

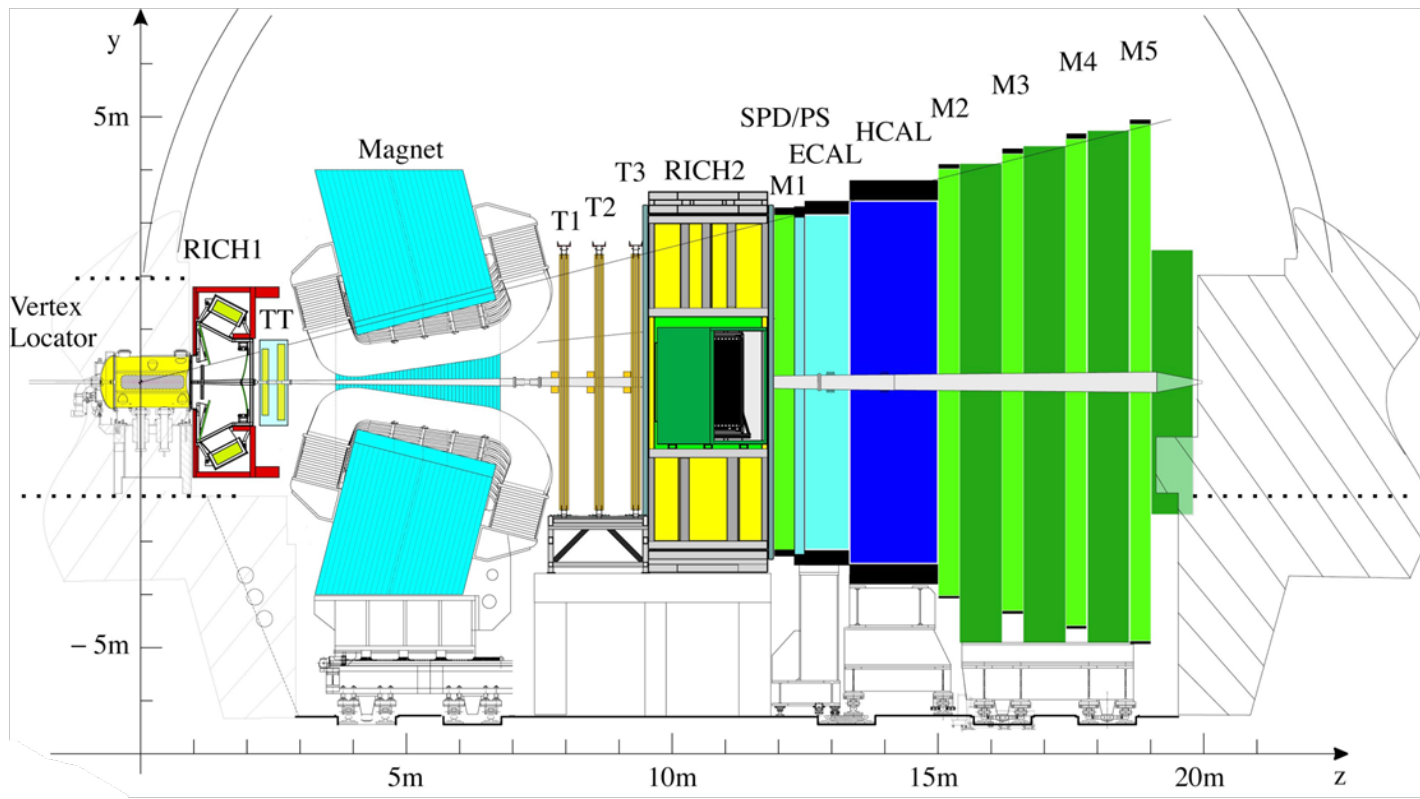
1st Physics Results from LHCb

For the LHCb collaboration

ICHEP, Paris, July 23, 2010

Introduction

- I will report on results from two data samples $\sim 3\text{nb}^{-1}$ that is “untriggered,” all interactions taken, & $\sim 12\text{nb}^{-1}$ that uses selective triggers. Some plots with up to $\sim 100\text{nb}^{-1}$ will be shown



Measurement of

$\sigma(pp \rightarrow b\bar{b}X)$ using

$B \rightarrow D^0 X \mu^- \nu$

Strategy

- Signal: Measure right-sign $D^0 \mu^-$ combinations using tracks not pointing at primary vertex but which form a common vertex. (Use $D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$ decays)
- The two types of D^0 produced are “**Prompt**” and those from B’s “**DfB.**” They can be separated statistically by examining the impact parameter (IP) with respect to the primary vertex (Definition IP: smallest distance between D^0 direction and primary vertex position.)

D⁰ selection criteria - general

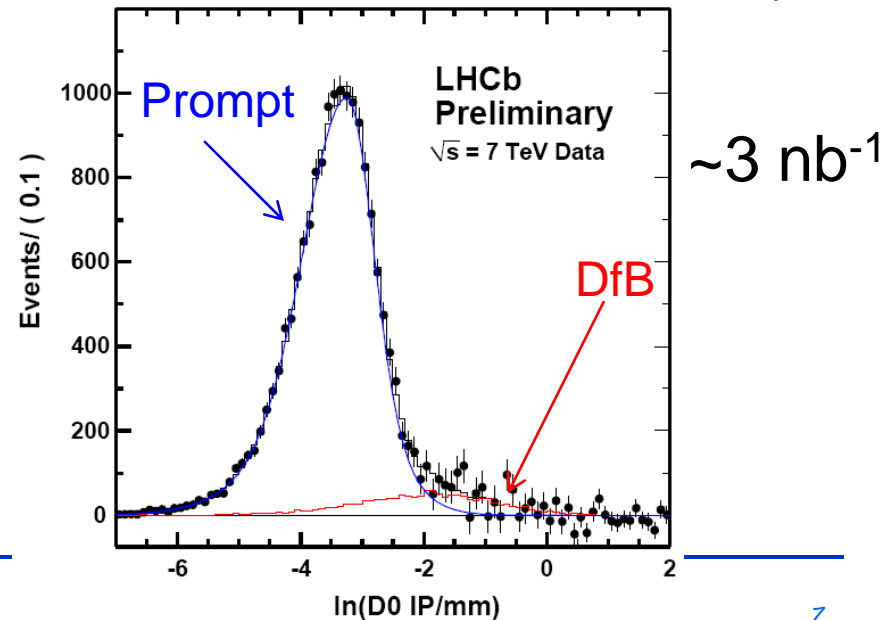
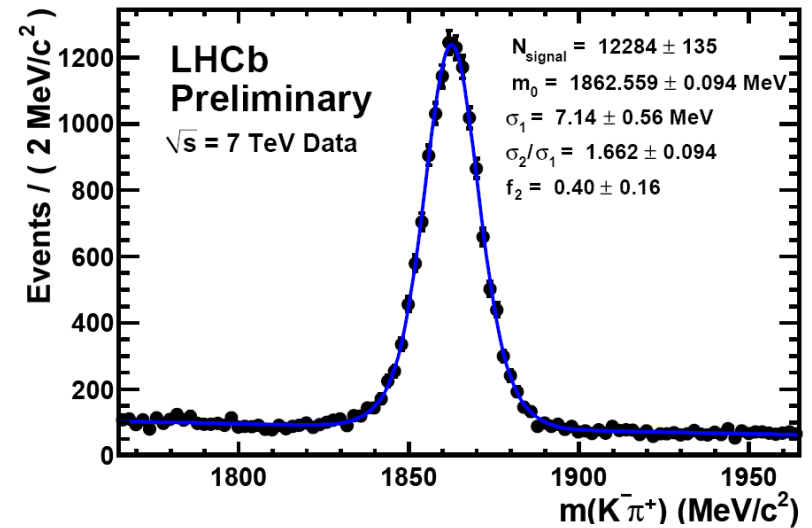
- We want to get D⁰'s from B→D⁰X_{μν} decays,
We know B(b→D⁰X_{μ⁻ν}) = (6.82±0.35)%
- Want to separate D⁰ from background events and mass combinations. A good way to do this is to require that both K & π tracks don't come from the primary vertex & that they form a vertex detached from the primary
- Require minimum p_t so that IP is well defined
- Make sure D⁰ is separated from primary
- Most cuts insensitive to detailed detector performance

Analysis with untriggered sample

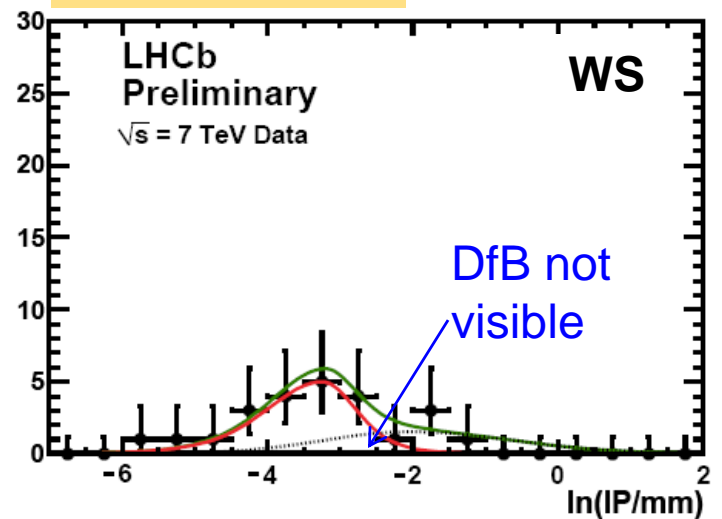
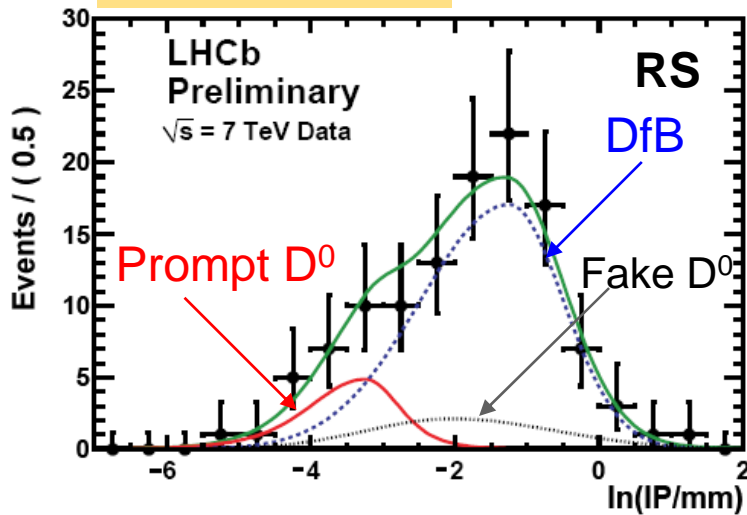
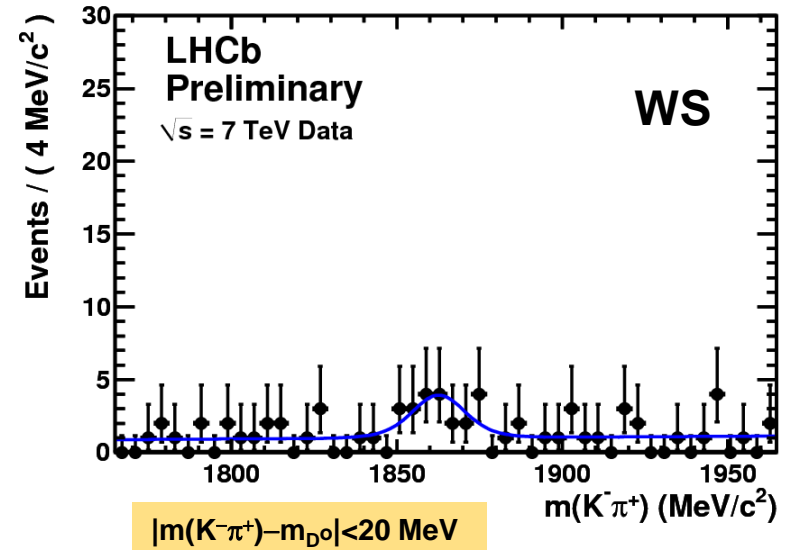
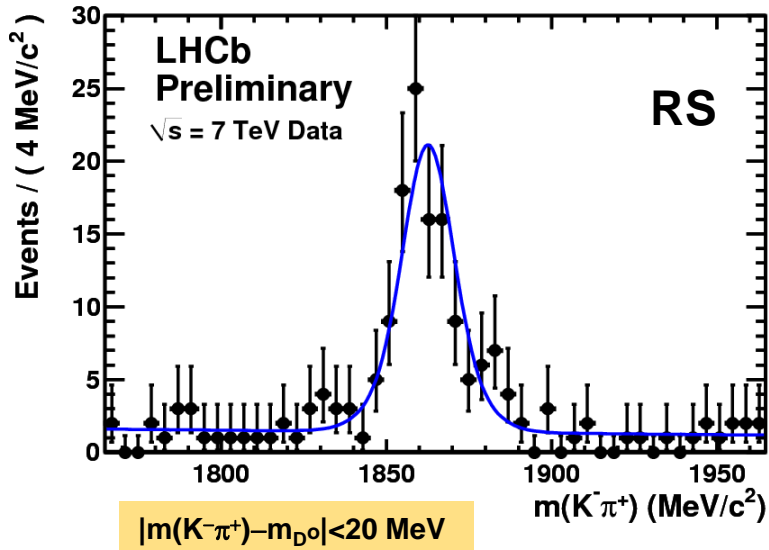
$\sim 3 \text{ nb}^{-1}$

Analysis with Untriggered Sample

- $K^-\pi^+$ mass spectrum used to define signal shape
- IP distribution used to separate Prompt & DfB



Fits to $D^0 \mu$



Fit procedure and results

- Unbinned log-likelihood fit simultaneously to $m(K^-\pi^+)$ & $\ln(IP)$. Separate fits for RS and WS samples
- We take the $m(K^-\pi^+)$ shape from the Prompt.
- The $\ln(IP)$ shape for Prompt is determined from data & that of DfB from MC that matches the IP resolution of the Prompt
- $m(K^-\pi^+)$ sidebands then give the background under the D^0 peak
- Only free parameters are yields

Yields in $|m(K^-\pi^+) - m_{D^0}| < 20$ MeV

$\eta \in [2, 6]$

Yields	RS	WS
Prompt	16.3±5.4	14.9±4.2
DfB	84.1±10.4	0.0±1.1
Fake D^0	14.0±1.9	10.1±1.5

Systematic Errors

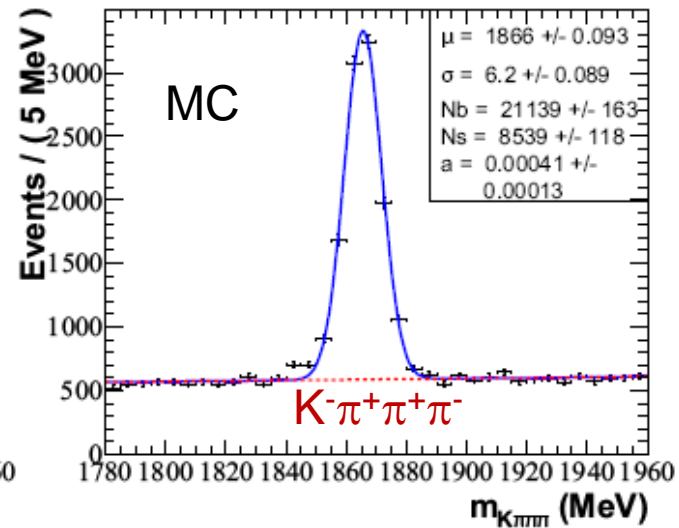
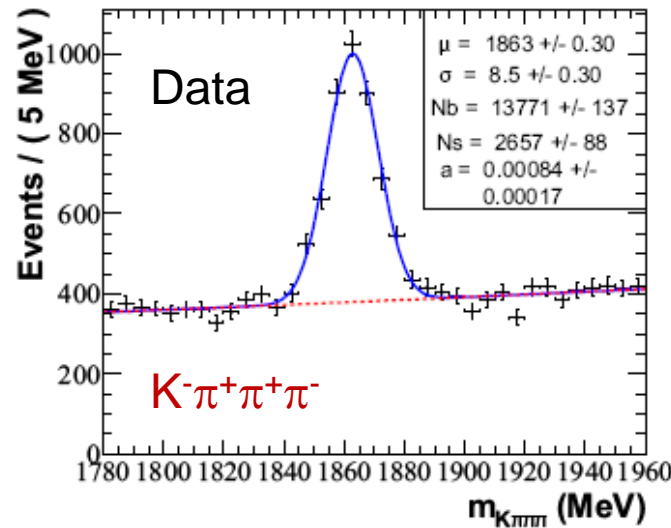
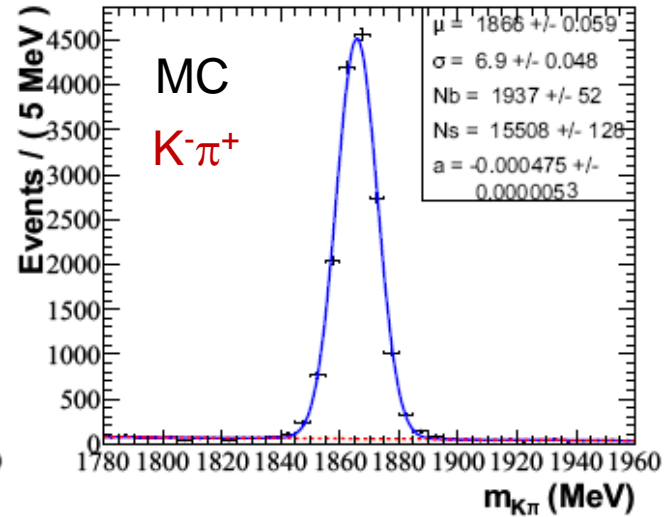
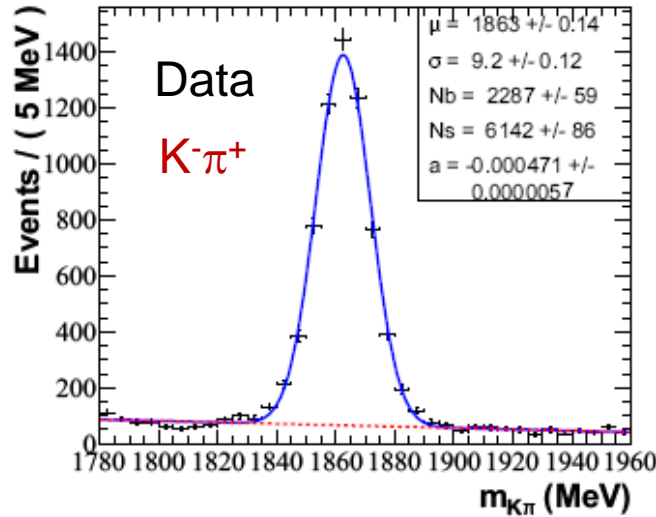
- Determined from data whenever possible
- Ex: Tracking efficiency

Source	Error (%)
IP χ^2	2.5
D^0 Flight Distance	0.4
D^0 vertex χ^2	0.6
π^+ identification	0.3
D^0 mass cut	1.0
Tracking	10.0
$D^0\mu^-$ vertex χ^2	1.2
Muon identification	2.5
Muon fakes	1.0
Kaon identification	1.2
Prompt & DfB Shapes	1.4
$\mathcal{B}(b \rightarrow D^0 X \mu^- \bar{\nu})$	5.1
Fragmentation fractions	4.2
Luminosity	10.0
Efficiency MC Statistics	1.5
Efficiency assumed branching ratios	4.4
Efficiency assumed p_t distribution	3.0
Total	17.2

Tracking efficiency

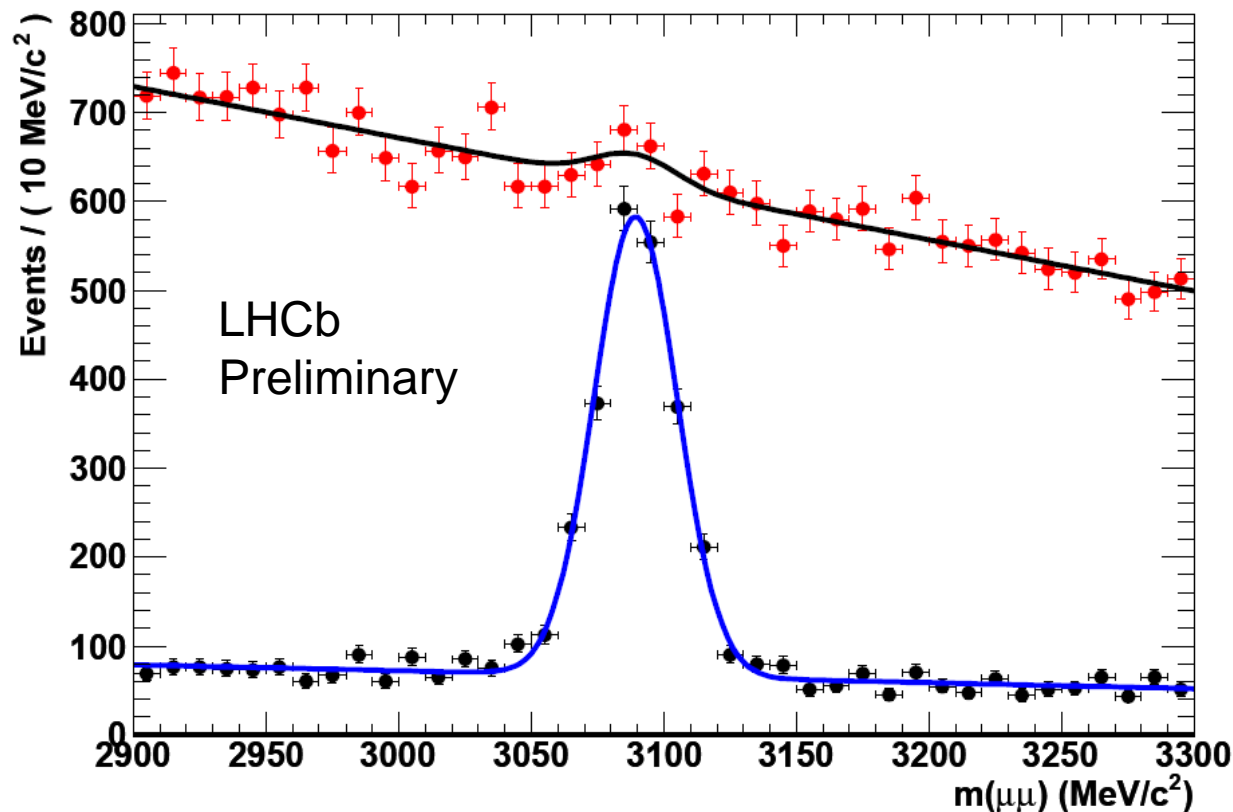
- Ratio of $K3\pi/K\pi$ data/MC gives 1.00 ± 0.03 per track

LHCb preliminary
 $\sim 3 \text{ nb}^{-1}$



Muon Efficiency Determination

- Measure single μ efficiency by using J/ψ with only one μ identified. $\varepsilon_{\text{data/MC}} = (96.9^{+2.4}_{-2.5})\%$



Dependence due to fragmentation

Species	Z ⁰ fraction (%)	Tevatron fraction (%)
B ⁻	40.3±0.9	33.3±3.0
B ⁰	40.3±0.9	33.3±3.0
B _s	10.4±0.9	12.1±1.5
Λ _b	9.1±1.5	21.4±6.8

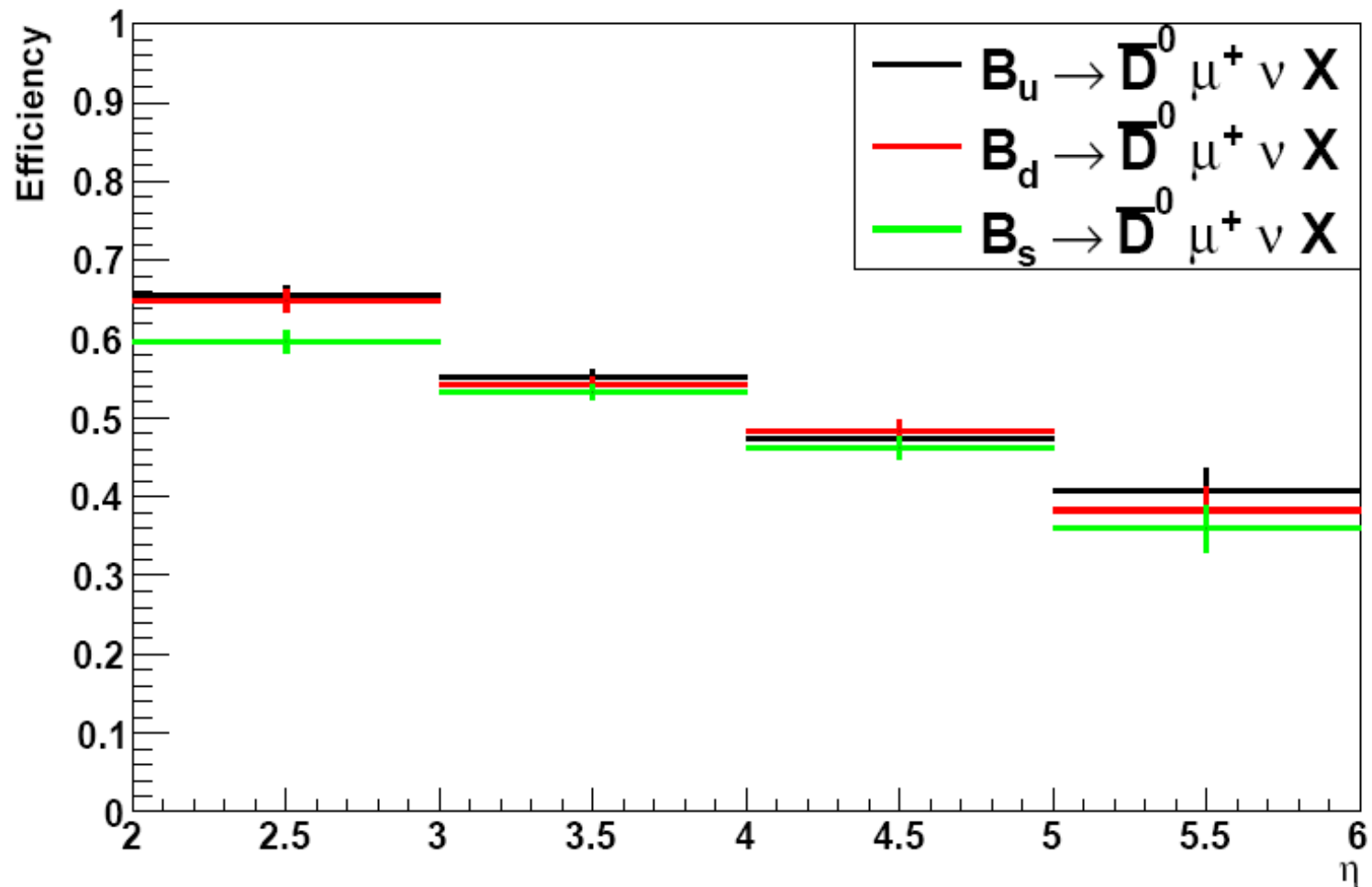
- Using the Tevatron numbers rather than LEP, raises the cross-section by 19%

HLT1 Triggered additional

12 nb⁻¹

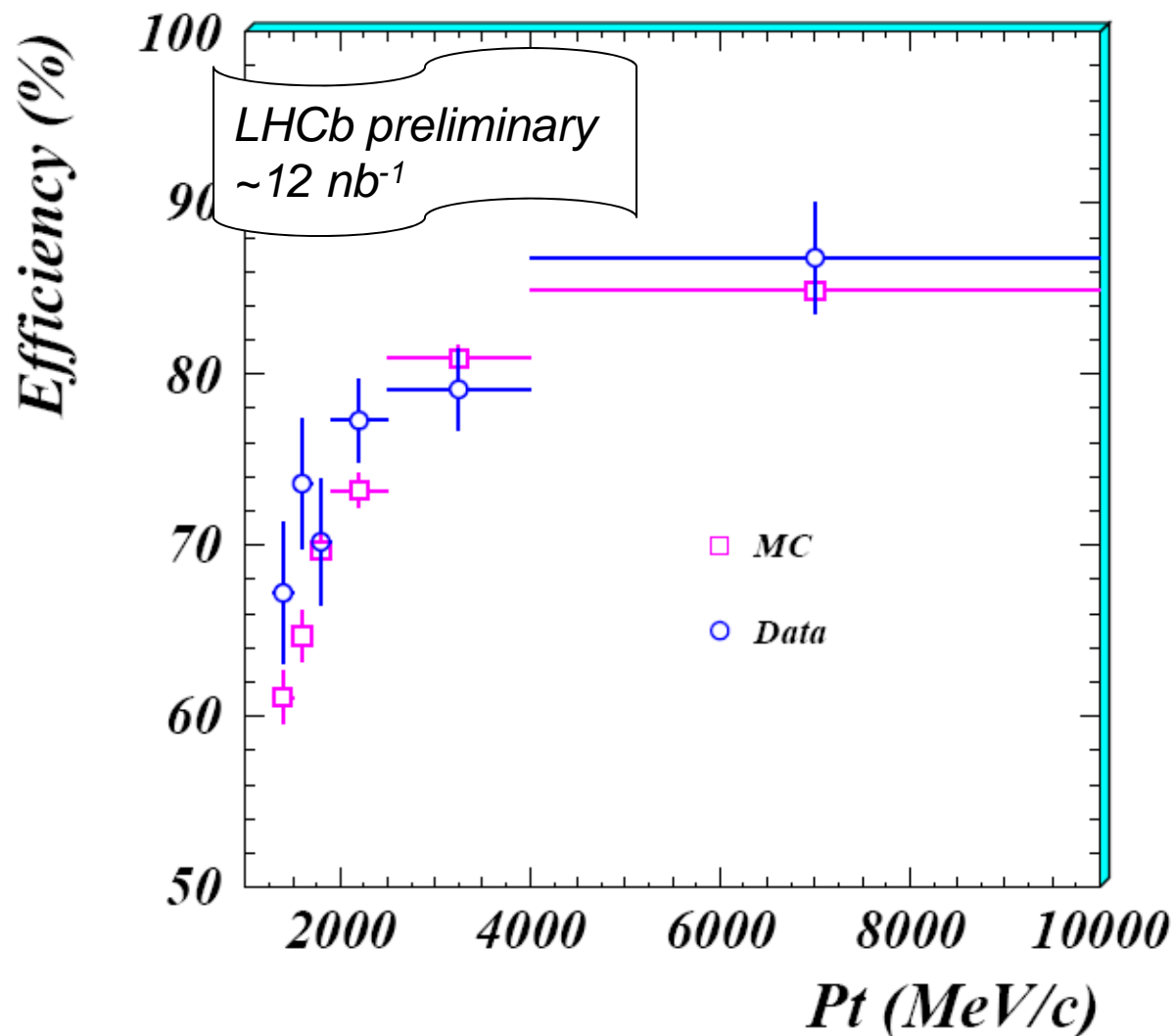
Use single muon trigger with
 $p_t > 1.3 \text{ GeV}/c$ (0.5 GeV/c in
untriggered sample)

Extra problem: Trigger Efficiency

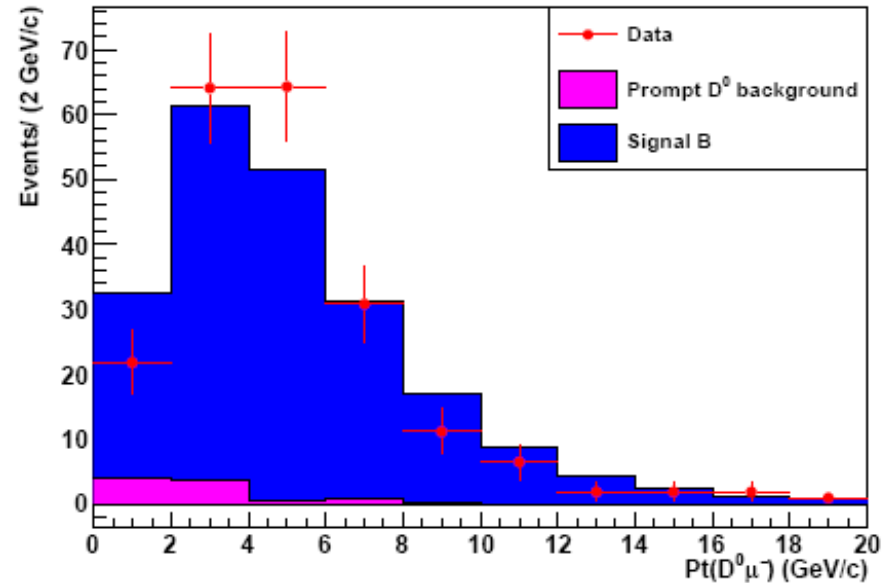
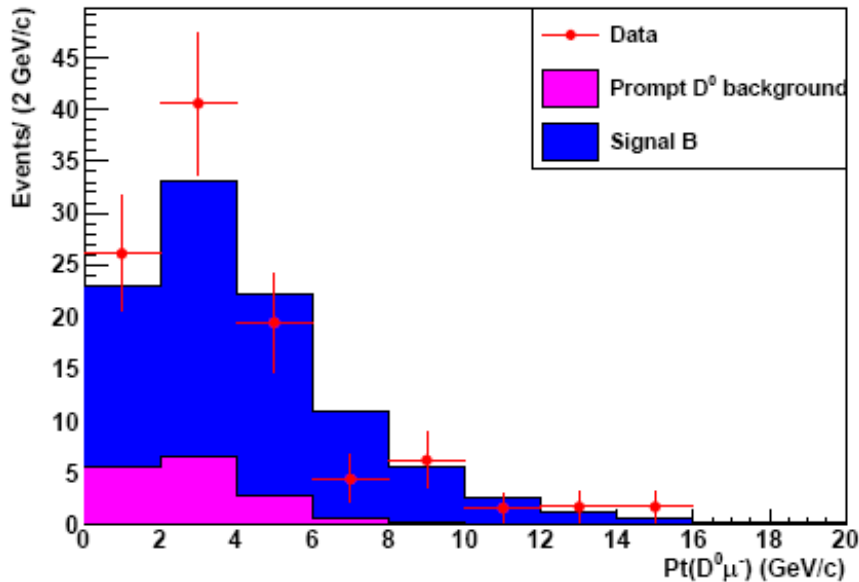


Checked with data

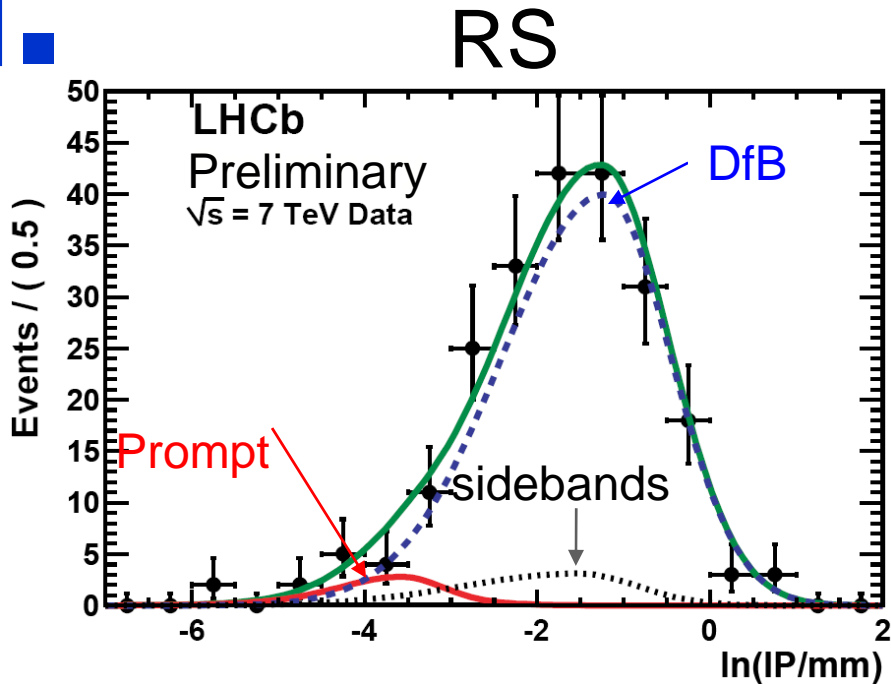
- Evaluated using other triggers that fired independently of the single muon trigger that we use for our signal (TIS)



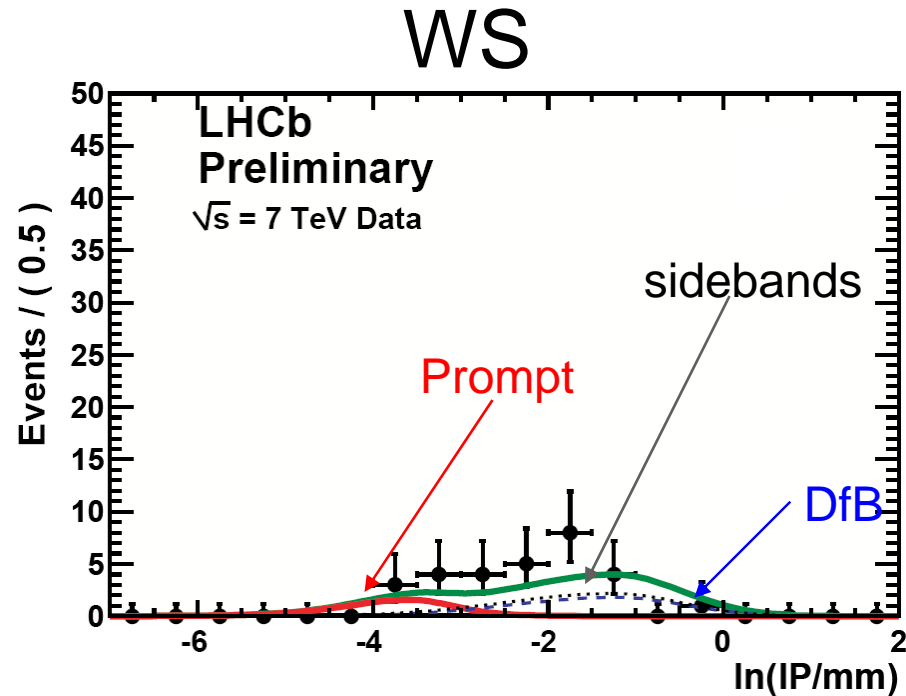
- Checked that $p_t(D^0 + \mu^-)$ agrees with Monte Carlo simulation of b production x detector acceptance



IP distributions from 12/nb



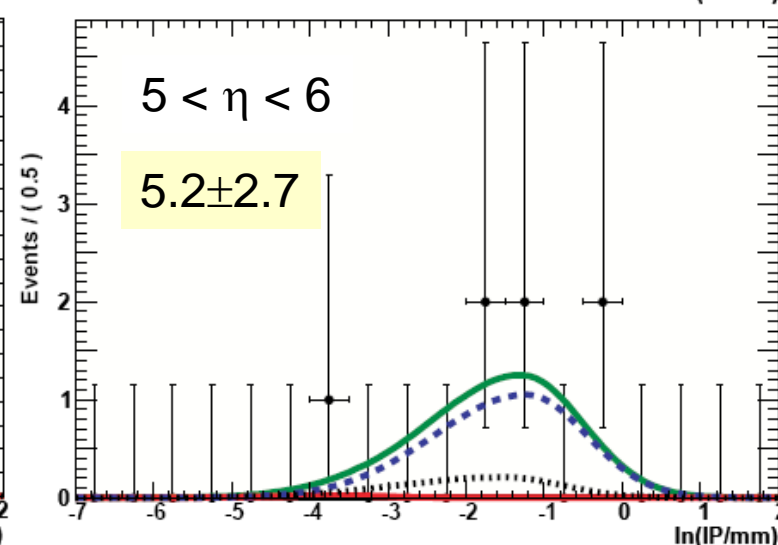
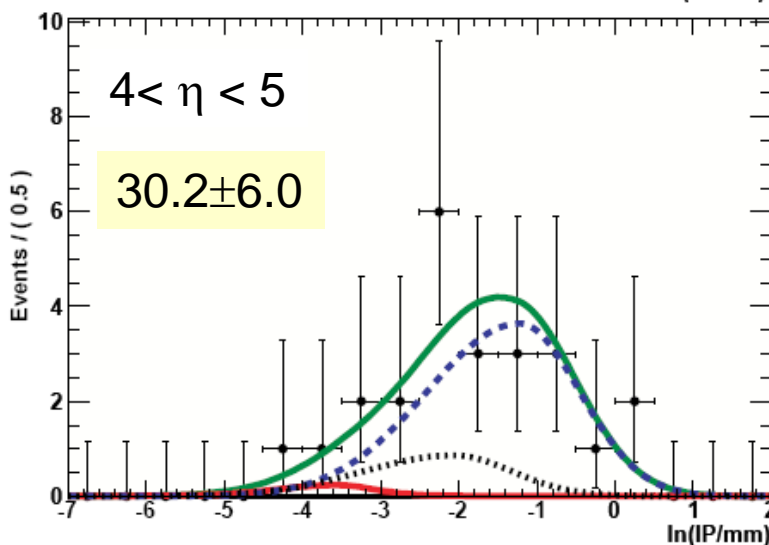
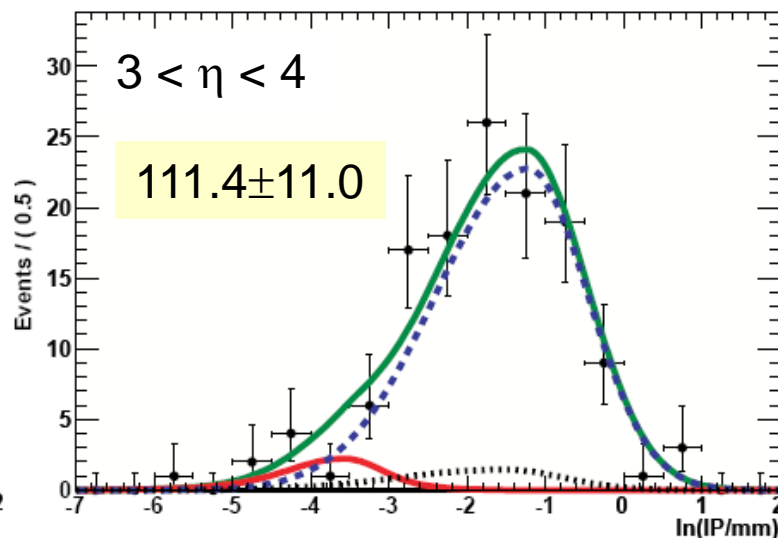
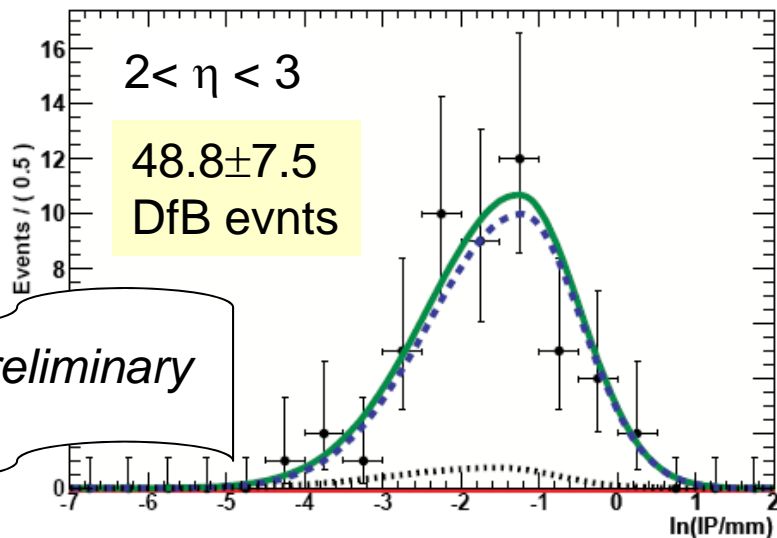
195±15 events



WS: 8.8±5.1 events

$2 < \eta < 6$

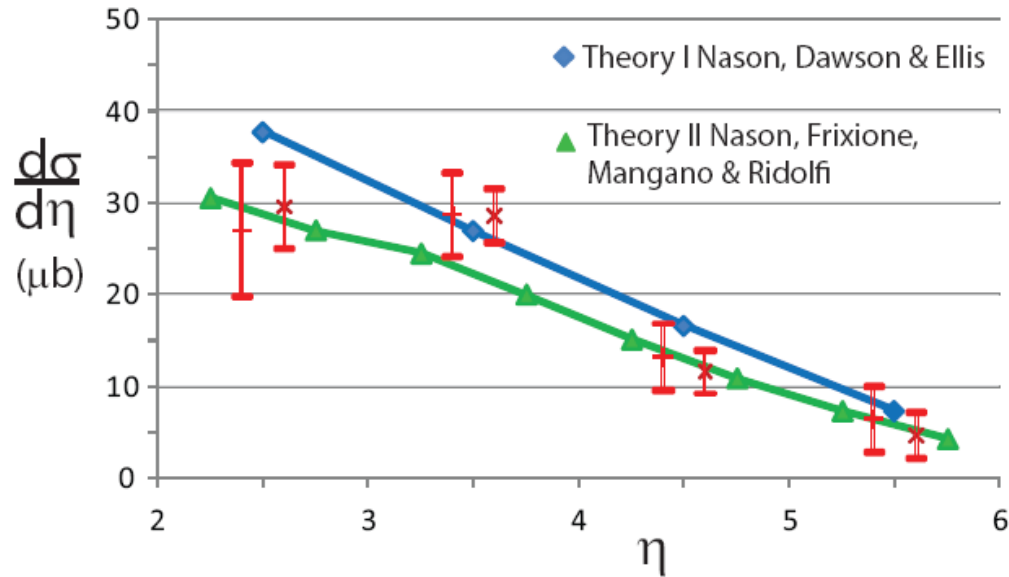
IP distributions from 12/nb in η bins



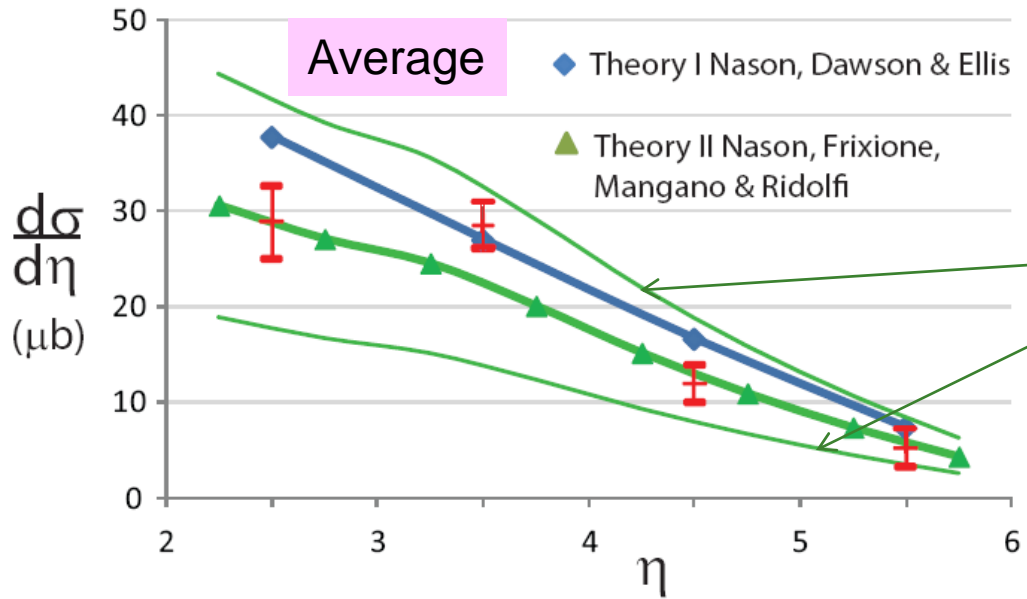
LHCb preliminary
 $\sim 12 \text{ nb}^{-1}$

- Same as in untriggered sample PLUS η dependent trigger efficiency
- We use the uncertainties in the corrections to the trigger efficiency measured using the data (TIS check described earlier) as the systematic error
- This error is added in quadrature to the statistical error in each η bin

$d\sigma/d\eta$ Summary



$$\sigma_{H_b/2} = \frac{\text{\# of detected } D^0 \mu^- \text{ \& } \bar{D}^0 \mu^+}{L \times \text{efficiency} \times 2}$$



$\sigma(pp \rightarrow b\bar{b}X)$ using $D^0 X_{\mu\nu}$ at 7 TeV

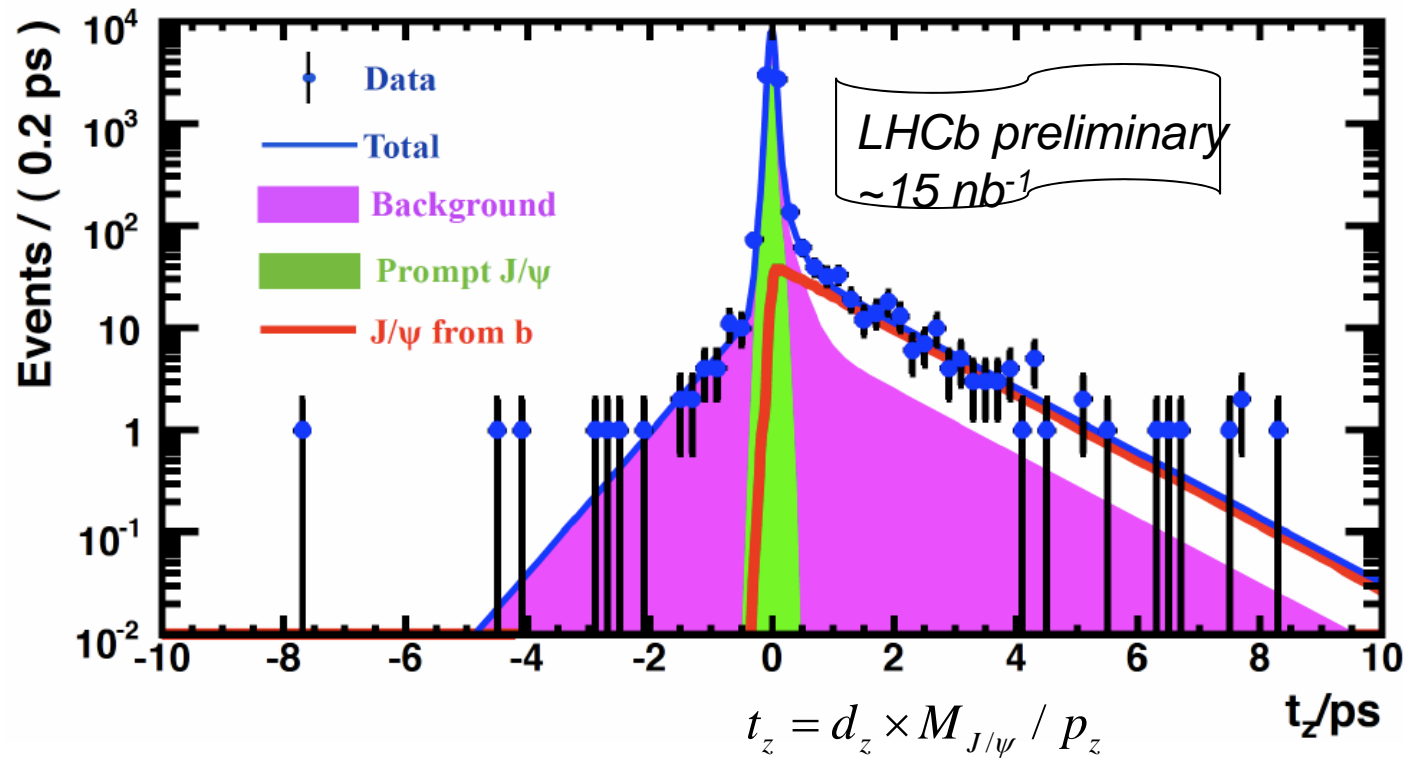
- Exp. Central values assuming LEP fragmentation fractions: All numbers in μb

η	Theory I	Theory II	Untriggered	Single muon trigger	Average
2,6	89	70^{+39}_{-44}	$75.4 \pm 10.0 \pm 13.0$	$74.6 \pm 6.4 \pm 12.8$	$74.9 \pm 5.3 \pm 12.8$
all	332	253^{+114}_{-96}			$282 \pm 20 \pm 48$

- Using Tevatron b-hadron fractions would get 336 μb

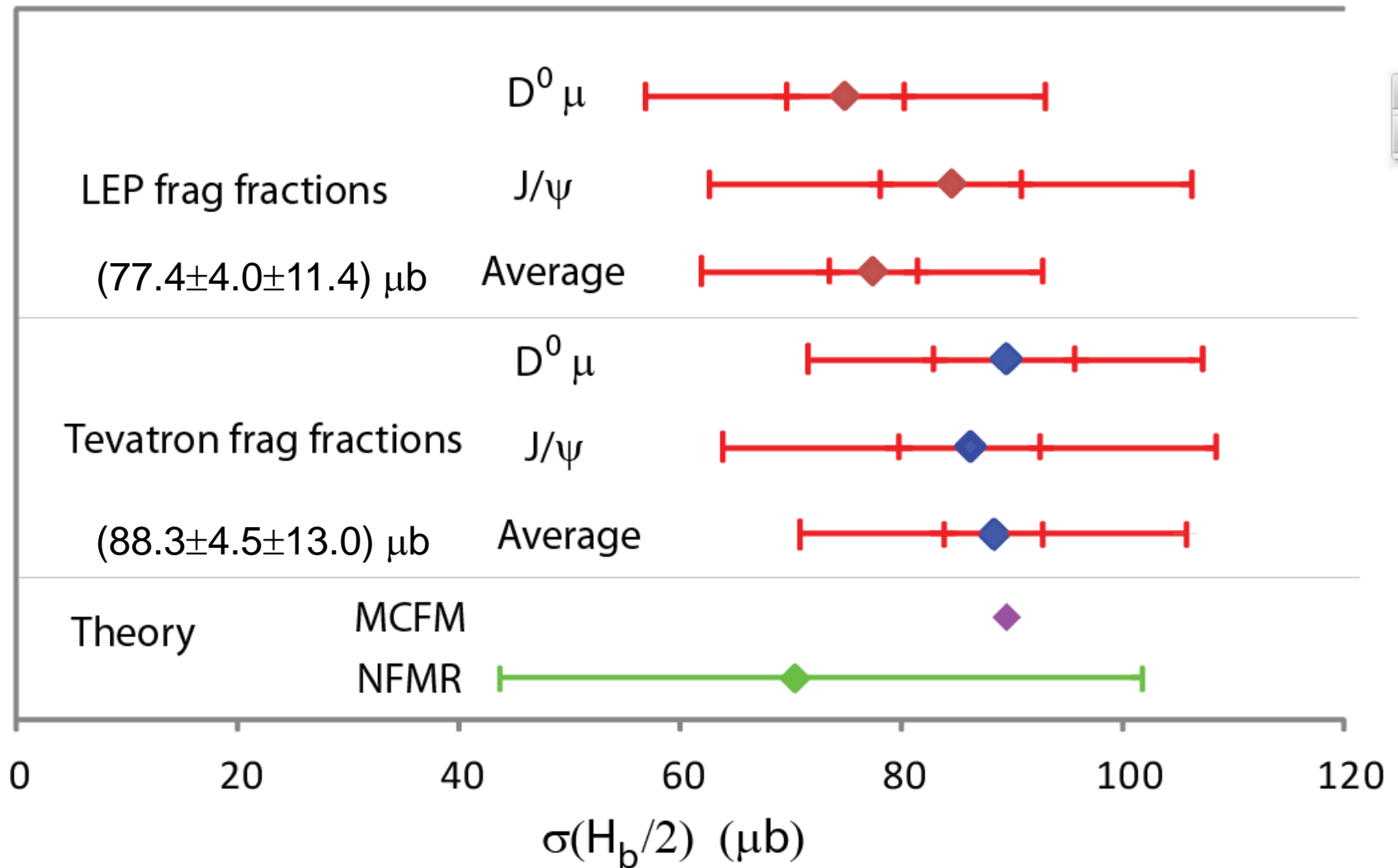
$\sigma(pp \rightarrow bbX)$ using $b \rightarrow J/\psi X$

- See talk of G. Passaleva track 5 22/7 9:30



- In $2 < \eta < 6$, $(84.5 \pm 6.3 \pm 15.6) \mu\text{b}$ LEP frag
- In $2 < \eta < 6$, $86.2 \mu\text{b}$ Tevatron frag

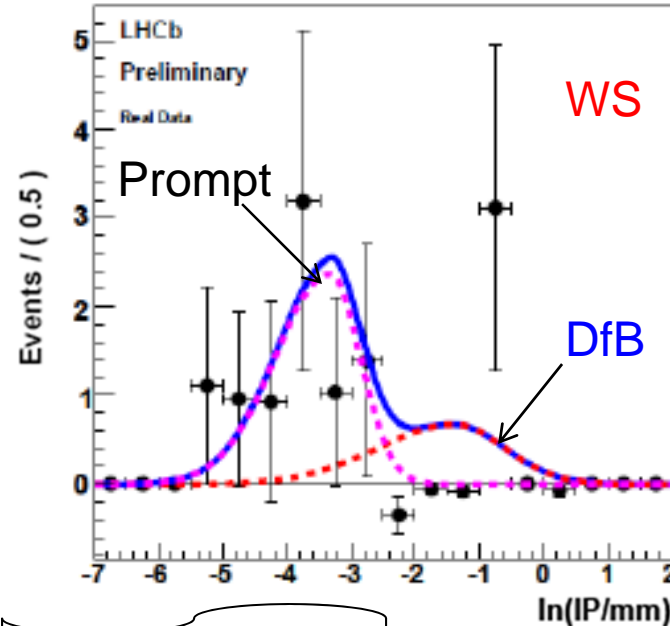
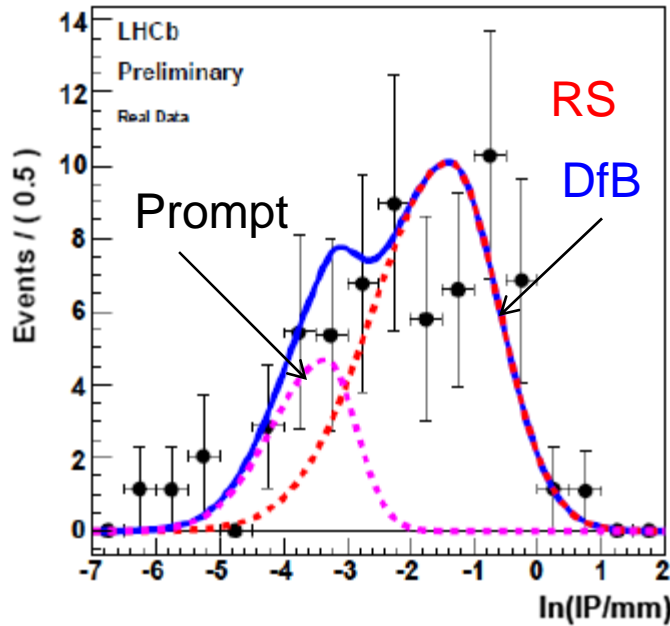
Average $\sigma(pp \rightarrow b\bar{b}X)$



$\sigma(pp \rightarrow b\bar{b}X)$ Over all phase space

- To get over all η multiply by 3.77 (Pythia), 3.63 (MCFM), 3.73 (NFMR)
- $\sigma = (292 \pm 15 \pm 43) \mu\text{b}$ LEP frag fractions
- $\sigma = 333 \mu\text{b}$ Tevatron frag functions
- Theory: MCFM 332 μb , NFMR 254 μb

$$B^0 \rightarrow D^{*\mp} \mu \nu$$

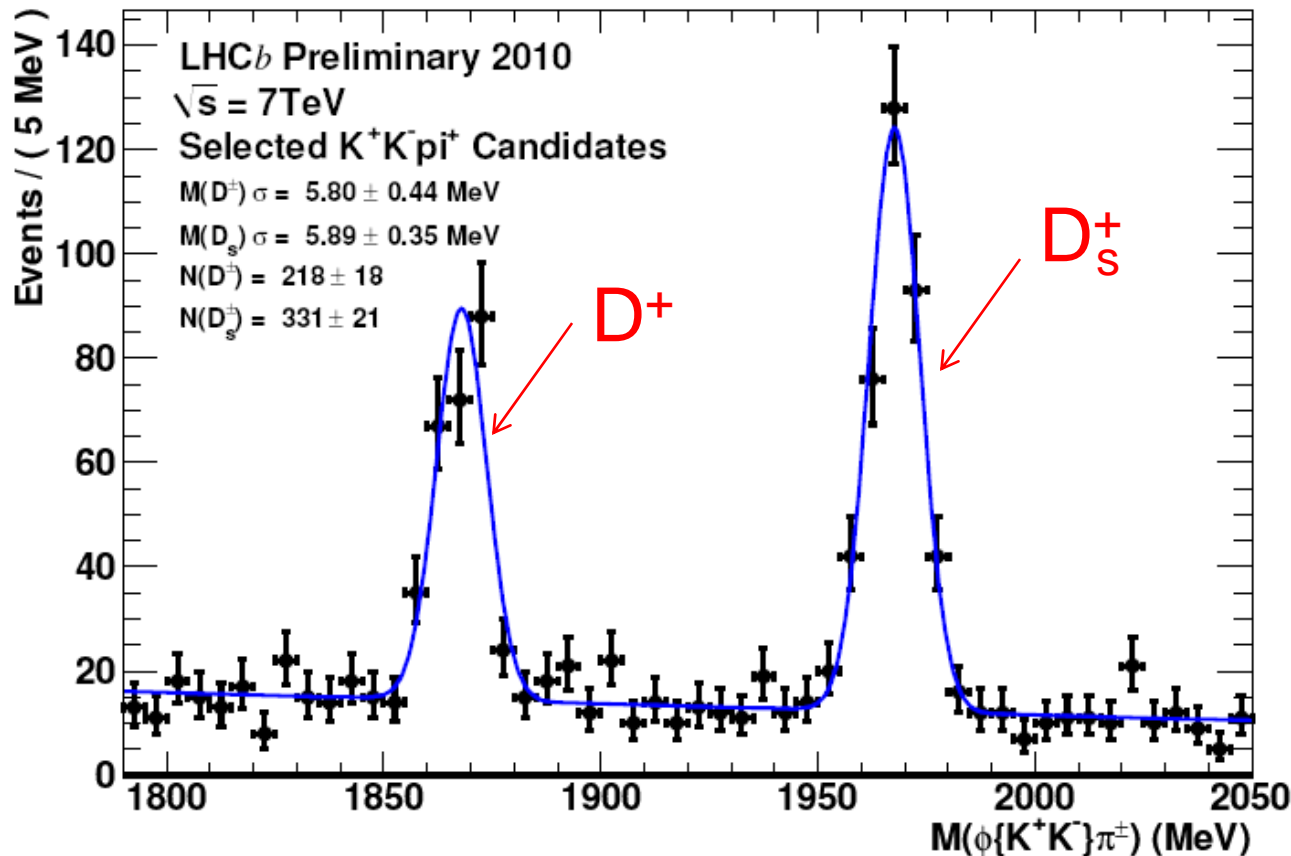


LHCb preliminary
 $\sim 15 \text{ nb}^{-1}$

- Used as a check
- $\sigma = (275 \pm 44 \pm 66) \mu\text{b}$ LEP frag fractions
- $\sigma = 333 \mu\text{b}$ Tevatron frag functions

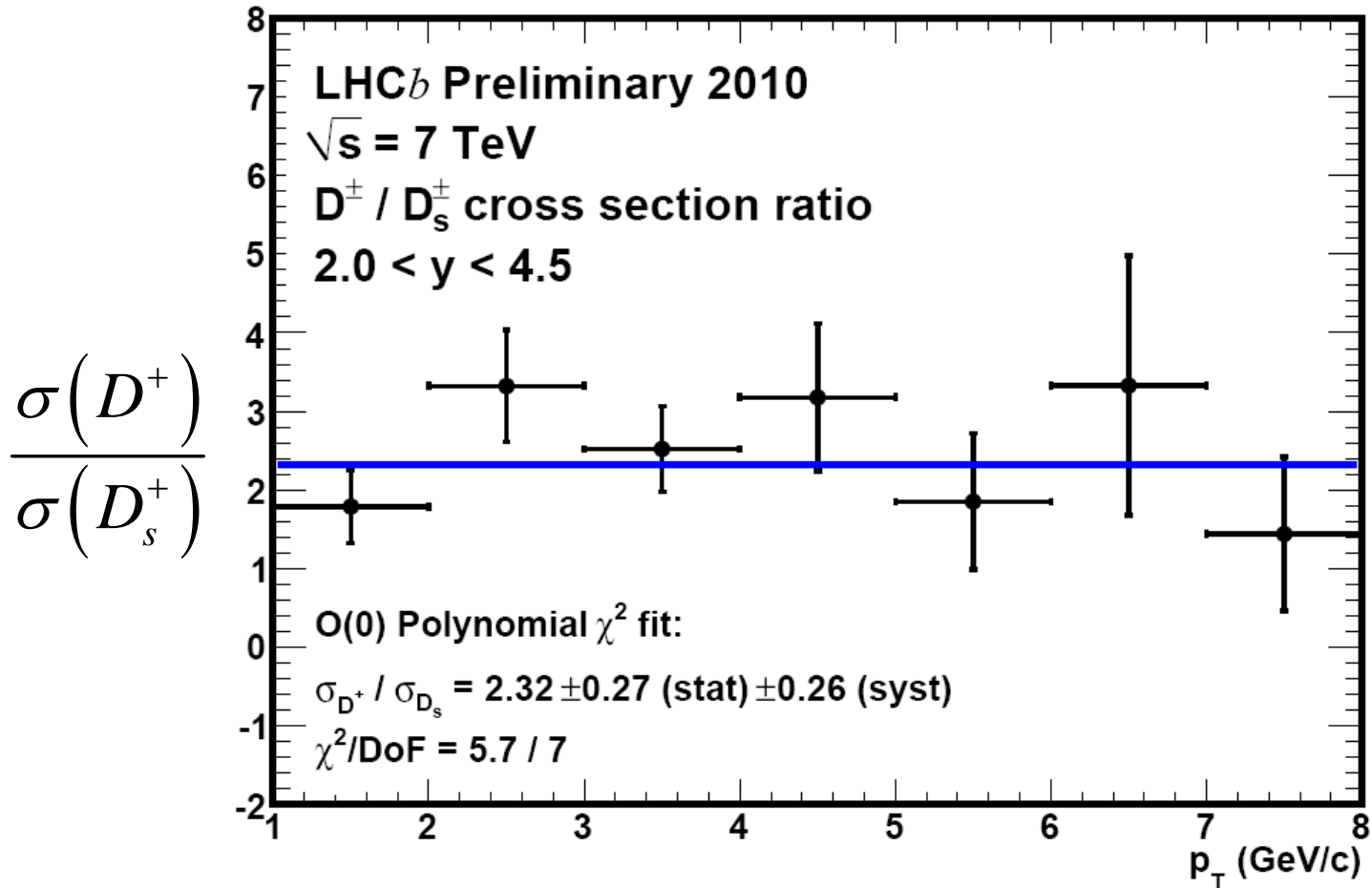
Also Charm Production Results

- See talk of Vanya Belyaev track 6, 23-Jul-2010 17:30



LHCb preliminary
 $\sim 2\text{ nb}^{-1}$

D^+ / D_s Ratio

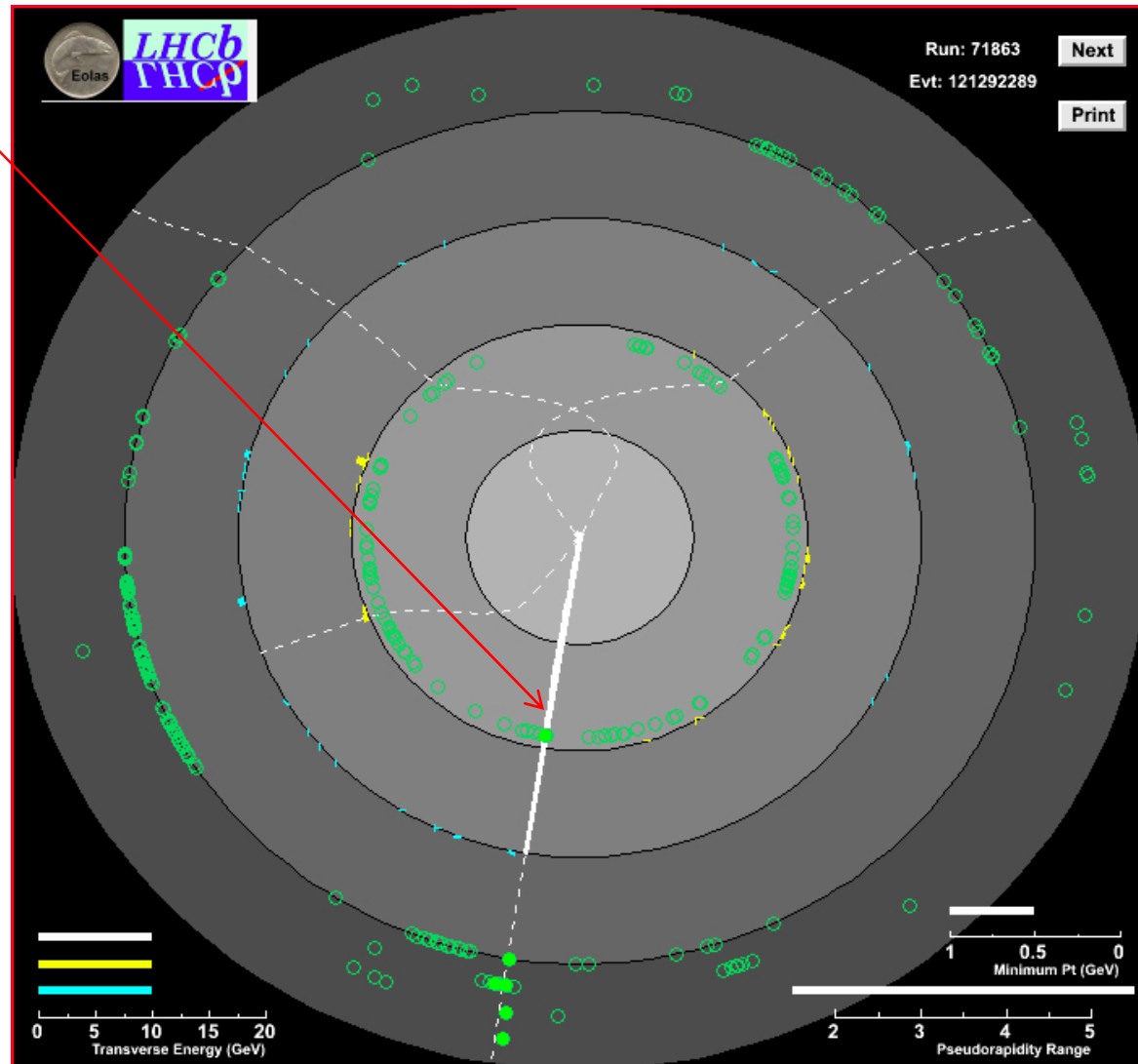


- Consistent with PDG review = 3.08 ± 0.70

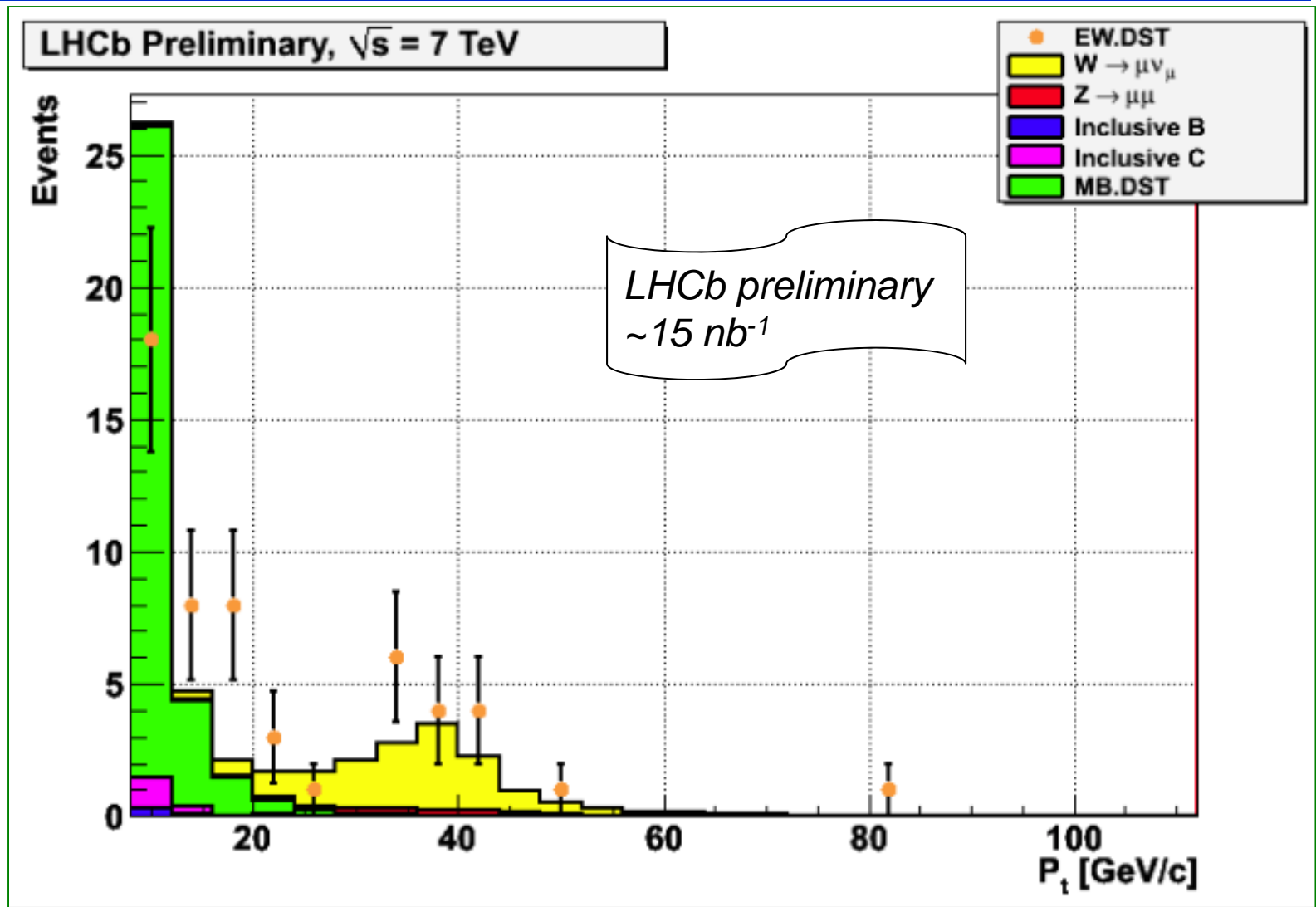
- While LHCb is optimized for studying physics beyond the Standard Model in b & c decays we can do quite a bit in the $2 < \eta < 6$ region in other areas
- We search for W decays by looking for events with isolated muons without a transverse energy balance & isolation in a surrounding cone in $\Delta\eta \times \Delta\phi = 1$ phase space

W Candidate

- High p_t μ track
- Minimal energy in surrounding cone
- No energy opposite in transverse plane



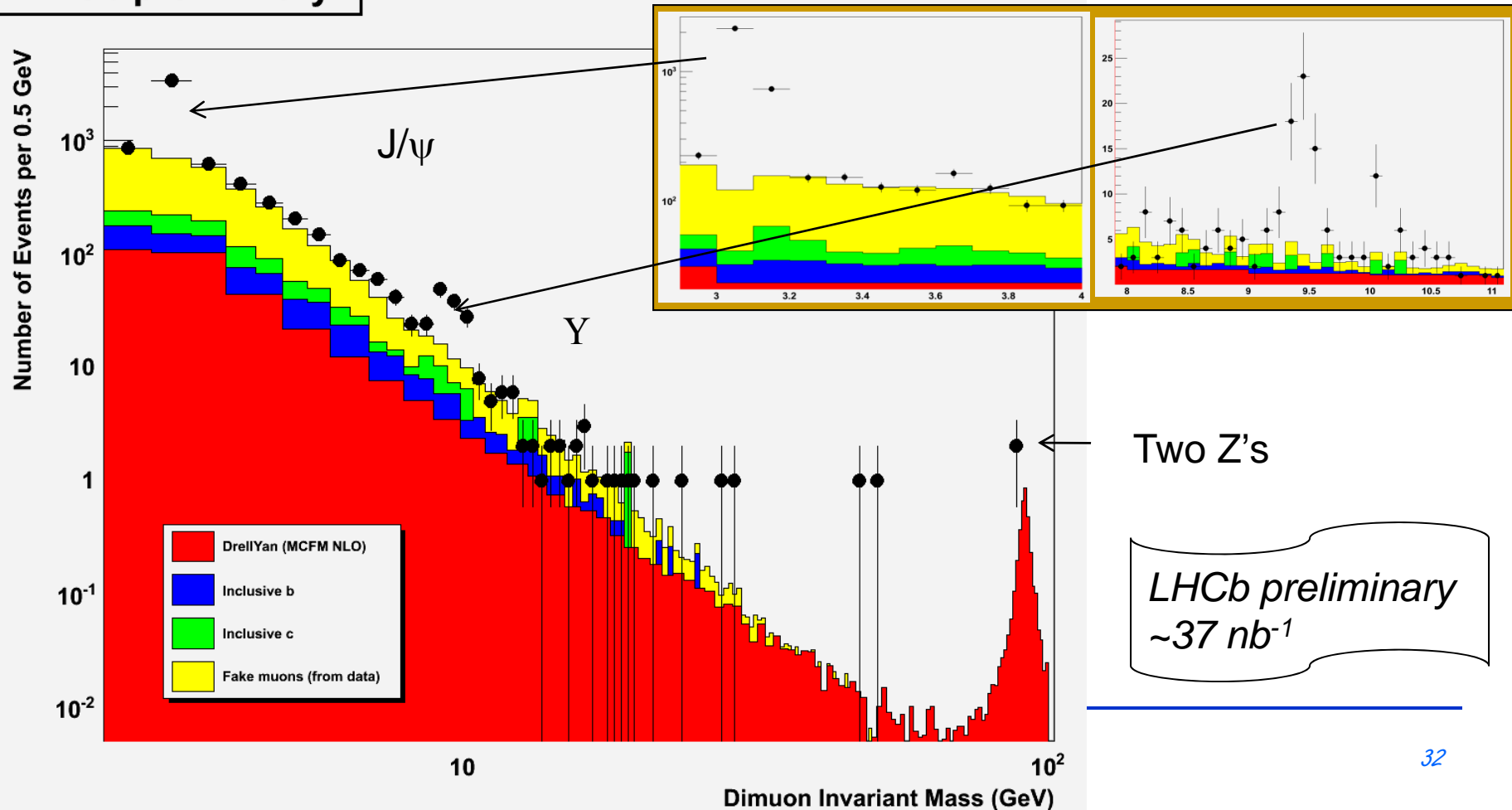
Single Muon p_t distribution



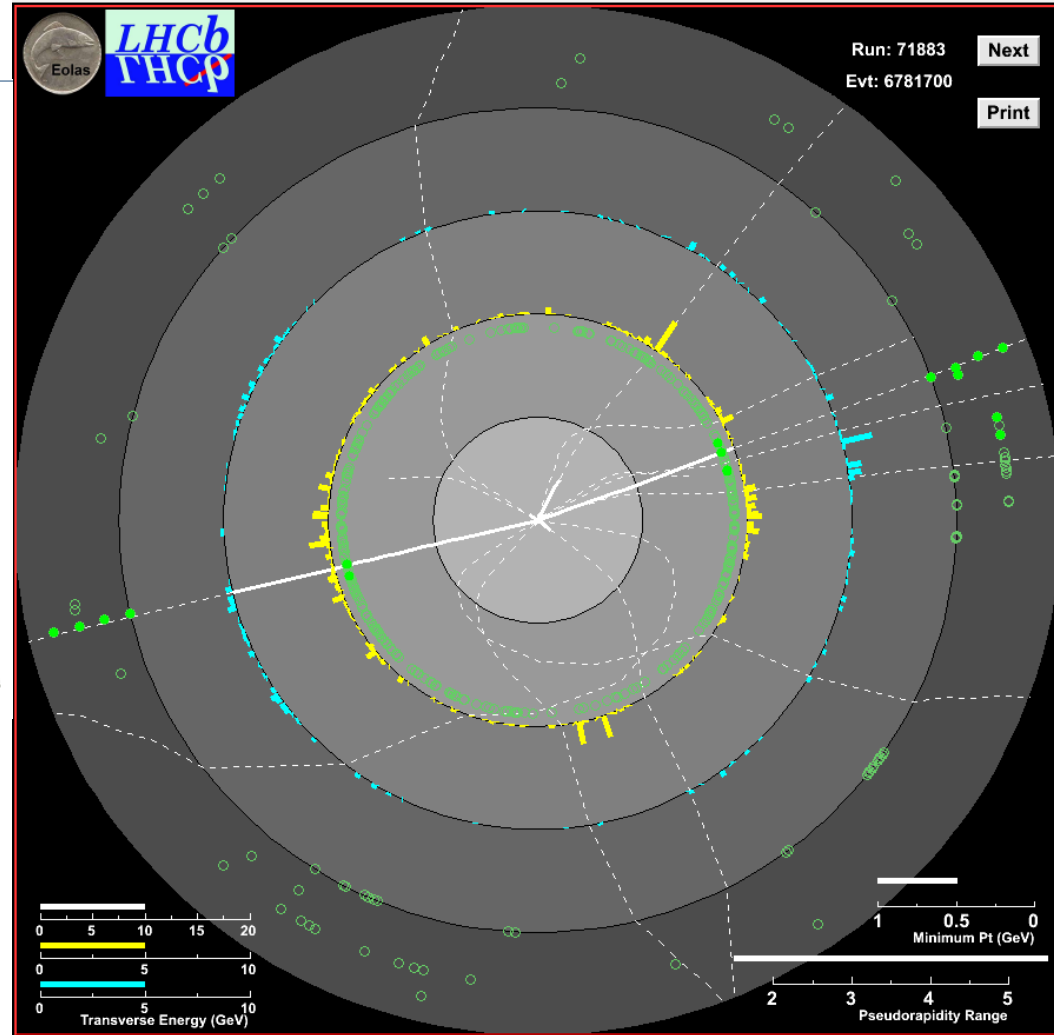
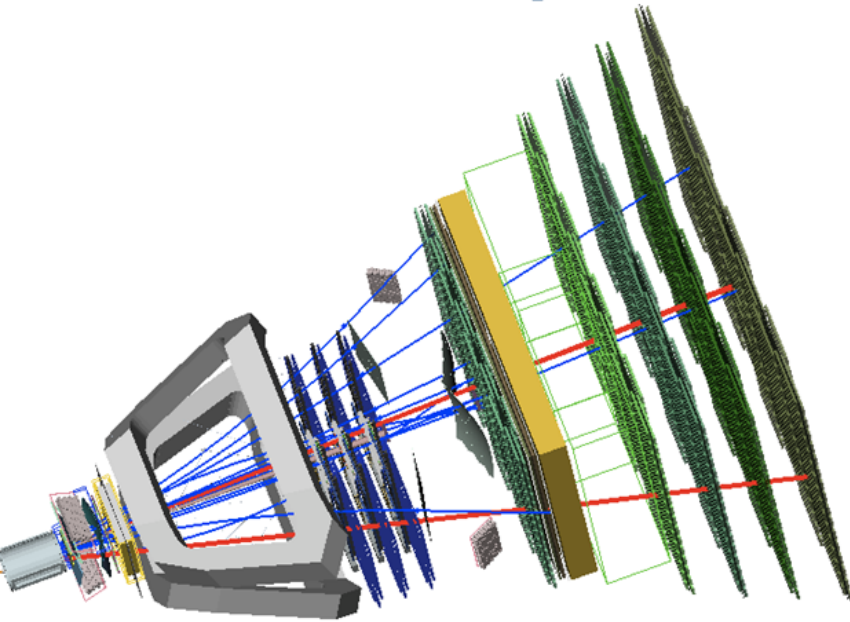
Also Dimuons

- See talk of Ronan McNulty, track 4, 22/7, 15:20
- Plan to measure Drell-Yan cross-section etc.

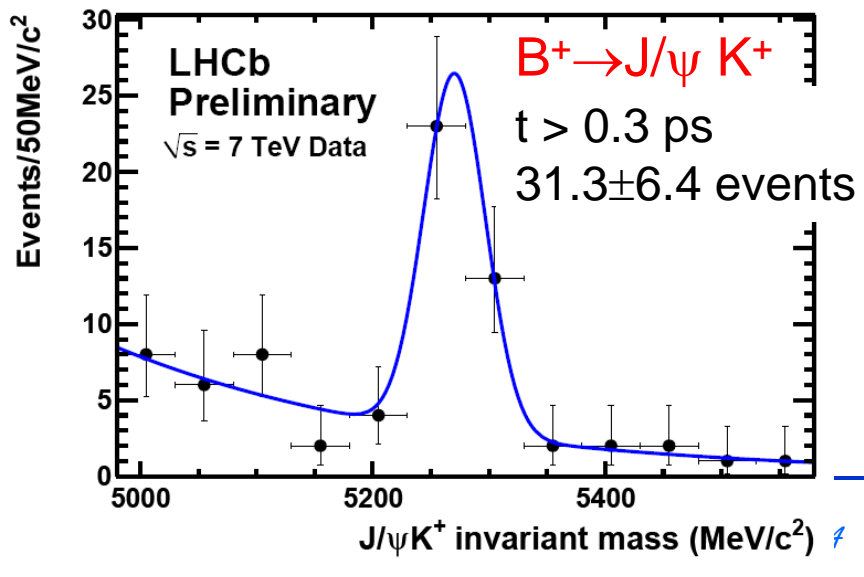
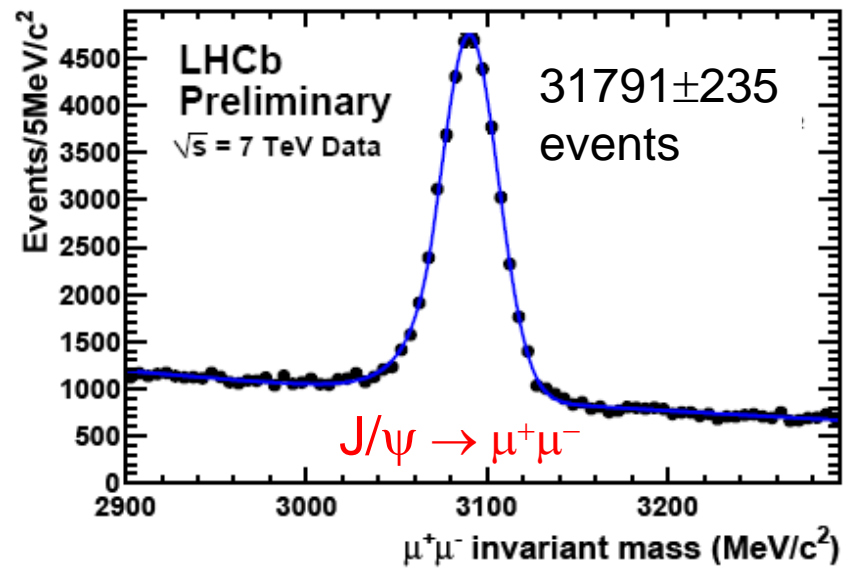
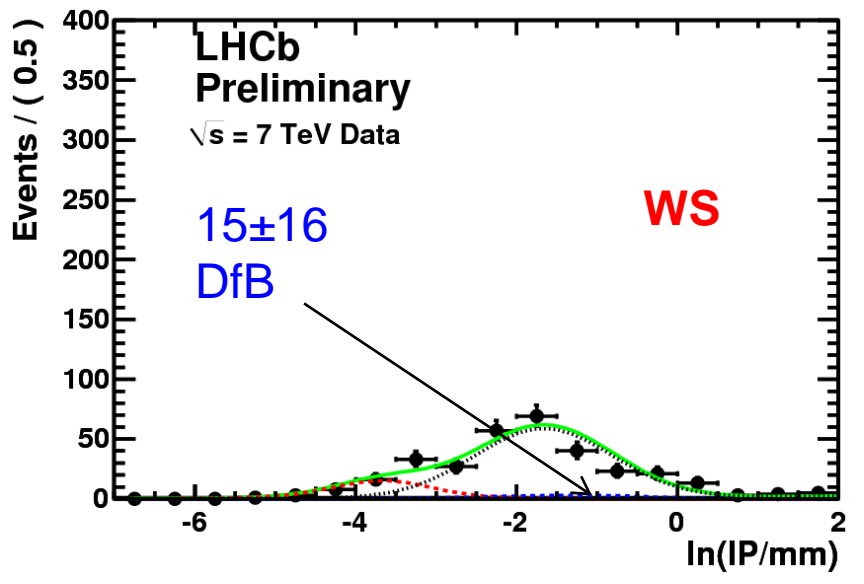
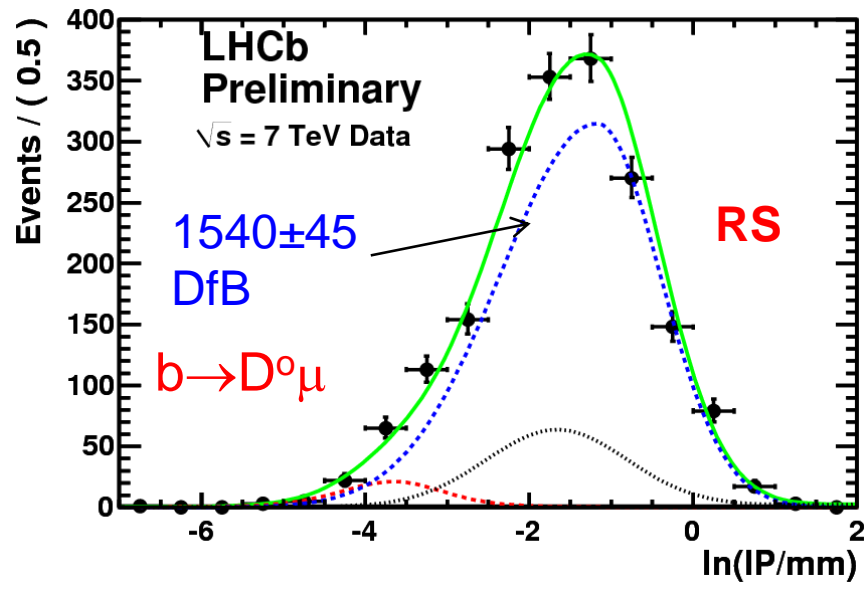
LHCb preliminary



Event



Very near term future $\sim 100 \text{ nb}^{-1}$



- LHCb producing physics quality measurements
- First determination of $b\bar{b}$ cross-section in forward direction at 7 TeV
- Measurements of charm
- Drell-Yan W & Z cross-section measurements to come soon
- Looking forward to more data, & Upgrade

The End
