#### Combination and QCD Analysis of the HERA Inclusive Cross Sections



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#### on behalf of the HI and ZEUS Collaborations ICHEP 2010, Paris



#### Outline:

- HI and ZEUS at the HERA collider
- Data Combination
- QCD Analysis
- Results and Comparisons
- Summary



### HERA at DESY

**H1** 

#### • HERA is world's only e<sup>±</sup>p collider

- located at DESY, Hamburg Germany
- In operation for 15 years (1992-2007)
- HI and ZEUS collider experiments





2



ZEUS



3

HI and ZEUS kinematics span over 6 orders of magnitude in x and  $Q^{2}$ !



# Combination of the HI and ZEUS Measurements

- Ultimate precision is obtained by combining the HI and ZEUS measurements
- The combination procedure is performed before QCD analysis:
  - The combination of data is performed using the  $\chi^2$  minimisation procedure
    - I402 of HERA I HI and ZEUS measurements were combined into 741 unique cross section points with 113 correlated systematic sources.
    - > Improvement on Statistical precision:
      - HI and ZEUS collected similar amounts of physics data.
    - > Improvement of Systematic precision:
      - HI and ZEUS are different detectors and use different analysis techniques;
      - The HI and ZEUS cross sections have different sensitivities to similar sources of correlated systematic uncertainty.



#### Results of Combining HI and ZEUS Data [JHEPOI (2010) 109]

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The combination procedure yields a consistent data set:

- χ<sup>2</sup>/dof=637/656
- Before combination, the systematic errors are ~3 times larger than statistical for Q<sup>2</sup><100 GeV<sup>2</sup>
- After combination, the systematic errors are of same precision as the statistical errors, reaching 1% total precision!

### **QCD** Analysis Framework

#### • Data Sets:

- HERA I combined data [JHEP01 (2010) 109]
  - v NC e<sup>-</sup>, CC e<sup>-</sup>, CC e<sup>+</sup> (Q<sup>2</sup>>100 GeV<sup>2</sup>)
  - v NC e<sup>+</sup> (Q<sup>2</sup>>0.045 GeV<sup>2</sup>)
- Combined HERA II Low Energy Data Set of Ep=460, 575 GeV [prelim.]
   v Q<sup>2</sup>>2.5 GeV<sup>2</sup>
- Combined HERA I+high Q<sup>2</sup> HERA II data [prelim.]
- QCD Fit settings:
  - NLO (and NNLO) DGLAP evolution equations
  - RT-VFNS (as for MSTW08)
    - v Other schemes were investigated as well: RT (optimal), ACOT (full and  $\chi$ ), FFNS
  - PDF parametrised at the starting scale  $Q_0^2$ :
    - $\mathbf{G}, \mathbf{u_{val}}, \mathbf{d_{val}}, \overline{\mathbf{U}} = \overline{\mathbf{u}}(+\overline{\mathbf{c}}), \overline{\mathbf{D}} = \overline{\mathbf{d}} + \overline{\mathbf{s}}(+\overline{\mathbf{b}})$

 $xf(x,Q_0^2) = Ax^B(1-x)^C(1+Dx+Ex^2)$ 

- Apply quark number and momentum sum rules
- The optimum number of parameters chosen by saturation of the  $\chi^2$ 
  - central fit with 10 free parameters
  - χ<sup>2</sup>/dof=574/582

Scheme	TRVFNS
Evolution	QCDNUM17.02
Order	NLO
$Q_0^2$	$1.9 \ { m GeV^2}$
$f_s = s/D$	0.31
Renorm. scale	$Q^2$
Factor. scale	$Q^2$
$Q^2_{min}$	$3.5~{ m GeV^2}$
$\alpha_S(M_Z)$	0.1176
$M_c$	$1.4  { m GeV}$
$M_b$	$4.75~{ m GeV}$

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#### Sources of PDF uncertainties at HERA

- Experimental Uncertainties:
  - Consistent data sets  $\rightarrow$  use  $\Delta \chi^2 = I$
- Model Uncertainties:
  - following variations have been considered

Variation	Standard Value	Lower Limit	Upper Limit
$f_s$	0.31	0.23	0.38
$m_c$ [GeV]	1.4	1.35	1.65
$m_b$ [GeV]	4.75	4.3	5.0
$Q^2_{min}$ [GeV <sup>2</sup> ]	3.5	2.5	5.0

- Parametrisation Uncertainties:
  - An envelope formed from PDF fits using other variants of parametrisation form at the starting scale:
    - v Scanning of II parameter space
    - $\nabla Q_0^2$  variation and negative gluon parametrisation
    - v Relaxing assumptions used for central fit



#### HERAPDFI.0 at NLO



- Observe valence like shape of the gluon at the starting scale.
- Parametrisation uncertainty dominates.
- HERAPDFI.0 set available in LHAPDF since v5.8.1 (Dec 2009)

#### HERAPDFI.0 vs NC DIS Data

H1 and ZEUS

 $J_{r,NC}^{+}(x,Q^{2}) \ge 2^{\frac{1}{2}}$ 10 7 Plots show the extended HERA I NC e<sup>+</sup>p = 0.00005, i=21**Fixed Target** 10<sup>6</sup> = 0.00008. i=20 kinematic range of the HERA 00013. i=19 HERAPDF1.0 .00020. i=18 I data as compared to the 0.00032. i=17 10<sup>5</sup> : 0.0005. i=16 fixed target measurements: 0.0008, i=15 0.0013, i=14 10<sup>4</sup> = 0.0020. i=13 = 0.0032.i = 12• Data points include = 0.005, i=11 experimental errors  $10^{3}$ 0.008, i=10 = 0.013. i=9 Fit line includes total error = 0.02, i=8 10<sup>2</sup> x = 0.032, i=7x = 0.05, i=6**HERAPDFL**<sup>0</sup> fit describes 10 x = 0.08, i=5our data well! x = 0.13, i=4x = 0.18, i=3 1 x = 0.25, i=2Extrapolation of the -1 x = 0.40, i=110 HERAPDFI.0 fit agrees well with fixed target data (SLAC 10<sup>-2</sup>) x = 0.65, i=0and BCDMS)! 10 10<sup>3</sup> 10<sup>2</sup> 10<sup>4</sup> 10<sup>5</sup> 10 1  $Q^2/GeV^2$ 

O

0

#### HERAPDFI.0 vs Tevatron Data





 $\circ$  Predictions for high-ET jet cross-sections with full uncertainties compared to the D0 data

• DIS data from HERA predicts Tevatron jets production from ppbar process.

Z and W at Tevatron are well predicted by HERAPDFI.0

• Hence, there is a universal description of partonic processes and all can be described with: HERA input, SM couplings and pQCD evolution!

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### LHC predictions based on HERAPDFI.0



#### HERAPDF fits at NNLO

- Fits performed to HERA I data (as used for HERAPDF1.0) at NNLO using RT-VFNS:
  - $\alpha_{\rm S}({\rm Mz})$  at NLO = 0.1176
  - $\alpha_{s}(Mz)$  at NNLO = 0.1145

scheme	NNLO	NNLO	NLO
All $\chi^2$ /dof	623.7/582	638.3/582	574.4/582

• NNLO fits are slightly worse than NLO

Note: Plots at NNLO are compared to HERAPDFI.0 (NLO) only illustratively → expect to be different!



#### HERAPDF including Low Energy data

xf



• Preliminary HERA Combined Low Energy data available!

 New accurate measurement in Q<sup>2</sup>>2.5 GeV<sup>2</sup> range, sensitive to structure function F<sub>L</sub> are included in the QCD analysis on top of the HERA I data→



 PDFs from the new fit agree very well with HERAPDF1.0

Data sets	HERAPDFI.0	+ Low Energy data
Total $\chi^2$ /dof	574/582	818/806



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 New accurate measurement in Q<sup>2</sup>>2.5 GeV<sup>2</sup> range, sensitive to structure function F<sub>L</sub> are included in the QCD analysis on top of the HERA I data→



- However, The  $Q^2 \ge 5 \text{ GeV}^2$  cut brings large improvement in  $\chi^2$  [818/806  $\rightarrow$  698/771] and it yields different shapes for gluon and sea PDFs.
  - for HERAPDFI.0, Q<sup>2</sup> cut variation is included in the model uncertainty, but it had smaller effect.



### HERA F<sub>L</sub> data vs F<sub>L</sub> predictions

The lines are  $F_L$  predictions using combined HERA I and low energy data.



Low  $Q^2$  region remains very interesting for further QCD tests!



#### Combining HERA I and II Inclusive data

- New HERA II preliminary data available!
  - More precise measurements in the high  $Q^2$  and high x regions (especially NC e<sup>-</sup>p and CC e<sup>±</sup>p)
  - → could constrain better PDFs at high x
- HERA I and HERA II are combined using same averaging procedure as described before:
  - 674 unique cross sections points with 134 sources of systematic uncertainties



### Fits to New Combined HERA data: HERAPDF1.5

- Propagate new data through QCD fit analysis to produce a new set of HERAPDFs: HERAPDF1.5
  - For preliminary studies use same settings as for HERAPDFI.0
  - Parametrisation uncertainty will be further investigated for final release.



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#### HERAPDFI.5 vs HERAPDFI.0

• xg, xu<sub>v</sub>, xd<sub>v</sub>, xSea (xSea=x $\overline{U}$ +x $\overline{D}$ ) at the scale Q<sub>0</sub><sup>2</sup>=10 GeV<sup>2</sup>



- Inclusion of the HERA II data reduces the uncertainties on PDFs in the high x region especially visible on the valence distributions!
  - See HERAPDF1.5(prel) vs HERAPDF1.0



- HERA provides accurate determinations of the proton structure and can predict related Standard Model processes!
- New preliminary measurements from HERA II time period are available in the HERA QCD analyses!
- Using HERA information, we have precise predictions for the LHC and the time has come to confront them with the data!

