Data Group),
 Physics Letters B667, 1 (2008) and
 2009 partial update for the 2010 edition

New signal $\rho_T \rightarrow WZ$ by

| Process | Excluded mass range | Decay channels |
|--|--|--|
| $p\bar{p} \rightarrow \rho_T \rightarrow W\pi_T$ | $170 < m_{\rho_T} < 215$ GeV and $80 < m_{\pi_T} < 115$ GeV for $M_V = 500$ GeV | $\rho_T \rightarrow W\pi_T$ $\pi_T^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ $\pi_T^\pm \rightarrow b\bar{c}$ |
| $p\bar{p} \rightarrow \omega_T \rightarrow \gamma\pi_T$ | $140 < m_{\omega_T} < 290$ GeV for $m_{\pi_T} \approx m_{\omega_T}/3$ and $M_T = 100$ GeV | $\omega_T \rightarrow \gamma\pi_T$ $\pi_T^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ $\pi_T^\pm \rightarrow b\bar{c}$ |
| $p\bar{p} \rightarrow \omega_T/\rho_T$ | $m_{\omega_T} = m_{\rho_T} < 203$ GeV for $m_{\omega_T} < m_{\pi_T} + m_W$ or $M_T > 200$ GeV $m_{\omega_T} = m_{\rho_T} < 280$ GeV for $m_{\omega_T} < m_{\pi_T} + m_W$ or $M_T > 500$ GeV | $\omega_T/\rho_T \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$ $\omega_T/\rho_T \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$ |
| $e^+e^- \rightarrow \omega_T/\rho_T$ | $90 < m_{\rho_T} < 206.7$ GeV $m_{\pi_T} < 79.8$ GeV | $\rho_T \rightarrow WW,$ $W\pi_T, \pi_T\pi_T,$ $\gamma\pi_T, \text{hadrons}$ |
| $p\bar{p} \rightarrow \rho_{T8}$ | $260 < m_{\rho_{T8}} < 480$ GeV | $\rho_{T8} \rightarrow q\bar{q}, gg$ |
| $p\bar{p} \rightarrow \rho_{T8}$ $\rightarrow \pi_{LQ}\pi_{LQ}$ | $m_{\rho_{T8}} < 510$ GeV $m_{\rho_{T8}} < 600$ GeV $m_{\rho_{T8}} < 465$ GeV | $\pi_{LQ} \rightarrow c\nu$ $\pi_{LQ} \rightarrow b\nu$ $\pi_{LQ} \rightarrow \tau q$ |
| $p\bar{p} \rightarrow gt$ | $0.3 < m_{gt} < 0.6$ TeV for $0.3m_{gt} < \Gamma < 0.7m_{gt}$ | $gt \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ |
| $p\bar{p} \rightarrow Z'$ | $m_{Z'} < 480$ GeV for $\Gamma = 0.012m_{Z'}$ $m_{Z'} < 780$ GeV for $\Gamma = 0.04m_{Z'}$ | $Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ |



update by



Analysis updated but no
 technicolor interpretation



update by



update by



Look for WZ production with W and Z decaying to electron or muon.

Select events with MET > 30 GeV and ≥ 3 electron/muon with Pt > 20 GeV.

Electron $|\eta| < 1.1$ or $1.5 < |\eta| < 2.5$ and muon $|\eta| < 2$

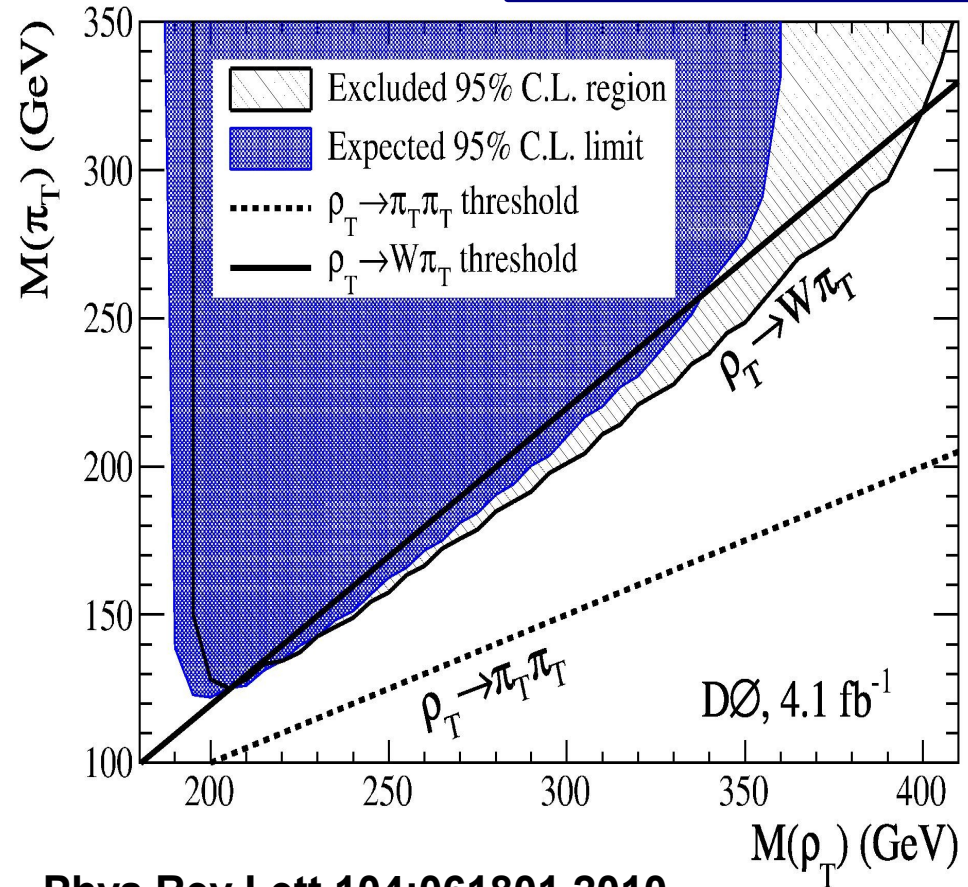
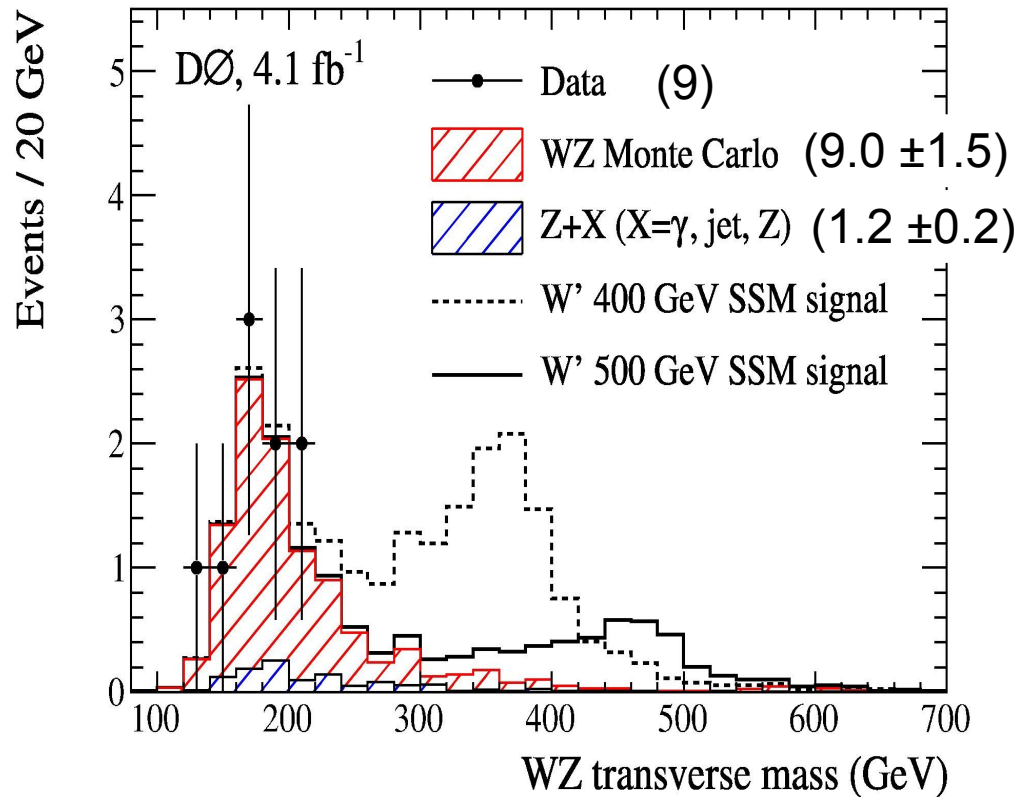
First select Z with opposite charge electron or muon pairs.

$80 < M_{ee} < 102$ GeV and $70 < M_{\mu\mu} < 110$ GeV

Then select highest Pt remaining lepton + MET to form W candidate.

Discriminate signal with WZ transverse mass.

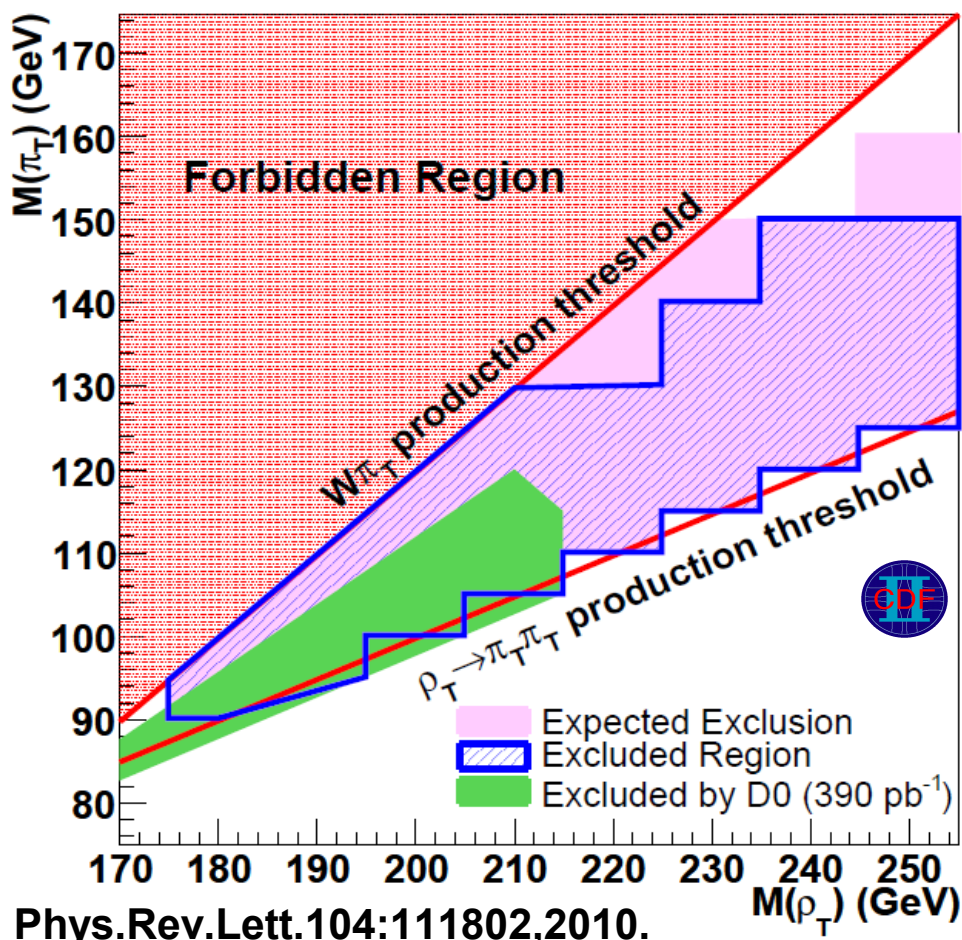
95% CL exclusion
 $208 < M(\rho_T) < 408$ GeV
 for $M(\rho_T) < M(\pi_T) + M(W)$



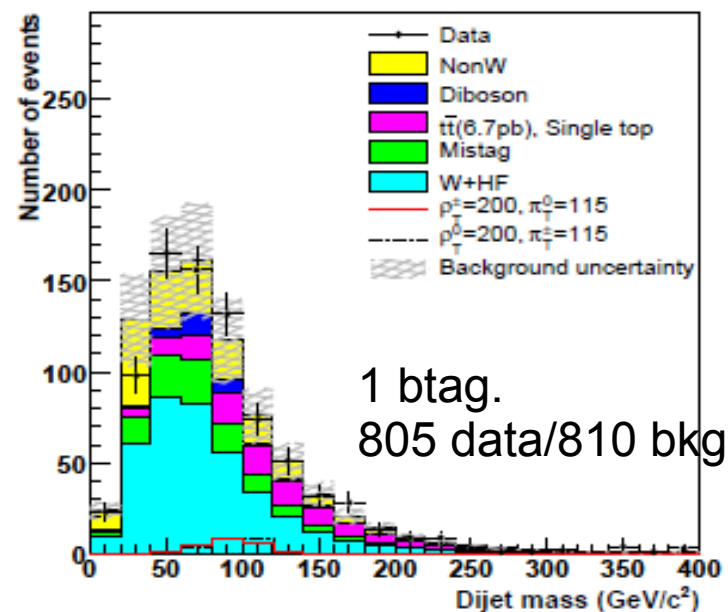
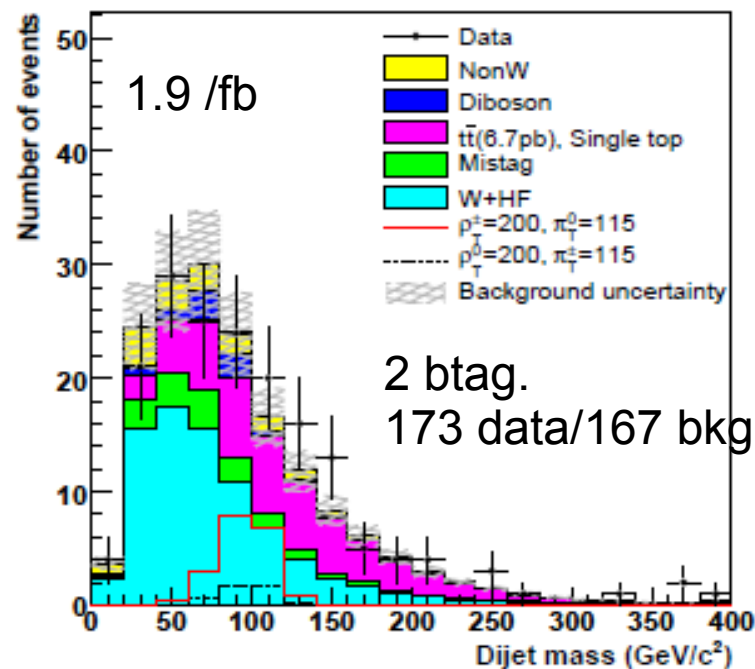
Phys.Rev.Lett.104:061801,2010

$$\rho_T \rightarrow W\pi_T$$

Select events with MET > 20 GeV
 exactly 1 electron/muon with Pt > 20 GeV.
 Electron $|\eta| < 1.1$ and muon $|\eta| < 1.0$
 Reject events where lepton+track mass $76 < M_{ll} < 106$ GeV
 ≥ 2 jets, Pt > 20 GeV, $|\eta| < 2.0$ with 1 or 2 b-tag.
 Constrain lepton+MET to form W mass (νP_z).
 Discriminating variables : dijet mass and $M(\rho_T) - M(\pi_T) - M(W)$.

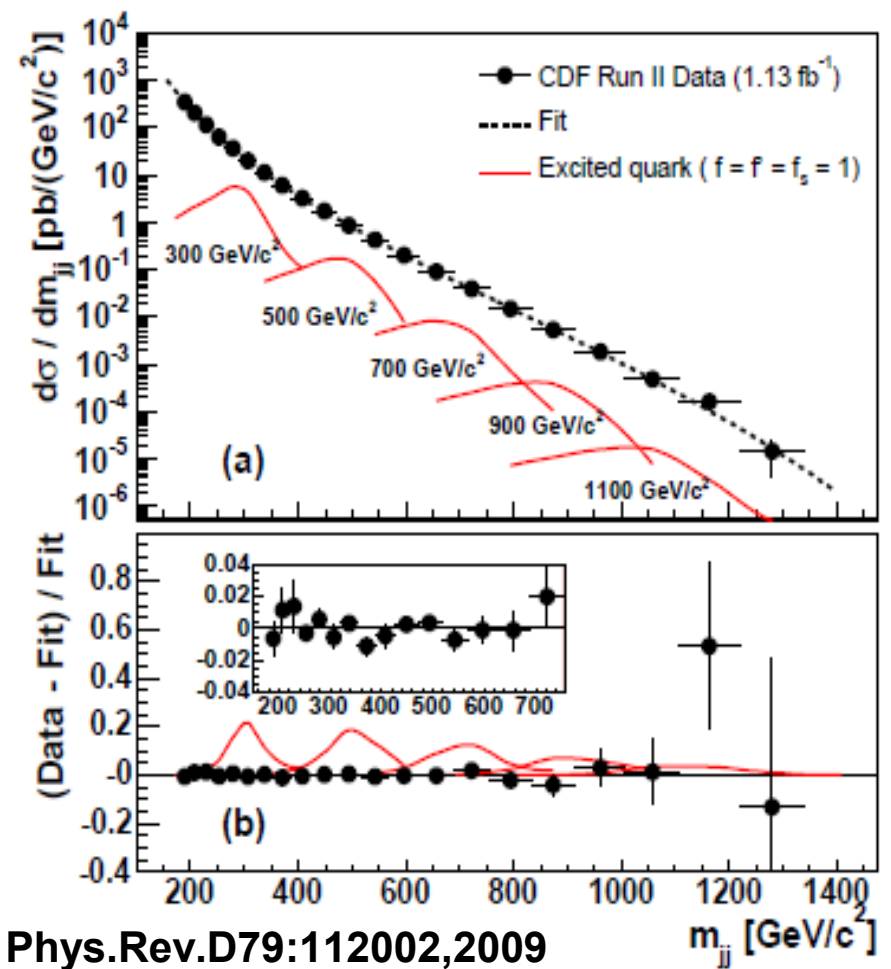


$W \rightarrow (\mu/e)\nu$ and $\pi_T \rightarrow b\bar{b}/b\bar{c}/b\bar{u}$



CDF-detector level fit of the di-jet mass distribution.

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dm} = p_0 (1-x)^{p_1} / x^{p_2+p_3 \log(x)}, \quad x = m/\sqrt{s}$$

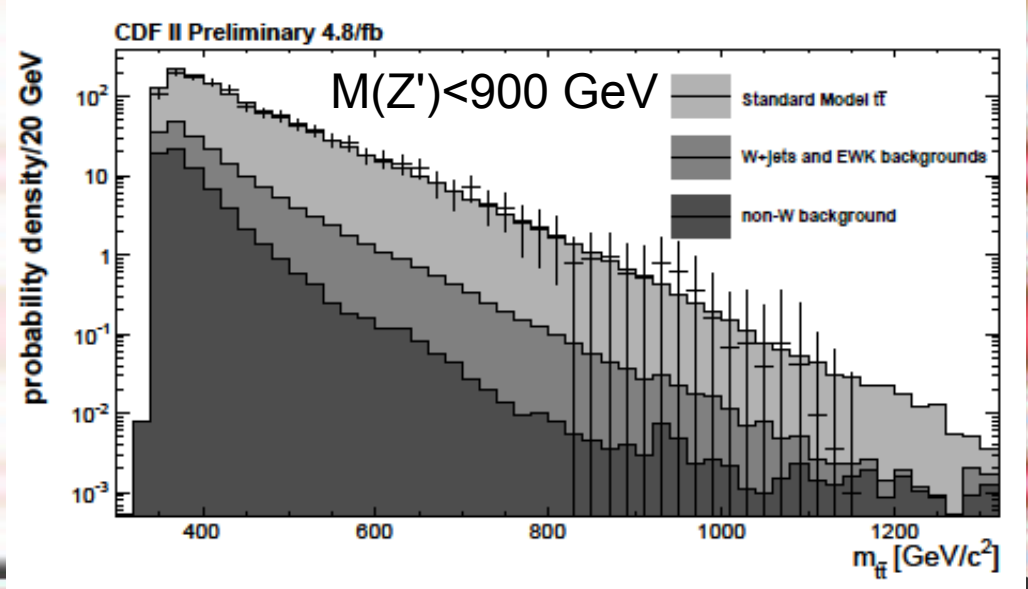
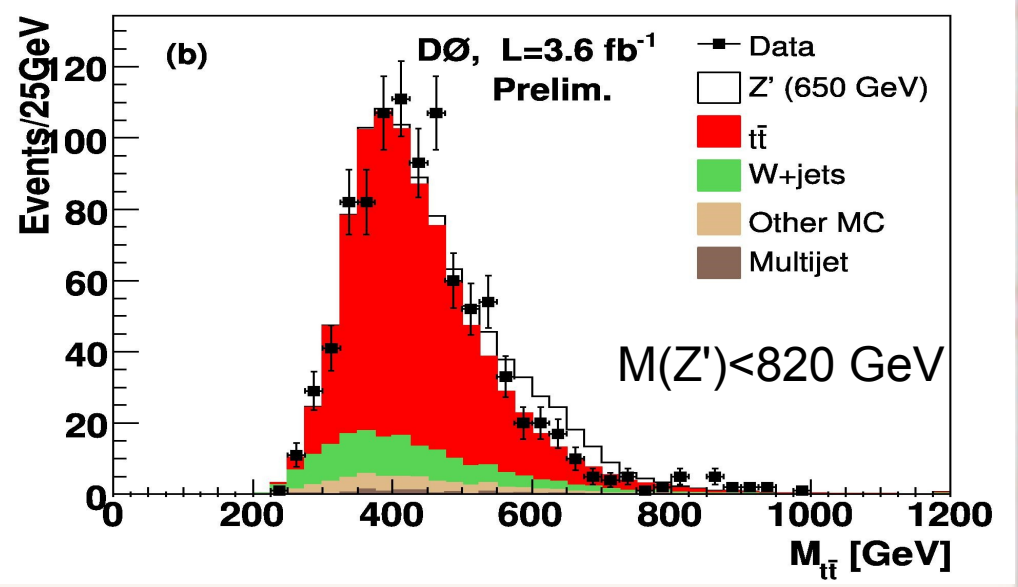


Phys.Rev.D79:112002,2009

color-octet ρ_{T8} 95% CL mass exclusion
 $260 < m < 1100$ GeV

$t\bar{t}$ resonance searched in semi-leptonic mode

See Nathan Goldschmidt's talk yesterday.



95% CL lower mass limits for scalar leptoquarks in lepton+quarks with BR=100%

LQ \rightarrow e+q with q=u,d,s,c,b : $M_{LQ} > 299$ GeV D0 with 1/fb

LQ \rightarrow μ +q with q=u,d,s,c,b : $M_{LQ} > 316$ GeV D0 with 1/fb

LQ \rightarrow τ +q with q=u,d,s,c : no scalar mass limits,
Vector $M_{LQ} > 251$ GeV CDF with 322/pb

LQ \rightarrow τ +b : $M_{LQ} > 210$ GeV D0 with 1.05/fb

LQ \rightarrow ν +q with q=u,d,s,c : $M_{LQ} > 214$ GeV D0 with 2.5/fb

LQ \rightarrow ν +b : $M_{LQ} > 247$ GeV D0 with 5.2/fb

No direct searches for LQ \rightarrow t+ ν , t+e, t+ μ and t+ τ .

Technicolor updated 95% CL exclusion domains

208 < M(ρ_T) < 408 GeV for M(ρ_T) < M(π_T) + M(W) (D0 $\rho_T \rightarrow WZ$ trilepton with 4.1/fb)

180 < M(ρ_T) < 250 GeV and 95 < M(π_T) < 145 GeV (CDF $\rho_T \rightarrow W\pi_T$ with 1.9/fb)

260 < $m_{\rho_{T8}}$ < 1100 GeV (CDF dijet resonance with 1.13/fb)

$m(Z') < 900$ GeV (CDF $t\bar{t}$ resonance with 4.8/fb)

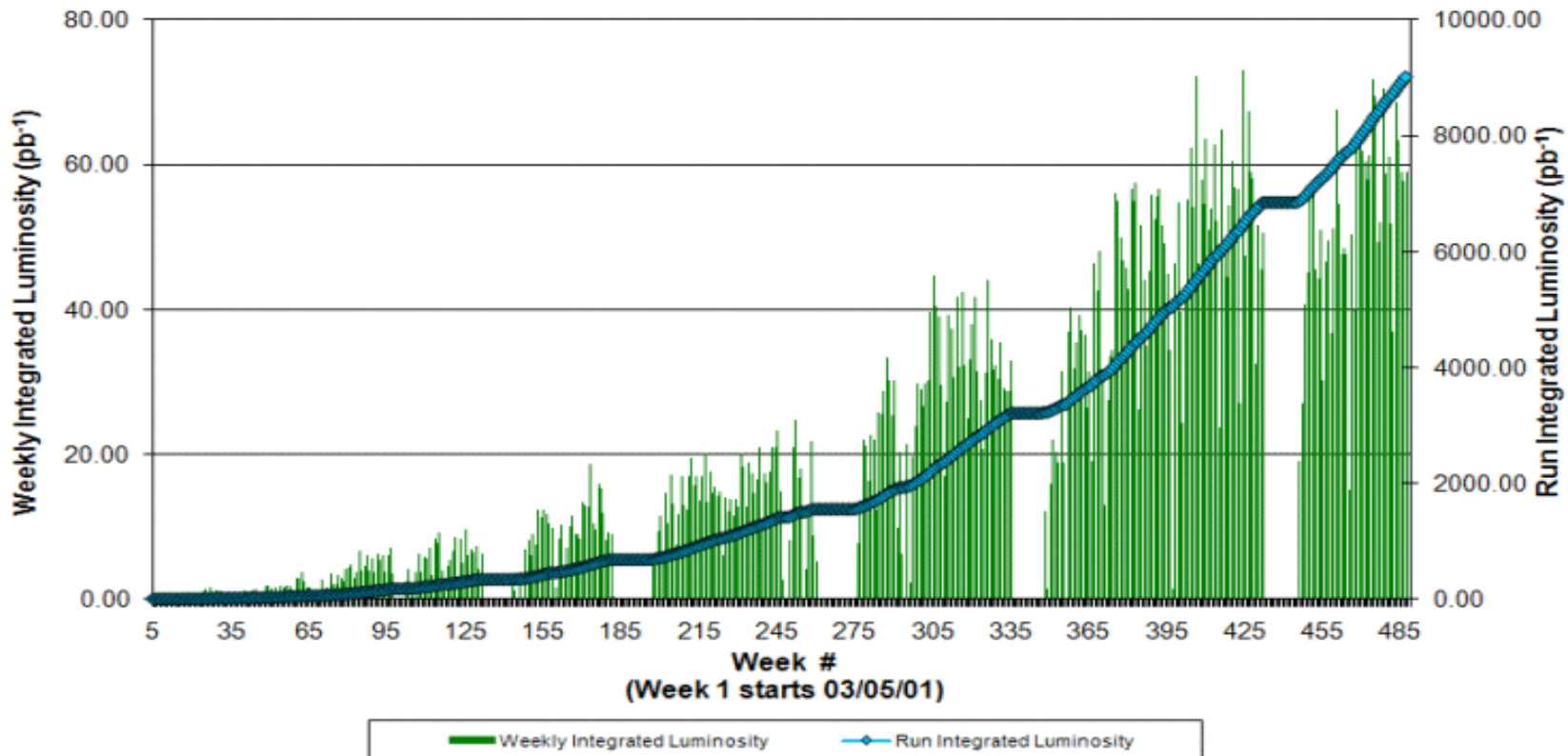
Conclusion

No sign of leptoquarks nor technicolor at the TeVatron so far.

Signals have been searched for in a wide range of final states

95% CL exclusion domains have been extended but there is still room for further searches.

Collider Run II Integrated Luminosity



Backup

From particle data group review.

| Process | Excluded mass range | Decay channels |
|--|--|---|
| $p\bar{p} \rightarrow \rho_T \rightarrow W \pi_T$ | $170 < m_{\rho_T} < 215 \text{ GeV}$ and $80 < m_{\pi_T} < 115 \text{ GeV}$ for $M_V = 500 \text{ GeV}$ | $\rho_T \rightarrow W \pi_T$ $\pi_T^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ $\pi_T^\pm \rightarrow b\bar{c}$ |
| $p\bar{p} \rightarrow \omega_T \rightarrow \gamma \pi_T$ | $140 < m_{\omega_T} < 290 \text{ GeV}$ for $m_{\pi_T} \approx m_{\omega_T}/3$ and $M_T = 100 \text{ GeV}$ | $\omega_T \rightarrow \gamma \pi_T$ $\pi_T^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ $\pi_T^\pm \rightarrow b\bar{c}$ |
| $p\bar{p} \rightarrow \omega_T / \rho_T$ | $m_{\omega_T} = m_{\rho_T} < 203 \text{ GeV}$ for $m_{\omega_T} < m_{\pi_T} + m_W$ or $M_T > 200 \text{ GeV}$ $m_{\omega_T} = m_{\rho_T} < 280 \text{ GeV}$ for $m_{\omega_T} < m_{\pi_T} + m_W$ or $M_T > 500 \text{ GeV}$ | $\omega_T / \rho_T \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-$ $\omega_T / \rho_T \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-$ |
| $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \omega_T / \rho_T$ | $90 < m_{\rho_T} < 206.7 \text{ GeV}$ $m_{\pi_T} < 79.8 \text{ GeV}$ | $\rho_T \rightarrow WW,$ $W \pi_T, \pi_T \pi_T,$ $\gamma \pi_T, \text{ hadrons}$ |
| $p\bar{p} \rightarrow \rho_{T8}$ | $260 < m_{\rho_{T8}} < 480 \text{ GeV}$ | $\rho_{T8} \rightarrow q\bar{q}, gg$ |
| $p\bar{p} \rightarrow \rho_{T8} \rightarrow \pi_{LQ} \pi_{LQ}$ | $m_{\rho_{T8}} < 510 \text{ GeV}$ $m_{\rho_{T8}} < 600 \text{ GeV}$ $m_{\rho_{T8}} < 465 \text{ GeV}$ | $\pi_{LQ} \rightarrow c\nu$ $\pi_{LQ} \rightarrow b\nu$ $\pi_{LQ} \rightarrow \tau q$ |
| $p\bar{p} \rightarrow gt$ | $0.3 < m_{gt} < 0.6 \text{ TeV}$ for $0.3m_{gt} < \Gamma < 0.7m_{gt}$ | $gt \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ |
| $p\bar{p} \rightarrow Z'$ | $m_{Z'} < 480 \text{ GeV}$ for $\Gamma = 0.012m_{Z'}$ $m_{Z'} < 780 \text{ GeV}$ for $\Gamma = 0.04m_{Z'}$ | $Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ |

$180 < m_{\rho_T} < 250 \text{ GeV}$
and $95 < m_{\pi_T} < 145 \text{ GeV}$
(CDF with 1.9 /fb)

New
 $208 < M(\rho_T) < 408 \text{ GeV}$
for $M(\rho_T) < M(\pi_T) + M(W)$
(D0 with 4.1 /fb)

$260 < m_{\rho_{T8}} < 1100 \text{ GeV}$ (CDF with 1.13 /fb)

$m(Z') < 720 \text{ GeV}$ (CDF with 0.955 /fb)
 $< 820 \text{ GeV}$ (D0 with 3.6 /fb)