



Hadronic molecules

P. G. Ortega, D. R. Entem and F. Fernandez

E-mail: pgortega@usal.es

Grupo de Física Nuclear / Instituto de Física Fundamental y Matemáticas
University of Salamanca



35th International Conference on High Energy Physics



Outline

1 Introduction

2 X(3872). Decays and Lineshapes

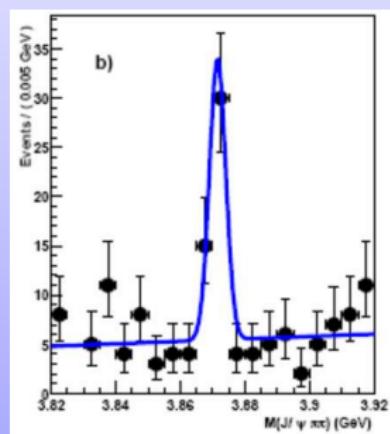
3 Other XYZ mesons

4 Summary

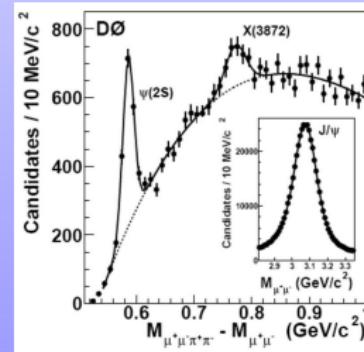
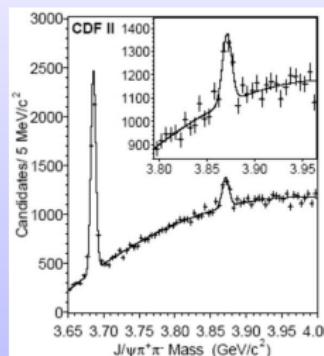


Experimental situation of $X(3872)$

Narrow state seen in B decays and $p\bar{p}$ collision decaying to $\pi\pi J/\psi$, $\pi\pi\pi J/\psi$, $\gamma J/\psi$ and $D^0\bar{D}^0\pi^0$.



Belle



BaBar



Measured Properties of X(3872)

- Quantum Numbers compatible with $J^{PC} = 1^{++}$ (strongly preferred by the data) and $J^{PC} = 2^{-+}$.
- Width : $\Gamma = 3.0 \begin{cases} +2.1 \\ -1.7 \end{cases} \text{ MeV}$
- Mass : $M_X = 3871.55 \pm 0.20 \text{ MeV}/c^2 \rightarrow$ below $D^0\bar{D}^{*0}$ mass threshold of $3871.80 \pm 0.35 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
- $R_1 = \frac{\mathcal{B}(X \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)}{\mathcal{B}(X \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-)} = \begin{cases} 1.0 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.3 \text{ (Belle)} \\ 0.8 \pm 0.3 \text{ (BaBar)} \end{cases},$
- $R_2 = \frac{\mathcal{B}(X \rightarrow J/\psi \gamma)}{\mathcal{B}(X \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-)} = \begin{cases} 0.33 \pm 0.12 \text{ (BaBar)} \\ 0.14 \pm 0.05 \text{ (Belle)} \end{cases},$
- $R_3 = \frac{\mathcal{B}(X \rightarrow \psi(2S) \gamma)}{\mathcal{B}(X \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-)} = 1.1 \pm 0.4 \text{ (BaBar).}$

Experimental data suggest a weakly-bound $D^0\bar{D}^{*0}$ molecule coupled to $2P\ c\bar{c}$ states.

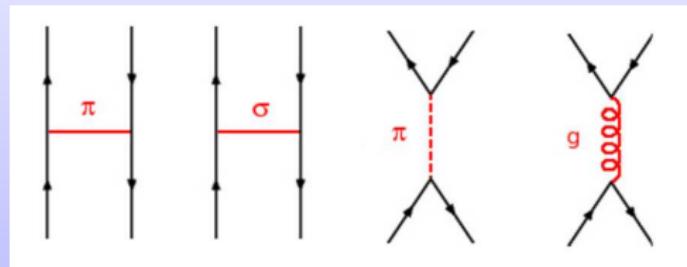
Measured Properties of $X(3872)$

- Quantum Numbers compatible with $J^{PC} = 1^{++}$ (strongly preferred by the data) and $J^{PC} = 2^{-+}$.
- Width : $\Gamma = 3.0 \begin{cases} +2.1 \\ -1.7 \end{cases} \text{ MeV}$
- Mass : $M_X = 3871.55 \pm 0.20 \text{ MeV}/c^2 \rightarrow$ below $D^0\bar{D}^{*0}$ mass threshold of $3871.80 \pm 0.35 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
- $R_1 = \frac{\mathcal{B}(X \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)}{\mathcal{B}(X \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-)} = \begin{cases} 1.0 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.3 \text{ (Belle)} \\ 0.8 \pm 0.3 \text{ (BaBar)} \end{cases},$
- $R_2 = \frac{\mathcal{B}(X \rightarrow J/\psi \gamma)}{\mathcal{B}(X \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-)} = \begin{cases} 0.33 \pm 0.12 \text{ (BaBar)} \\ 0.14 \pm 0.05 \text{ (Belle)} \end{cases},$
- $R_3 = \frac{\mathcal{B}(X \rightarrow \psi(2S) \gamma)}{\mathcal{B}(X \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-)} = 1.1 \pm 0.4 \text{ (BaBar).}$

P. G. Ortega, J. Segovia, D.R. Entem & F. Fernández Phys. Rev. **D 81**, 054023 (2010)

Ingredients of constituent quark model

- Model includes:
 - Chiral symmetry breaking → Pseudo-Goldstone Bosons.



- QCD perturbative effects → One Gluon Exchange.
- Confinement → Non necessary for Meson-Antimeson interaction.
- Interactions:

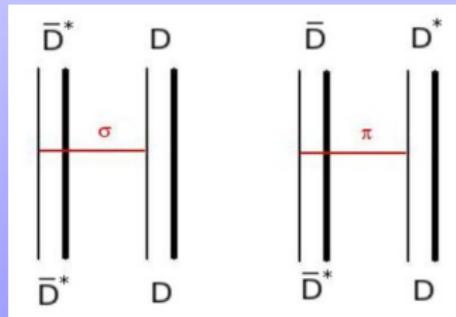
$$V_{q_i q_j} = \begin{cases} q_i q_j = nn \Rightarrow V_{CON} + V_{OGE} + V_\pi + V_\sigma \\ q_i q_j = nQ \Rightarrow V_{CON} + V_{OGE} \\ q_i q_j = QQ \Rightarrow V_{CON} + V_{OGE} \end{cases}$$

Resonating Group Method and Gaussian Expansion Method

- Quark interactions → Cluster interaction.
- Direct RGM Potential:

$${}^{RGM}V_D(\vec{P}', \vec{P}_i) = \sum_{i \in A, j \in B} \int d\vec{p}_{\xi'_A} d\vec{p}_{\xi'_B} d\vec{p}_{\xi_A} d\vec{p}_{\xi_B} \\ \phi_A^*(\vec{p}_{\xi'_A}) \phi_B^*(\vec{p}_{\xi'_B}) V_{ij}(\vec{P}', \vec{P}_i) \phi_A(\vec{p}_{\xi_A}) \phi_B(\vec{p}_{\xi_B})$$

- $\phi_C(\vec{p}_C)$ is the wave function for cluster C solution of Schrödinger's equation using Gaussian Expansion Method.



3P_0 Interaction

- Pair creation Hamiltonian:

$$\mathcal{H} = g \int d^3x \bar{\psi}(x) \psi(x)$$

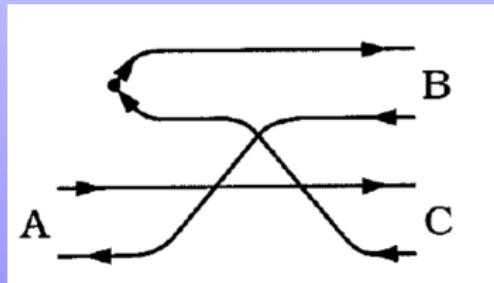
- Non relativistic reduction:

$$T = -3\sqrt{2}\gamma' \sum_{\mu} \int d^3p d^3p' \delta^{(3)}(p+p') \left[\mathcal{Y}_1 \left(\frac{p-p'}{2} \right) b_{\mu}^{\dagger}(p) d_{\nu}^{\dagger}(p') \right]^{C=1, I=0, S=1, J=0}$$

with $\gamma' = 2^{5/2}\pi^{1/2}\gamma$ and $\gamma = \frac{g}{2m}$

- Transition potential:

$$\langle \phi_{M_1} \phi_{M_2} \beta | T | \psi_{\alpha} \rangle = P h_{\beta\alpha} \delta^{(3)}(\vec{P}_{cm})$$

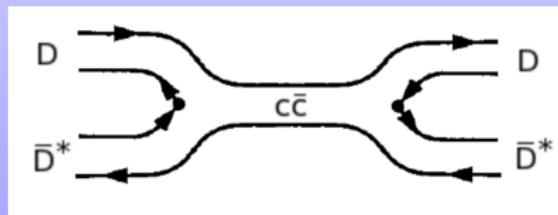


Modeling the 1^{++} sector

- Hadronic state: $|\Psi\rangle = \sum_{\alpha} c_{\alpha} |\psi\rangle + \sum_{\beta} \chi_{\beta}(P) |\phi_{M1}\phi_{M2}\beta\rangle$
- Solving the coupling with $c\bar{c}$ states \rightarrow Schrödinger type equation:

$$\sum_{\beta} \int \left(H_{\beta'\beta}^{M_1 M_2}(P', P) + V_{\beta'\beta}^{\text{eff}}(P', P) \right) \chi_{\beta}(P) P^2 dP = E \chi_{\beta'}(P')$$

with $V_{\beta'\beta}^{\text{eff}}(P', P)$:



Modeling the 1^{++} sector

- Inclusion of $J/\psi\rho$ and $J/\psi\omega$ channels necessary for strong decay description \rightarrow Rearrangement diagrams
- Small contribution to the mass

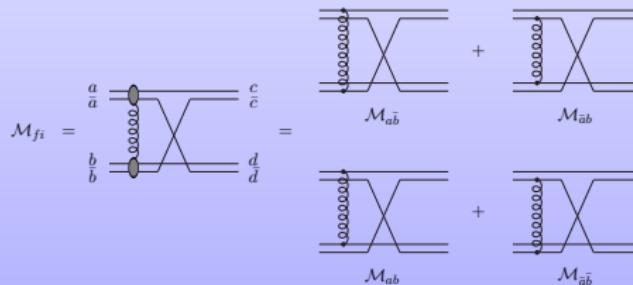


Figure: Diagrams included in the quark rearrangement process $DD^* \rightarrow \rho(\omega)J/\psi$.

Results for $X(3872)$ in a coupled channel approach

γ	E_{bind}	$c\bar{c}(2^3P_1)$	$D^0 D^{*0}$	$D^\pm D^{*\mp}$	$J/\psi \rho$	$J/\psi \omega$
0.231	-0.60	12.40	79.24	7.46	0.49	0.40
0.226	-0.25	8.00	86.61	4.58	0.53	0.29

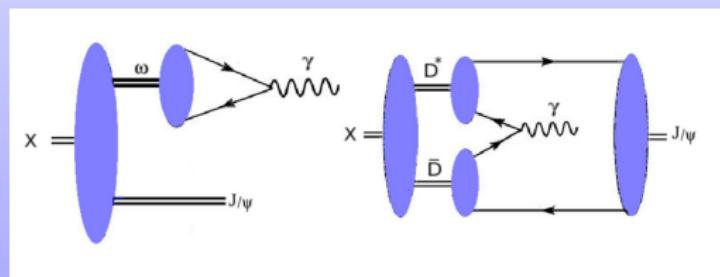
Table: Binding energy (in MeV) and channel probabilities (in %) for the $X(3872)$ state for two values of the 3P_0 model γ parameter.

Radiative decay description

- Decay through molecular component:

$$\Gamma_{ANN} = \frac{4}{27}\alpha \frac{qE_\Psi}{M_X} e^{-\frac{q^2}{2\beta_D^2}} \left(\eta_{00} - \frac{1}{2}\eta_{+-} \right)^2$$

$$\Gamma_{VMD} = \frac{4}{27}\alpha \frac{qE_\Psi}{M_X} \left(3|\phi_\rho(r=0)|\chi_{\rho J/\Psi}(q) + |\phi_\omega(r=0)|\chi_{\omega J/\Psi}(q) \right)^2$$



- Decay through $c\bar{c}$ component:

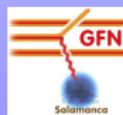
$$\Gamma_{E1} \left(n^{2S+1} L_J \rightarrow n'^{2S'+1} L'_{J'} \right) = \frac{4\alpha e_c^2 q^3}{3} (2J'+1) S_{fi}^E \delta_{SS'} |\mathcal{E}_{fi}|^2 \frac{E_f}{M_i}$$

Strong decay description

$$\Gamma_{\pi^+\pi^- J/\psi} = \sum_{J,L} \int_0^{k_{max}} dk \frac{\Gamma_\rho}{(M_X - E_\rho - E_{J/\psi})^2 + \frac{\Gamma_\rho^2}{4}} |\mathcal{M}_{\rho J/\psi}(k)|^2.$$

where

$$\mathcal{M}_{\rho J/\psi} = \int d^3P \chi_{D\bar{D}^*}(P) h_{D\bar{D}^* \rightarrow \rho J/\psi}(P, P').$$



Decay results

Strong decay results

- Experimental results:

$$R_1 = \frac{\mathcal{B}(X \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)}{\mathcal{B}(X \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-)} = \begin{cases} 1.0 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.3 \\ 0.8 \pm 0.3 \end{cases},$$

- Theoretical results:

E_{bind} (MeV)	$\Gamma_{\pi^+ \pi^- J/\psi}$ (KeV)	$\Gamma_{\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 J/\psi}$ (KeV)	R_1
-0.60	27.61	14.40	0.52
-0.25	24.18	10.64	0.44

Decay results

Radiative decay results

- Experimental results:

$$R_2 = \frac{\mathcal{B}(X \rightarrow J/\psi\gamma)}{\mathcal{B}(X \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-)} = \begin{cases} 0.33 \pm 0.12 \\ 0.14 \pm 0.05 \end{cases},$$

- Theoretical results:

E_{bind} (MeV)	$\Gamma_{J/\psi\gamma}^{VMD}$	$\Gamma_{J/\psi\gamma}^{ANN}$	R_2^M	$\Gamma_{J/\psi\gamma}^{c\bar{c}}$	$R_2^{c\bar{c}}$	R_2
-0.60	0.014	0.056	$2.5 \cdot 10^{-3}$	8.15	0.29	0.30
-0.25	0.011	0.045	$2.3 \cdot 10^{-3}$	5.25	0.22	0.22

Table: Decays in KeV.

Molecular component \mapsto Vector meson dominance (VMD) and Annihilation (ANN) mechanisms.

R_2^M is the ratio including only the contributions from the molecular part.

$R_2^{c\bar{c}}$ from the $c\bar{c}$ component and R_2 is the full result.

Decay results

Radiative decay results

- Experimental results:

$$R_3 = \frac{\mathcal{B}(X \rightarrow \psi(2S)\gamma)}{\mathcal{B}(X \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-)} = 1.1 \pm 0.4.$$

- Theoretical results:

E_{bind} (MeV)	$\Gamma_{\Psi(2S)\gamma}^{ANN}$	R_3^M	$\Gamma_{\Psi(2S)\gamma}^{c\bar{c}}$	$R_3^{c\bar{c}}$	R_3
-0.60	0.134	$4.8 \cdot 10^{-3}$	9.80	0.35	0.34
-0.25	0.101	$4.2 \cdot 10^{-3}$	6.31	0.26	0.26

Table: Decays in KeV.

Molecular component \rightarrow Annihilation (ANN) mechanisms.

R_3^M is the ratio including only the contributions from the molecular part.

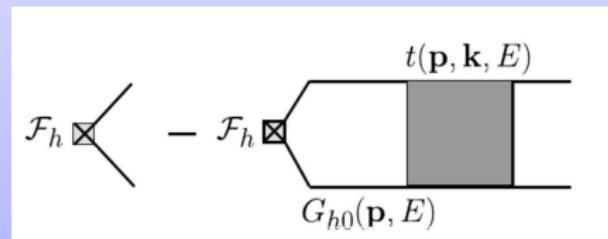
$R_3^{c\bar{c}}$ from the $c\bar{c}$ component and R_3 is the full result.

Lineshapes

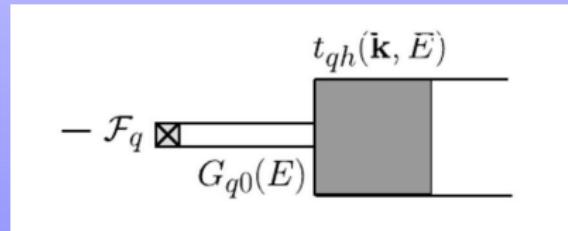
- Lippmann-Schwinger equation $\rightarrow t^{\beta\beta'}(\vec{p}, \vec{p}', E)$ matrix
- Lineshapes

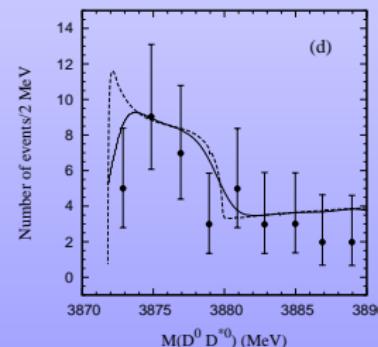
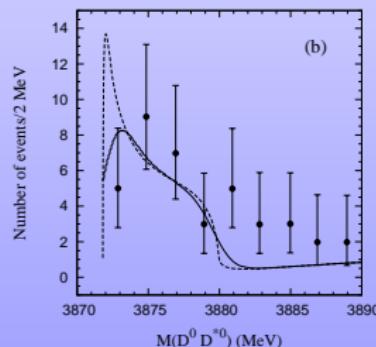
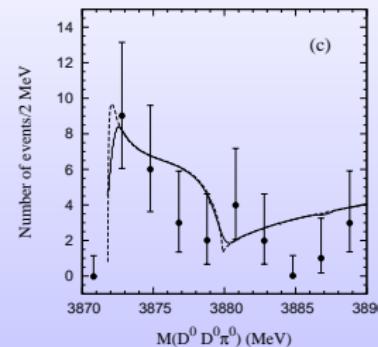
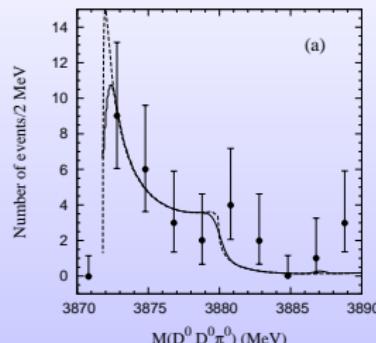
$$\frac{dB_r((M_1 M_2)^\beta)}{dE} = \text{const} \times k |\mathcal{M}^\beta(E)|^2 \Theta(E)$$

- Hadronic contribution $\mathcal{M}_h^\beta(E)$

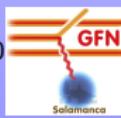


- Mesonic contribution $\mathcal{M}_q^\beta(E)$



Lineshapes for $E_b = -0.25 \text{ MeV}$ 

Belle and BaBar data for the $B \rightarrow K D^0 \bar{D}^0 \pi^0$ (Belle) and $B \rightarrow K D^0 \bar{D}^{*0}$ (BaBar) reactions.



$Y(4008)$

- Mass and Width

$$J^{PC} = 1^{--},$$
$$M_Y = 4008 \pm 40_{-28}^{+114} \text{ MeV},$$
$$\Gamma_Y = 226 \pm 44 \pm 87 \text{ MeV}.$$

Mass (MeV)	$c\bar{c}(2^3S_1)$	$c\bar{c}(3^3D_1)$	$c\bar{c}(4^3S_1)$	D^*D^*
3650.973	92.45 %	0.22 %	0.01 %	7.30 %
3793.410	0.33 %	99.11 %	0.00 %	0.56 %
4016.423	0.59 %	0.03 %	34.53 %	64.53 %
4036.804	0.70 %	0.03 %	48.73 %	50.00 %

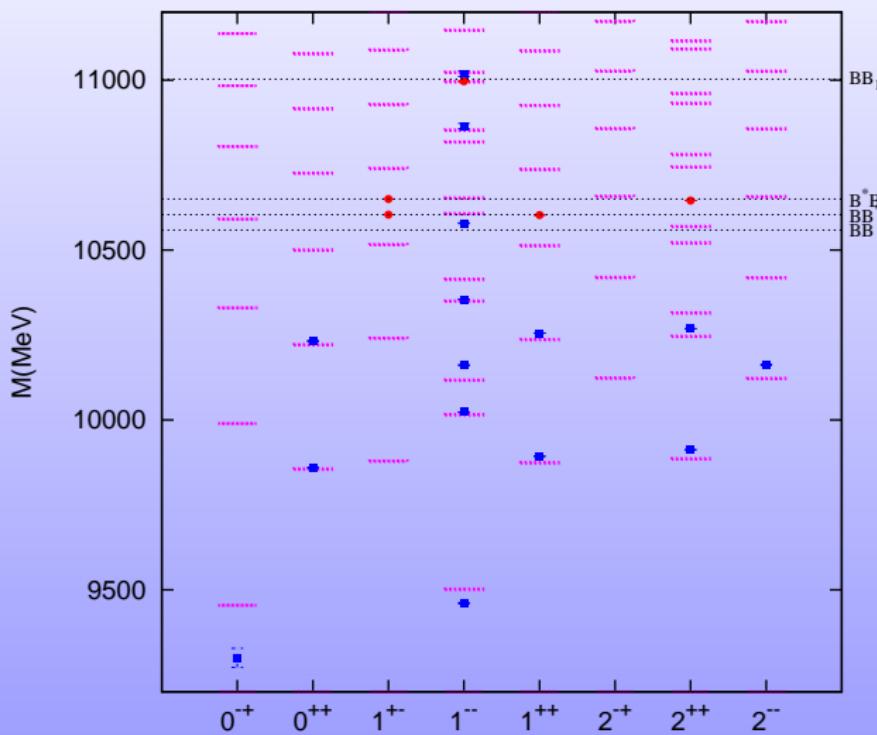
Table: Mass and probabilities with ${}^3P_0 \gamma$ fitted to $\psi(3770) \rightarrow DD$ decay.



Hidden bottom sector

Mesons	Threshold	J^{PC}	3P_0	without 3P_0
BB	10558.56 MeV	0^{++}	$g_{ch}^{'2} = 2.9 g_{ch}^2$	-0.02 MeV
BB^*	10604.38 MeV	$\begin{cases} 1^{++} \\ 1^{+-} \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} -1.31 \text{ MeV} \\ -0.01 \text{ MeV} \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} -8.96 \text{ MeV} \\ -0.05 \text{ MeV} \end{cases}$
$B^* B^*$	10650.20 MeV	$\begin{cases} 0^{++} \\ 1^{+-} \\ 2^{++} \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} g_{ch}^{'2} = 2.70 g_{ch}^2 \\ -0.04 \text{ MeV} \\ -4.02 \text{ MeV} \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} g_{ch}^{'2} = 2.80 g_{ch}^2 \\ -0.04 \text{ MeV} \\ -9.26 \text{ MeV} \end{cases}$
$BB_1(^1P_1)$	11002.5 MeV	$\begin{cases} 1^{-+} \\ 1^{--} \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} - \\ -5.2 \text{ MeV} \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} g_{ch}^{'2} = 1.3 g_{ch}^2 \\ g_{ch}^{'2} = 1.13 g_{ch}^2 \end{cases}$
$BB_1(^3P_1)$	11002.5 MeV	$\begin{cases} 1^{-+} \\ 1^{--} \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} - \\ -4.61 \text{ MeV} \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} g_{ch}^{'2} = 1.3 g_{ch}^2 \\ -0.002 \text{ MeV} \end{cases}$

Hidden bottom sector



Summary

- $X(3872)$ found as a weakly-bound $D^0 D^{*0}$ molecule coupled to $2^3P_1 c\bar{c}$ state.
- Good description of the radiative and strong decays. Although $X(3872) \rightarrow \psi(2S)\gamma$ lower than expected.
- Lineshapes in good agreement with the data, specially for the mesonic production.
- $Y(4008)$ found as molecule in the same formalism, coupled to $c\bar{c} \rightarrow$ Experimental confirmation needed.
- Rich spectroscopy in the hidden bottom sector.



Summary

- $X(3872)$ found as a weakly-bound $D^0 D^{*0}$ molecule coupled to $2^3P_1 c\bar{c}$ state.
- Good description of the radiative and strong decays. Although $X(3872) \rightarrow \psi(2S)\gamma$ lower than expected.
- Lineshapes in good agreement with the data, specially for the mesonic production.
- $Y(4008)$ found as molecule in the same formalism, coupled to $c\bar{c} \rightarrow$ Experimental confirmation needed.
- Rich spectroscopy in the hidden bottom sector.



Summary

- $X(3872)$ found as a weakly-bound $D^0 D^{*0}$ molecule coupled to $2^3P_1 c\bar{c}$ state.
- Good description of the radiative and strong decays. Although $X(3872) \rightarrow \psi(2S)\gamma$ lower than expected.
- Lineshapes in good agreement with the data, specially for the mesonic production.
- $Y(4008)$ found as molecule in the same formalism, coupled to $c\bar{c} \rightarrow$ Experimental confirmation needed.
- Rich spectroscopy in the hidden bottom sector.



Summary

Thanks for your attention



$D_{s1}(2460)$

- Close thresholds

$$D^* K \longrightarrow M = 2504.16 \text{ MeV},$$

$$DK^* \longrightarrow M = 2763.70 \text{ MeV},$$

$$D^* K^* \longrightarrow M = 2904.84 \text{ MeV}.$$

- Close D_{s1} states

$$1^3P_1 \longrightarrow M = 2571.475 \text{ MeV},$$

$$1^1P_1 \longrightarrow M = 2575.934 \text{ MeV},$$

$M (\text{MeV})$	$D_{s1}(1^3P_1)$	$D_{s1}(1^1P_1)$	$D^* K$	DK^*	$D^* K^*$
2501.628	72.03 %	0 %	23.5 %	4.47 %	0 %
2430.604	0 %	75.13 %	14.52 %	4.57 %	5.78 %
2494.290	52.62 %	9.32 %	33.92 %	3.40 %	0.73 %

Table: Mass and probabilities with $^3P_0 \gamma$ fitted to $\psi(3770) \rightarrow DD$ decay.