

Consistency of neutrino DIS and the present PDFs

Hannu Paukkunen

JHEP 1007:032,2010

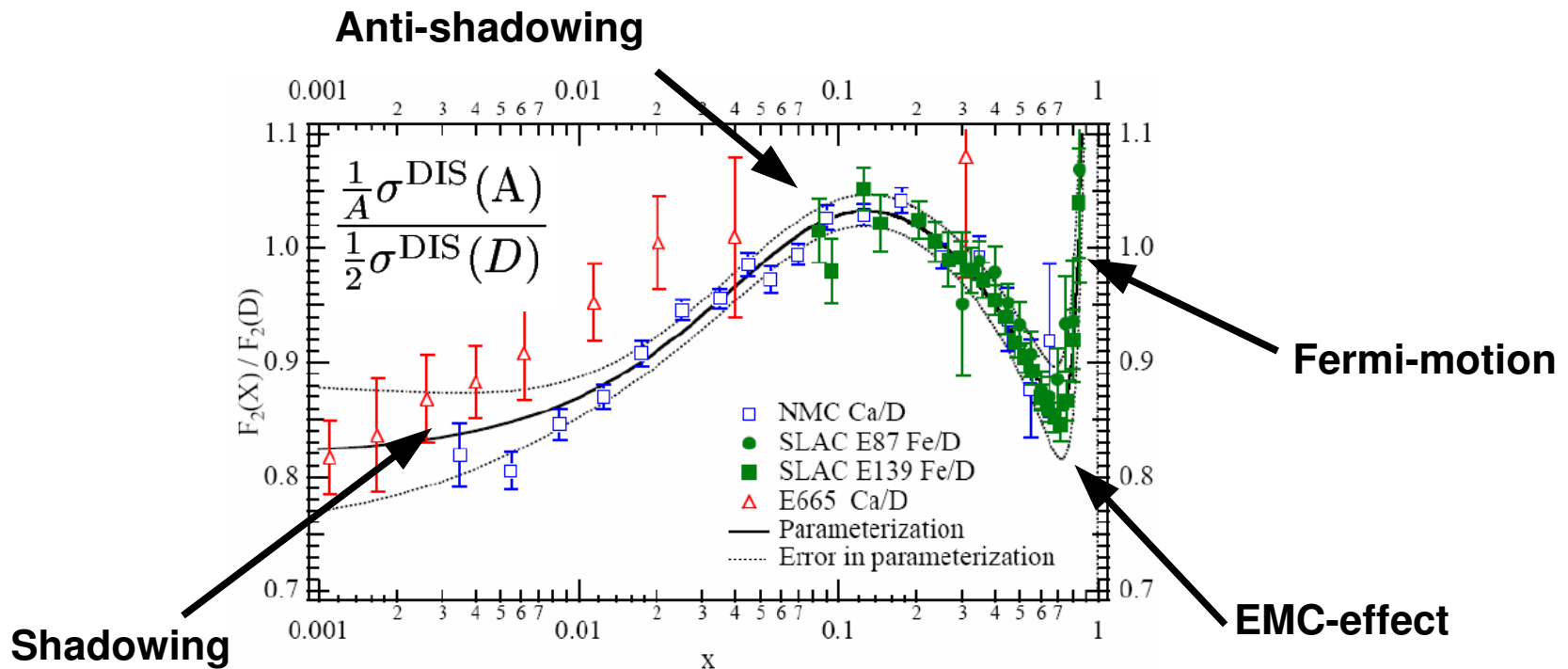
University of Santiago de Compostela

In collaboration with Carlos A. Salgado



ICHEP, Paris, July 22, 2010

Nuclear modifications in I^\pm -A DIS



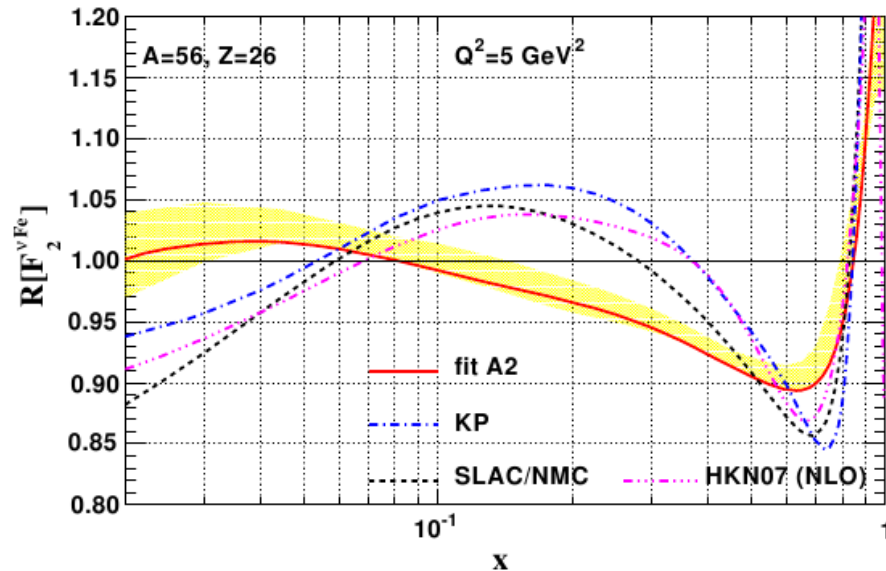
● Such effects can be factorized to the nuclear PDFs: *EPS09, HKN07, nDS, ...*

● Do the same nuclear PDFs also describe the ν -A DIS

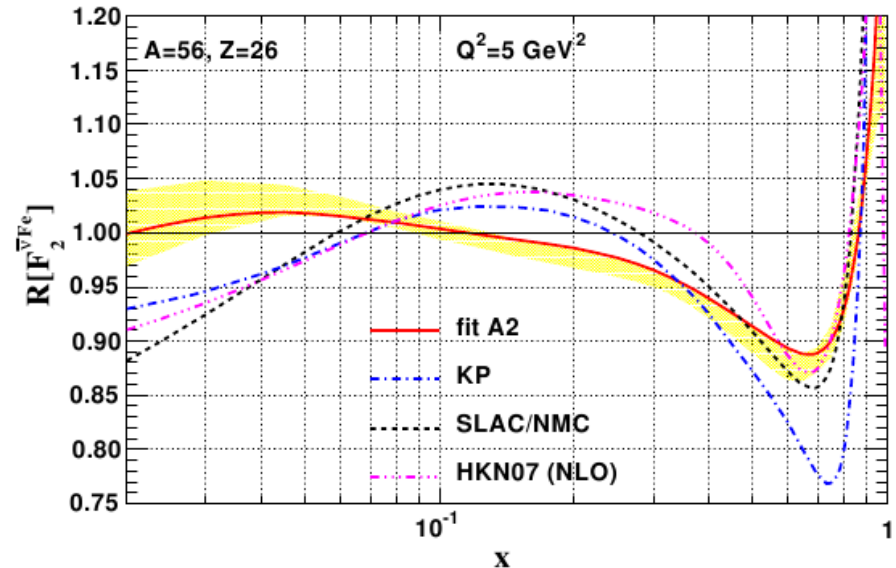
—
are the nPDFs universal?

From the NuTeV ν -Fe data...

- ...CTEQ-fit suggested different nuclear effects in ν -A DIS than obtained from in charged lepton DIS.



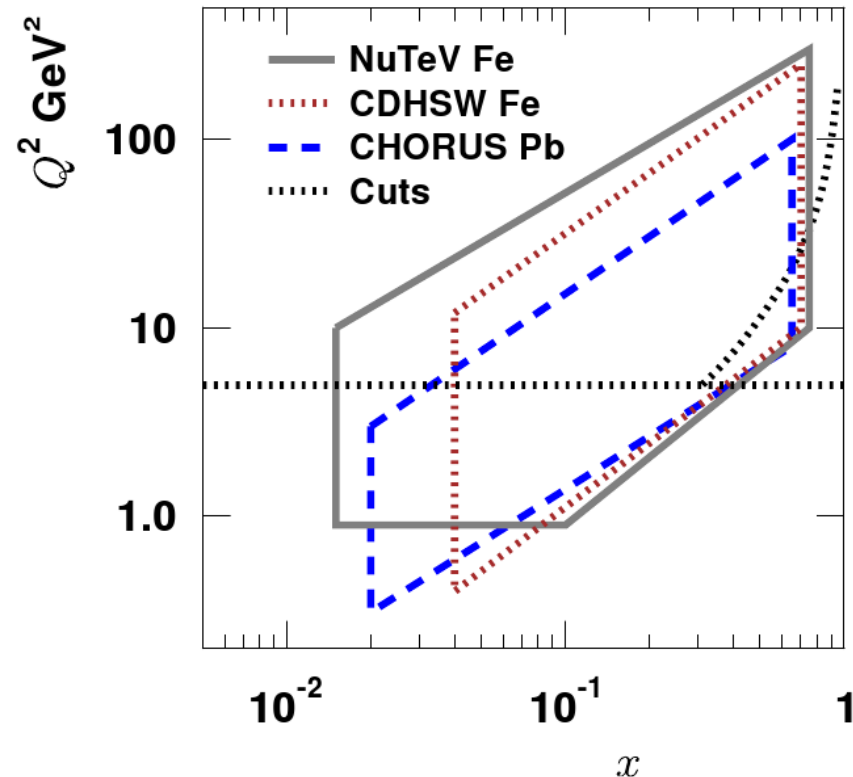
I. Schienbein et.al Phys.Rev. D77:054013,2008



- If true, would make the ν -A data practically useless for constraining e.g. free proton strange quark PDFs.
- Exposing the predictions from latest free proton PDFs (CTEQ6.6), and their nuclear modifications (EPS09) to larger data sample, we argue that **no problems exist...**

Experimental input

- **Three ν -A DIS data sets:** NuTeV (Fe), CDHSW (Fe), CHORUS (Pb)
- **Use the pure cross-section data, not the extracted structure functions.**
- **Kinematical cuts:** $Q_{\text{cut}}^2 > 5 \text{ GeV}^2$, $W_{\text{cut}}^2 > 12 \text{ GeV}^2$
 - NuTeV : 2041 data points
 - CDHSW : 700 data points
 - CHORUS: 768 data points
- **Lot of kinematical overlap among the data sets.**



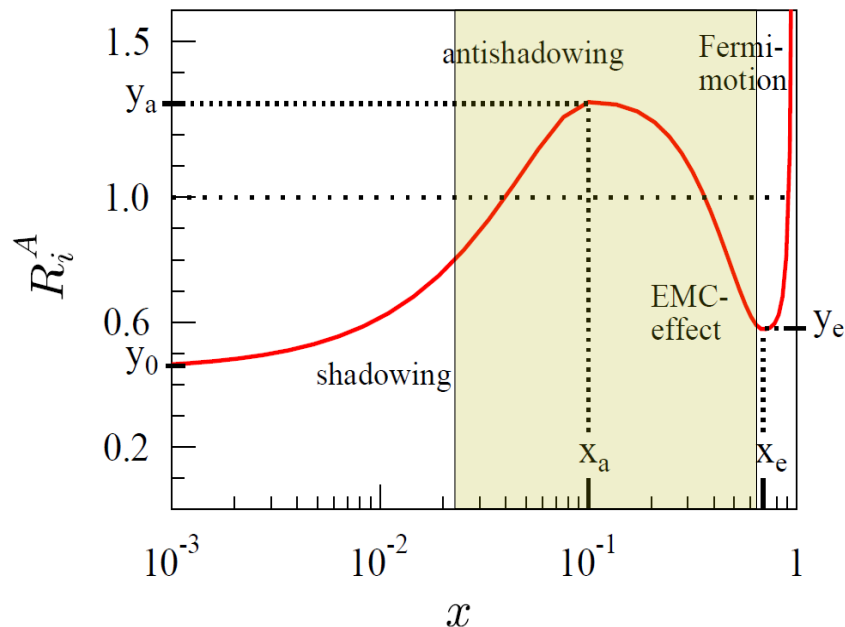
Theoretical Framework

- **Standard NLO, QCD-improved parton model augmented with:**

- **Up-to-date CTEQ6.6 PDFs** $f_k^{\text{proton}}(x, Q^2)$

- **Nuclear modifications** $R^A(x, Q^2)$ from EPS09

$$f_k^{\text{proton},A}(x, Q^2) = R_k^A(x, Q^2) f_k^{\text{proton}}(x, Q^2)$$



Range of ν -data

- **SACOT-prescription to account for heavy quark effects**

Theoretical Framework

- **Corrections for Target mass & Electroweak radiation:**

1. Target mass: *Qiu, Accardi, JHEP 0807 (2008) 090*

$$\int_x^1 \frac{dz}{z} \omega_{ik}(z) f_k^A\left(\frac{x}{z}\right) \rightarrow \int_x^1 \frac{dz}{z} \omega_{ik}(z) f_k^A\left(\frac{\xi}{z}\right)$$

$$\xi \equiv 2x / (1 + \sqrt{1 + 4x^2 M^2 / Q^2})$$

2. Electroweak radiation: *Arbuzov, Bardin, Kalinovskaya, JHEP 0506 (2005) 078*

$$F_i^A = \sum_k [\omega_{ik}^{\text{LO}} (1 + \Delta_k^{\text{radiative}}) + \omega_{ik}^{\text{NLO}}] \otimes f_k^A$$

The Results

Incorruptible measure: The χ^2 -values

- The χ^2 -values without radiative or target mass corrections:

No RAD + No TM	CTEQ6.6	CTEQ6.6 + EPS09
NuTeV	1.35	1.05
CHORUS	1.23	1.06
CDHSW	0.96	0.85

- The χ^2 -values with radiative and target mass corrections:

RAD + TM	CTEQ6.6	CTEQ6.6 + EPS09
NuTeV	1.51	1.05
CHORUS	1.15	0.78
CDHSW	1.10	0.69

Incorruptible measure: The χ^2 -values

- The χ^2 -values without radiative or target mass corrections:

No RAD + No TM	CTEQ6.6	CTEQ6.6 + EPS09
NuTeV	1.35	1.05
CHORUS	1.23	1.06
CDHSW	0.96	0.85

- The χ^2 -values with radiative and target mass corrections:

RAD + TM	CTEQ6.6	CTEQ6.6 + EPS09
NuTeV	1.51	1.05
CHORUS	1.15	0.78
CDHSW	1.10	0.69

Extremely good χ^2 -values!

Incorruptible measure: The χ^2 -values

- The χ^2 -values without radiative or target mass corrections:

No RAD + No TM	CTEQ6.6	CTEQ6.6 + EPS09
NuTeV	1.35	1.05
CHORUS	1.23	1.06
CDHSW	0.96	0.85

- The χ^2 -values with radiative and target mass corrections:

RAD + TM	CTEQ6.6	CTEQ6.6 + EPS09
NuTeV	1.51	1.05
CHORUS	1.15	0.78
CDHSW	1.10	0.69

Extremely good χ^2 -values!

Something strange going on with the NuTeV data?

Figures tell more than 1000 words...

- **The Data/Theory ratios...**

$$R^{\text{CTEQ6.6}} \equiv \frac{\sigma^{\nu, \bar{\nu}} (\text{Experimental})}{\sigma^{\nu, \bar{\nu}} (\text{CTEQ6.6})}$$

$$R^{\text{CTEQ6.6} \times \text{EPS09}} \equiv \frac{\sigma^{\nu, \bar{\nu}} (\text{CTEQ6.6} \times \text{EPS09})}{\sigma^{\nu, \bar{\nu}} (\text{CTEQ6.6})}$$

...do not display much Q^2 -dependence.

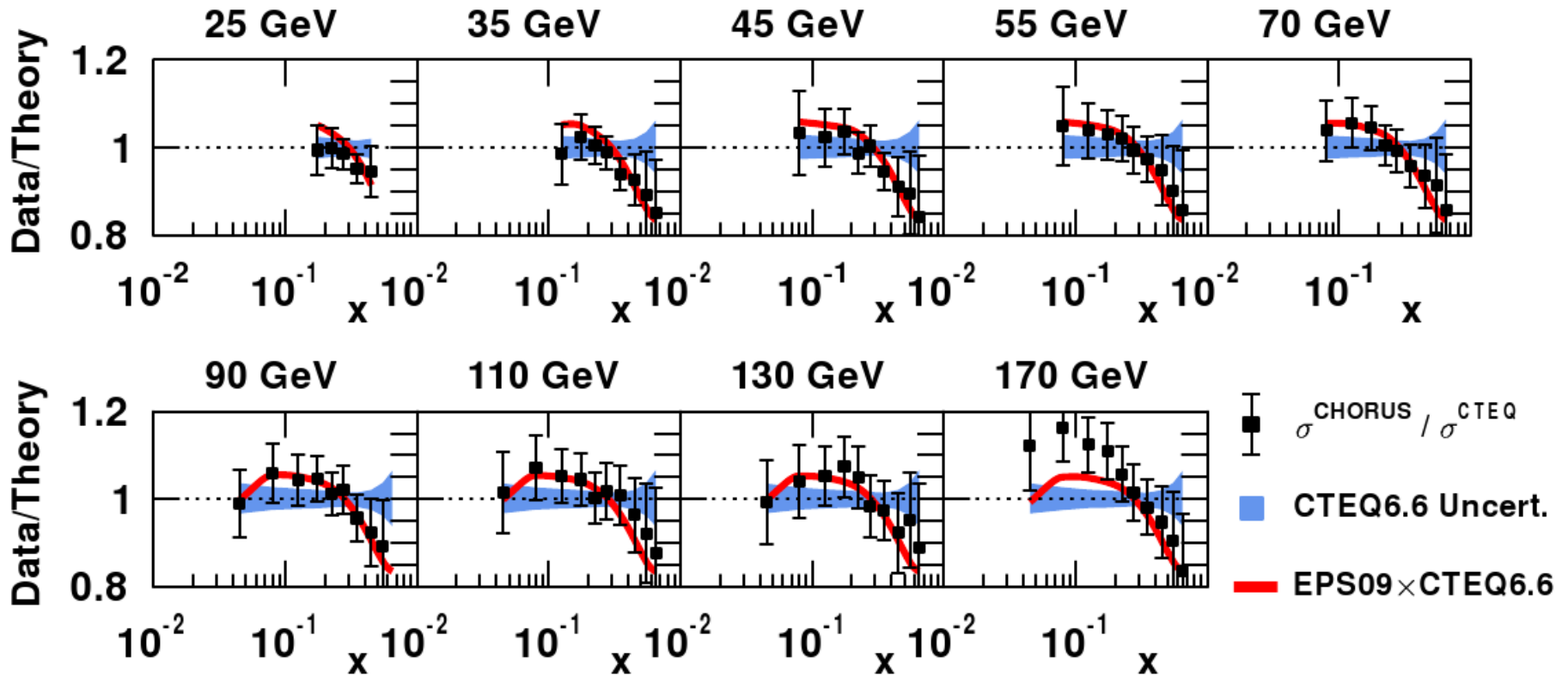
- **Plot the Q^2 -averaged Data/Theory ratios instead**

$$R_{\text{Average}}^{\text{CTEQ6.6}} = \left(\sum_{i \in \text{fixed } x}^N \frac{R_i^{\text{CTEQ6.6}}}{\sigma_i} \right) \left(\sum_{i \in \text{fixed } x}^N \frac{1}{\sigma_i} \right)^{-1} \pm N \times \left(\sum_{i \in \text{fixed } x}^N \frac{1}{\sigma_i} \right)^{-1}$$

$$R_{\text{Average}}^{\text{CTEQ6.6} \times \text{EPS09}} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i \in \text{fixed } x}^N R_i^{\text{CTEQ6.6} \times \text{EPS09}}$$

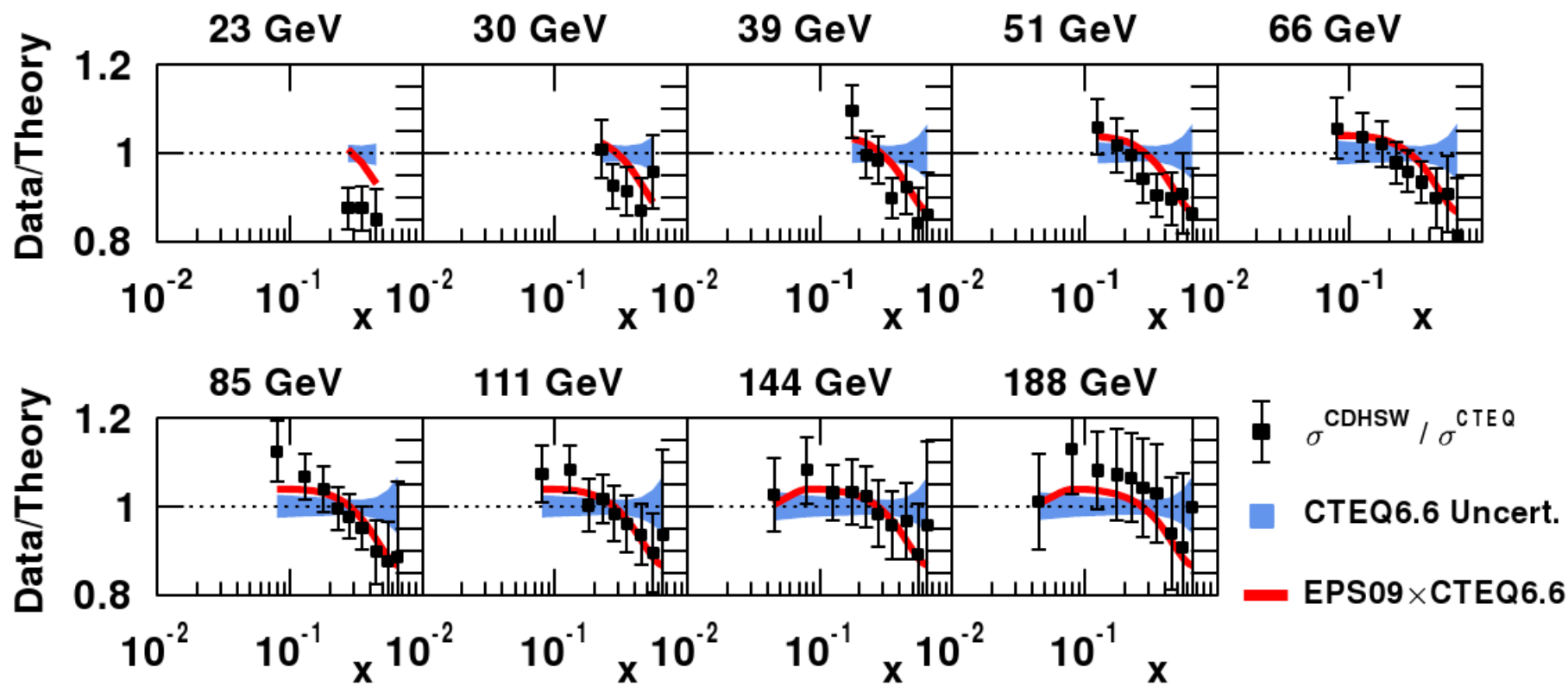
CHORUS (Pb)

Neutrino beam, Q^2 -Average



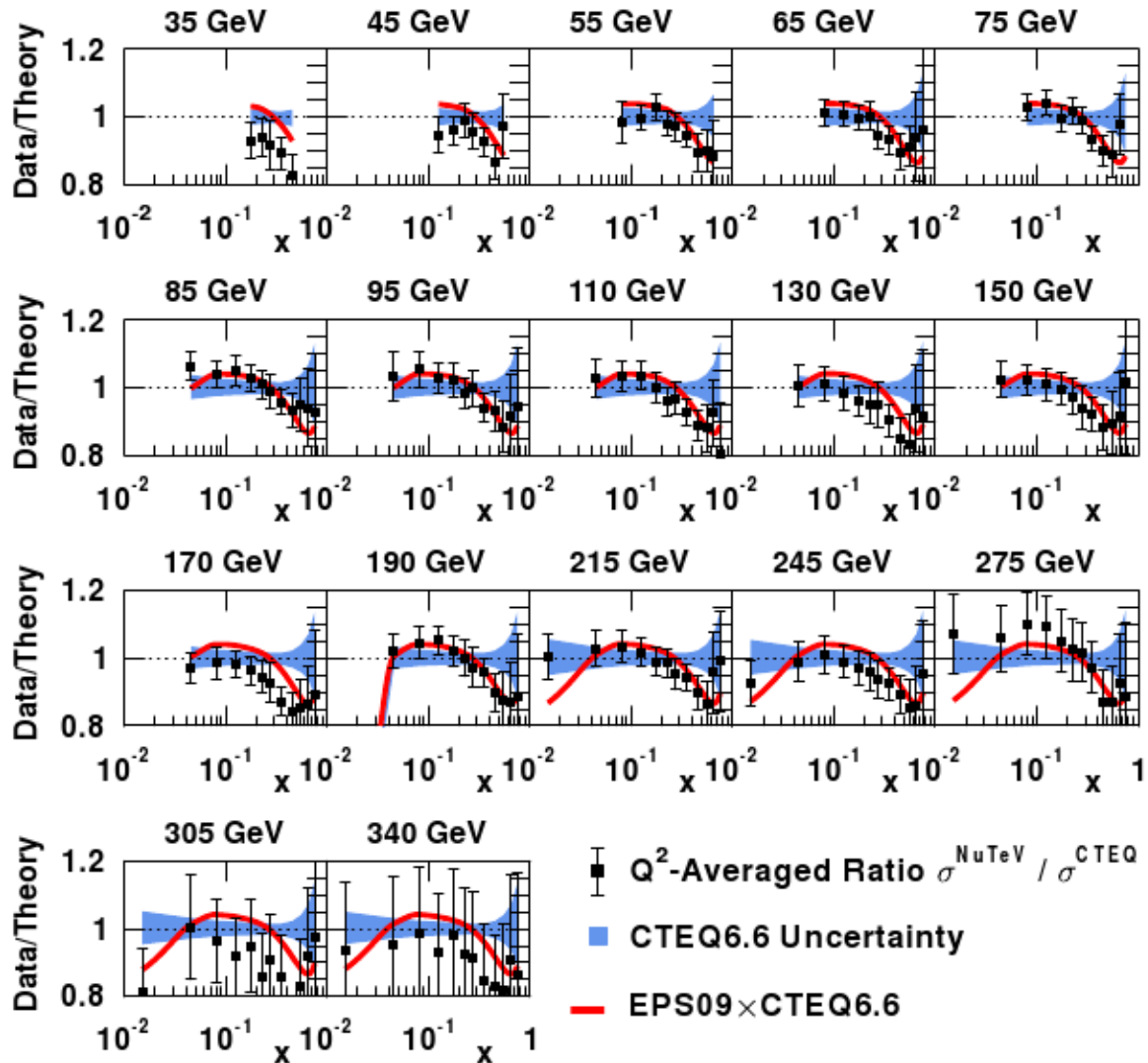
CDHSW (Fe)

Neutrino beam, Q^2 -Average



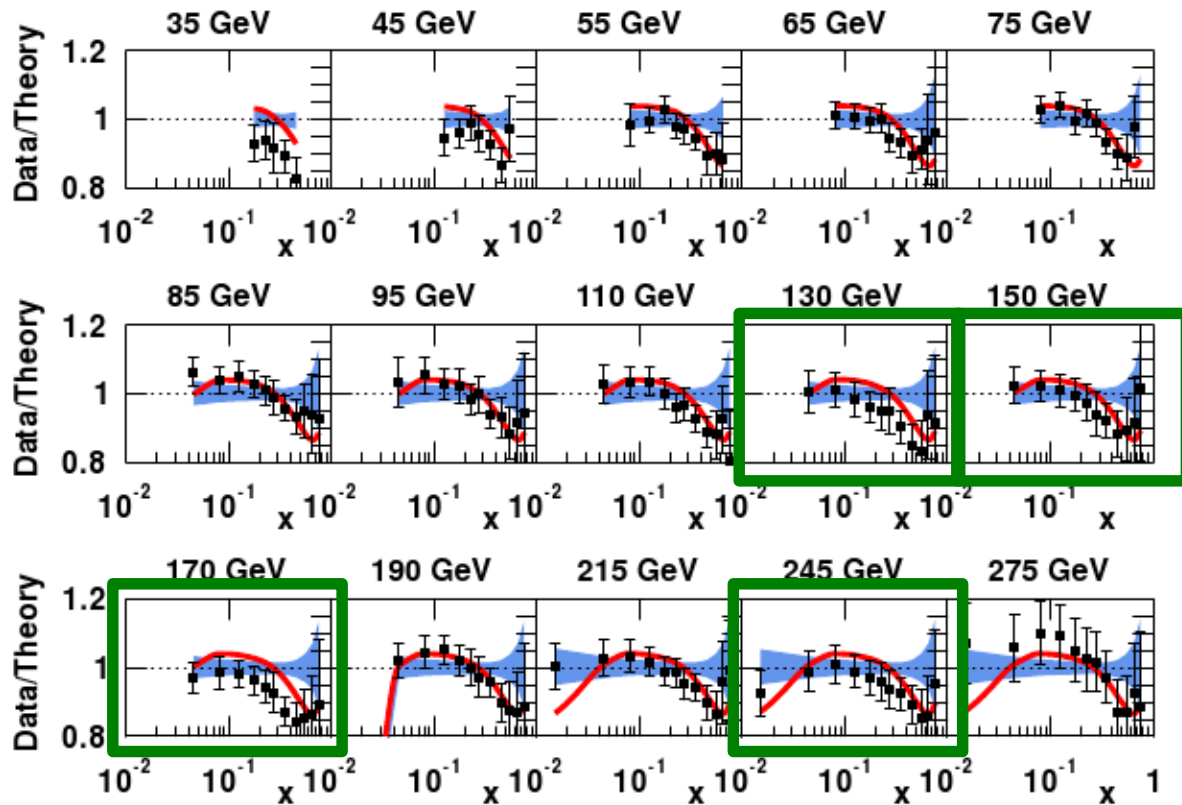
NuTeV (Fe)

Neutrino beam, Q^2 -Average



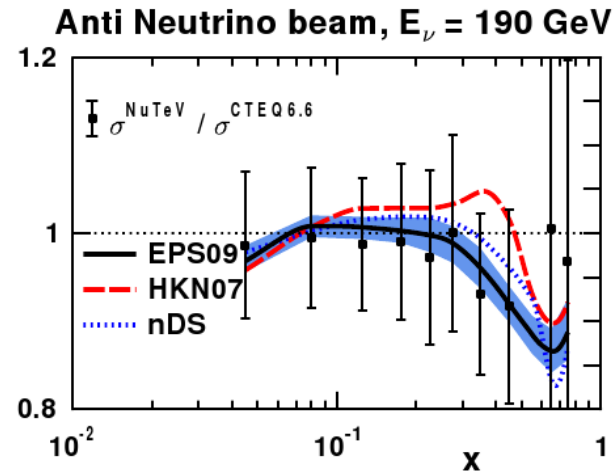
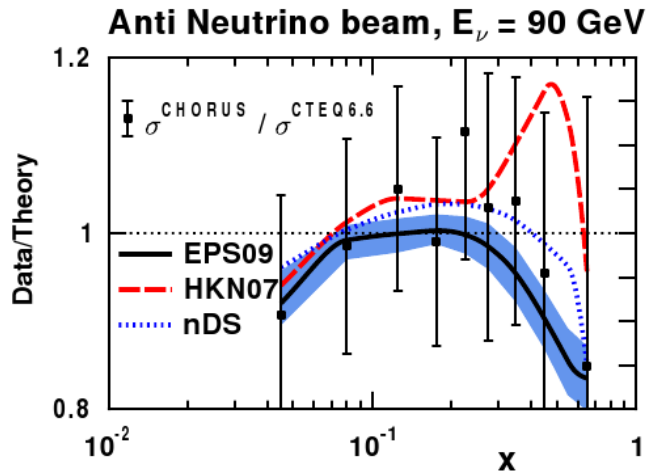
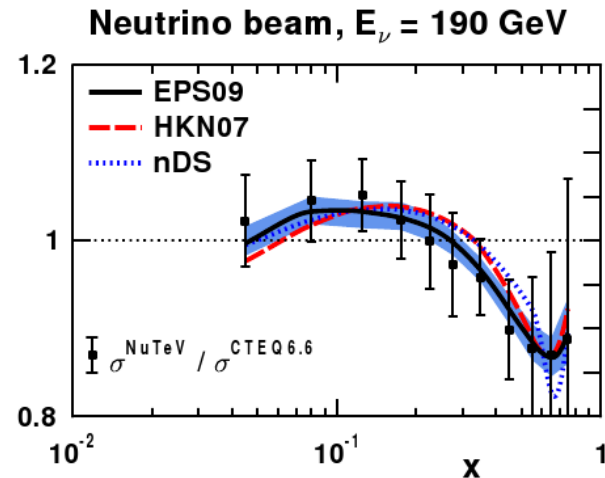
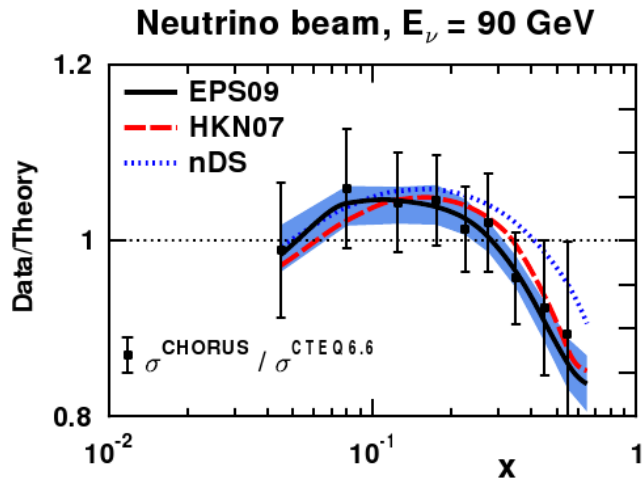
NuTeV (Fe)

Neutrino beam, Q^2 -Average



The NuTeV neutrino data in different E_ν bins display some mutual tension!!

Comparison to other sets of nPDFs



- The evident differences imply that use of neutrino data should be helpful in nPDF fits.

In short:

- Comparison to CHORUS and CDHSW data display an excellent agreement with the CTE6.6+EPS09 predictions!
- We found evidence of internal tension within the NuTeV data.
 - This could be the origin of the controversy found by CTEQ.
 - Can't be taken as a discriminative factor for conclusions about the relatively small nuclear effects in PDFs.
- Thus, nuclear effects in ν -A DIS are in line with those extracted from charged lepton DIS and Drell-Yan dilepton production.

The factorization of nPDFs in ν -A DIS seems to be working well!