

Higgs Searches at DØ

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DISCLAIMER

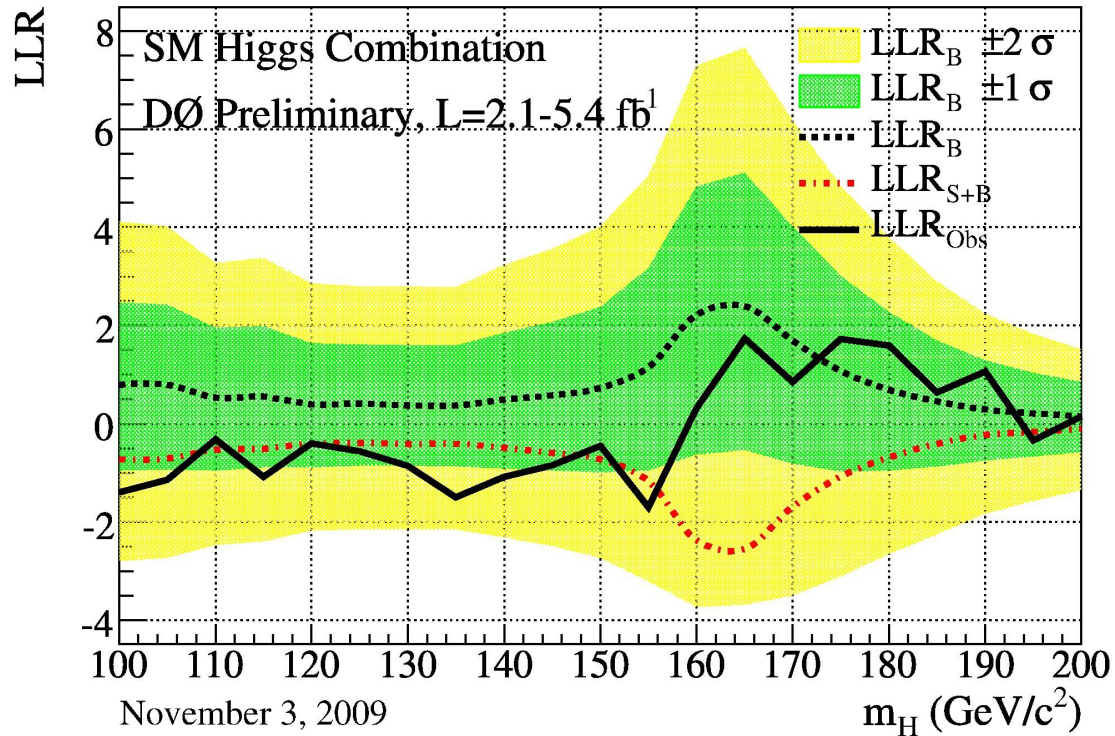
Will not discuss analyzes

Will describe current practices

**Will definitely cause some rise in blood pressure
among theorists**

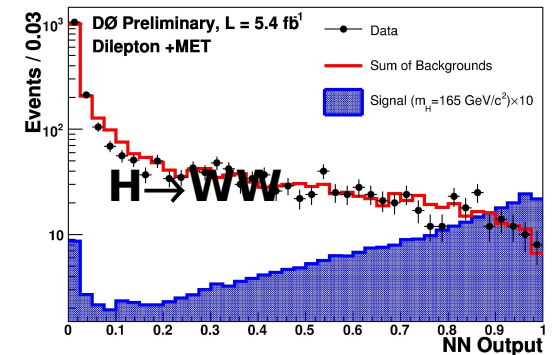
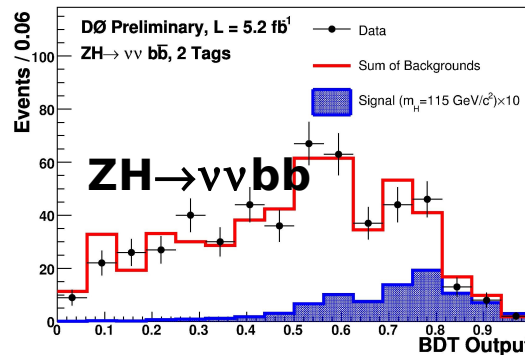
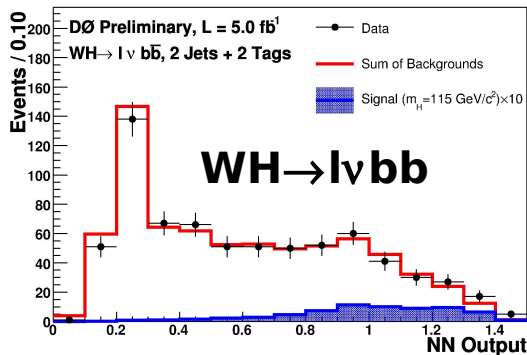
Will say almost nothing about PDFs

The end result

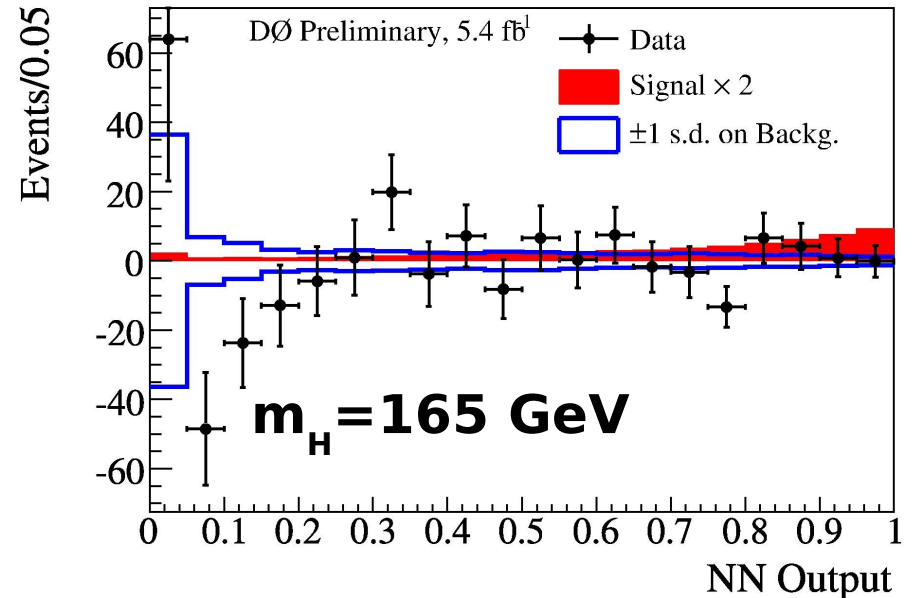
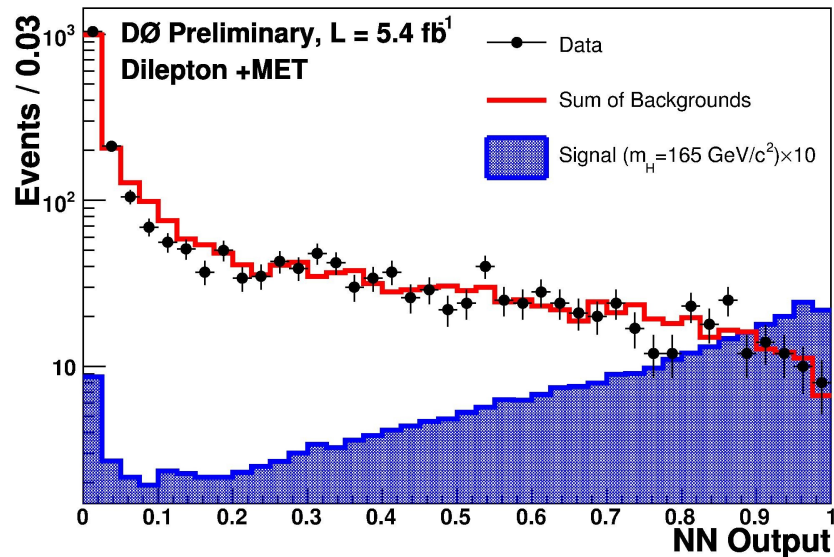


At $m_H = 115 \text{ GeV}$
 $\sigma/\text{SM} < 2.8$ (expected)
 $\sigma/\text{SM} < 4.0$ (observed)

At $m_H = 165 \text{ GeV}$
 $\sigma/\text{SM} < 1.35$ (expected)
 $\sigma/\text{SM} < 1.53$ (observed)



High mass SM Higgs



Main background: non resonant WW production

Systematics: cross sections for backgrounds, luminosity, lepton/trigger efficiencies

Difference wrt CDF: not **yet** using different discriminants in different jet bins (but n_{Jets} in NN input)

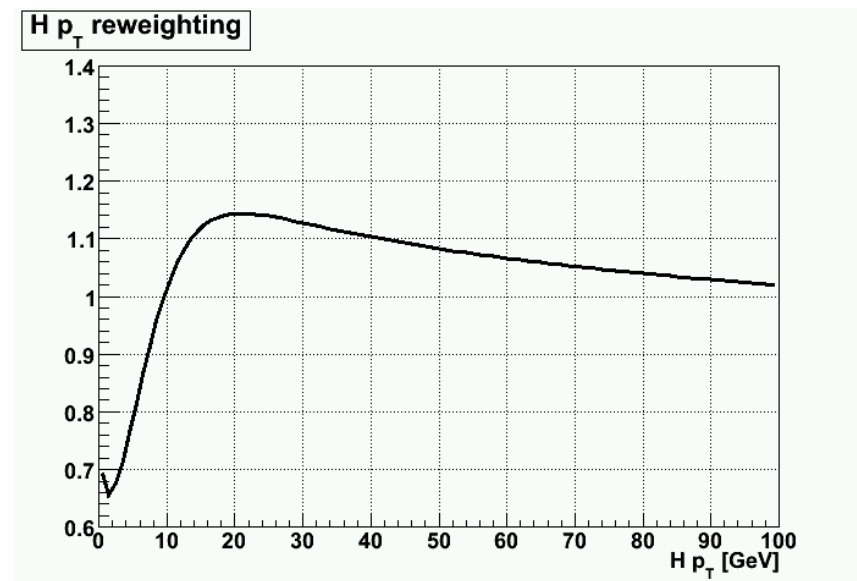
Signal MC (I)

Higgs signal generated with Pythia (includes gluon fusion, vector boson fusion, WH/ZH) using CTEQ6L PDFs

Normalized to NLO or NNLO calculations (deFlorian and Grazzini, PLB 674, 291 (2009), Anastasiou et al, JHEP0904 (2009) 003), use MSTW2008 PDFs

Corrections to the $p_T(H)$ spectrum:

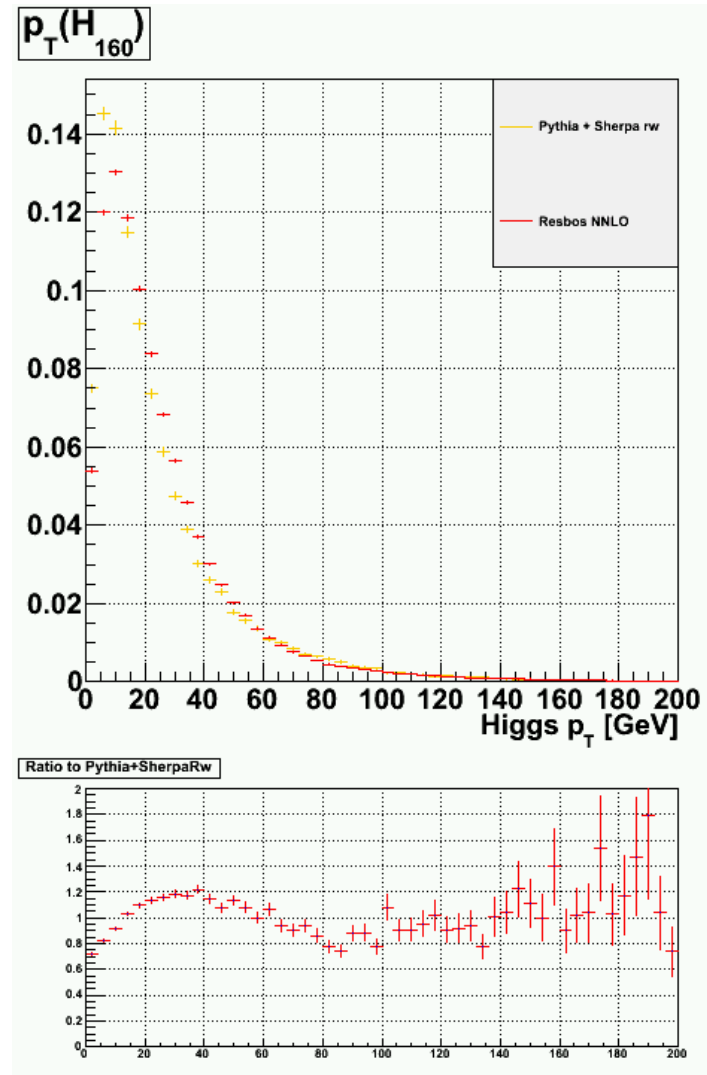
- **Should use NLO at high p_T and Resbos at low p_T (see next slide)**
- **Use Sherpa (minor effect)**



Signal MC (II)

Check with Resbos

Correction at low $p_T(H)$ not yet included in analyzes (but effect is tiny)



WW background

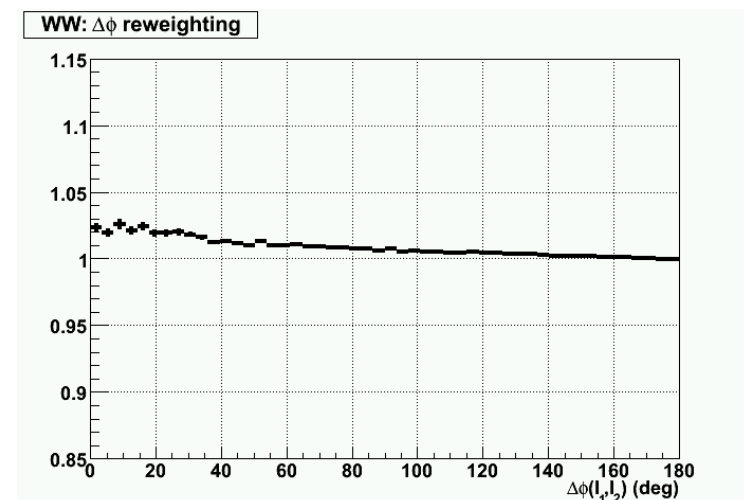
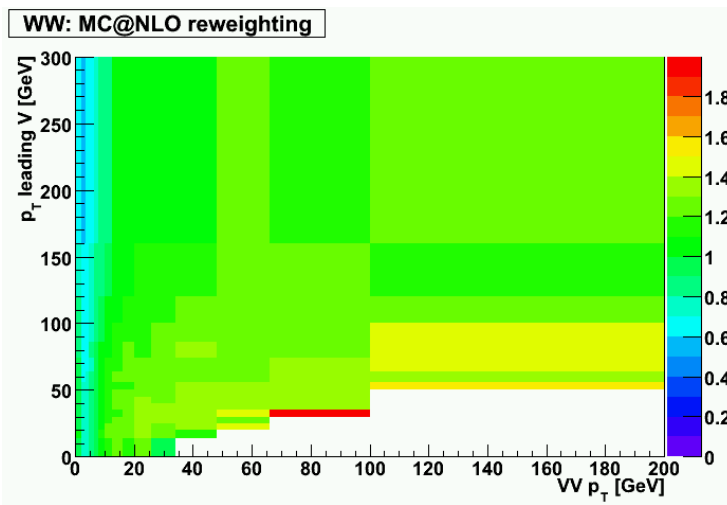
Main background: non-resonant WW production generated with Pythia (CTEQ6L PDFs), normalized to NLO calculation (Campbell and Ellis, PRD60, 113006 (1999))

Corrections to the p_T (WW) spectrum:

- No corrections at low p_T , does Resbos do WW now ?
- Reweight Pythia to MC@NLO (will get high p_T right)

(Small) correction to the $\Delta\phi$ (leptons) spectrum (gg \rightarrow WW)

- Taken from Binoth et al (JHEP0612, 046 (2006))



Other backgrounds

Other diboson final states generated with Pythia (cross sections from Campbell & Ellis)

Top pairs: ALPGEN (Pythia fragmentation), normalized to NNLO calculation (Moch et al. PRD78, 034003 (2008))

Single top generated with CompHEP

W/Z(+jets):

- generated with ALPGEN (+Pythia) with CTEQ6L PDFs
- total cross section normalized to calculations of Hamberg et al (NPB359, 343 (1991))
- K-factors for heavy flavor production taken from MCFM
- reweight Z p_T distribution to D0 measurements
- transfer to W p_T distribution using calculations of Melnikov & Petriello (PRD 74, 114017 (2006))

All of this applies also for low mass analyses (WH/ZH) !

Issues with Z(+jets) (high mass)

Veto on back-to-back leptons

Select preferably low mass, boosted lepton pairs
Well modeled in ALPGEN+Pythia ?

Z peak well modeled/understood
Validity of DØ reweighting procedure off Z peak ?

Evidence that have some modeling problems (impact on final result small, Z/ γ^* not a large background, may lead us to be too conservative when assessing systematics)

Can we trust FEWZ to model low (15-60 GeV) invariant masses ? Down to what $p_T(\gamma^*)$?

Can we really use FEWZ to transfer our n_{jets} dependent Z p_T reweighting to the W ?

Low mass Higgs searches

Search channels: WH/ZH

Backgrounds: W/Z+heavy flavors, diboson production

Same mixture of event generators discussed earlier

Understanding W+jets backgrounds

- **Use large sample of W/Z+2/3j prior to b-tagging to reweight ALPGEN samples (if needed)**
- **Assume that corrections needed to match MC with data are flavor independent (not the same diagrams !!!!), not a major source of uncertainty**
- **Normalization of W/Z+heavy flavor content from data (though initial NLO estimate not wildly off)**
- **Uncertainties on shapes more relevant than uncertainties on normalization**
- **Systematics ?**

Main discriminant is the dijet invariant mass

- **Systematics on the dijet mass from theory ?**

Angular distributions

Data agree better with MCFM/
SHERPA than with ALPGEN (broader
jet rapidity distribution)

Apply reweighting derived from data

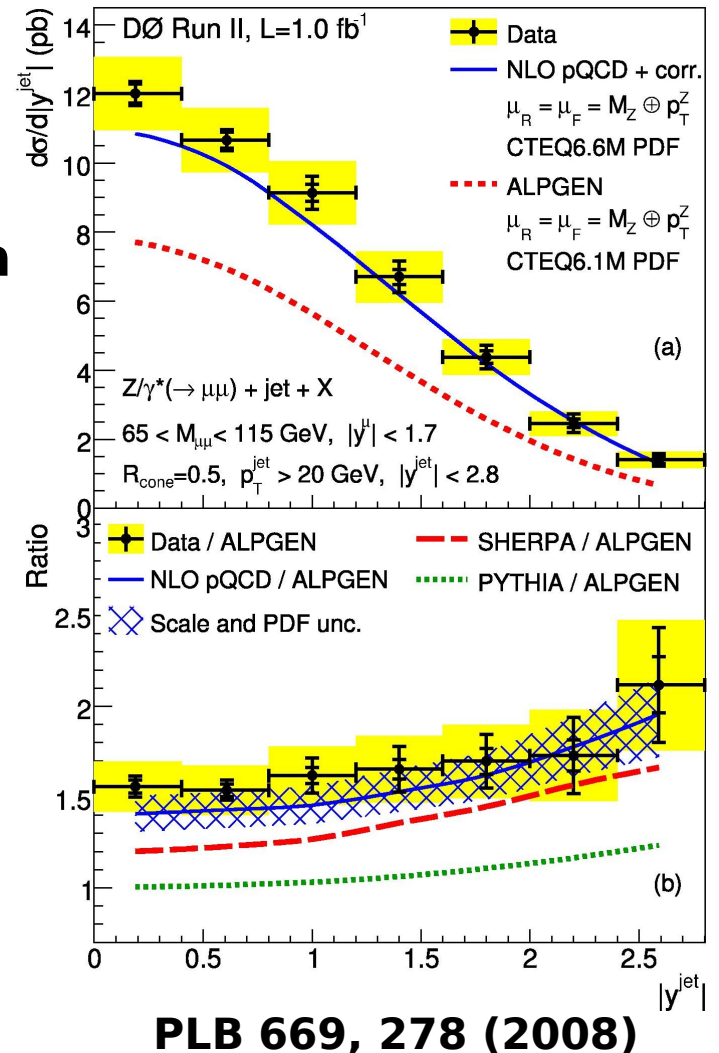
DØ measurements:

- PLB 669, 278 (2008)
- Z+jet(s): inclusive p_T and rapidity

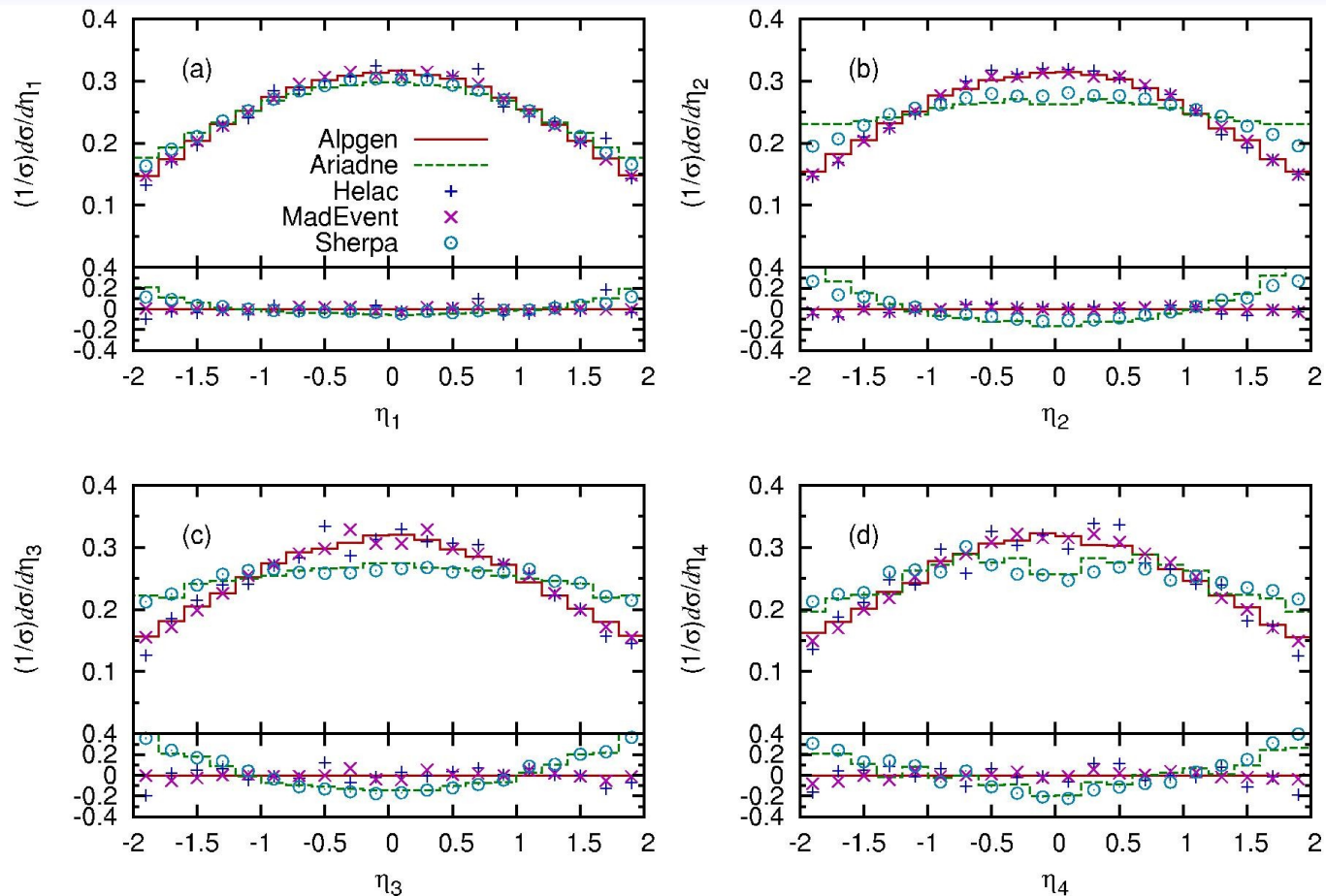
- PLB 678, 45 (2009)
- Z+1/2/3 jets: p_T

- arXiv:0907.4286 [hep-ex]
- Angular distributions in Z+1 jet

Little impact on dijet invariant mass

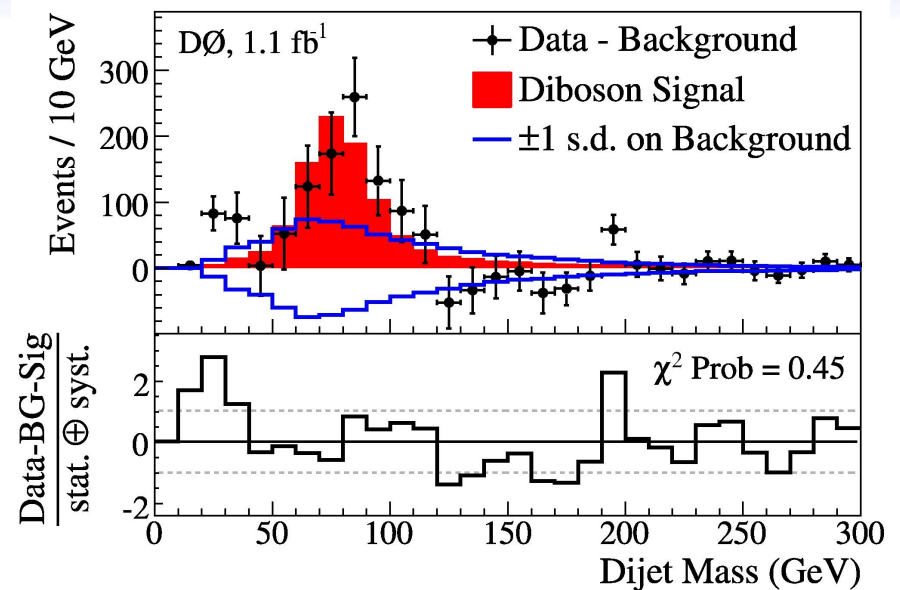
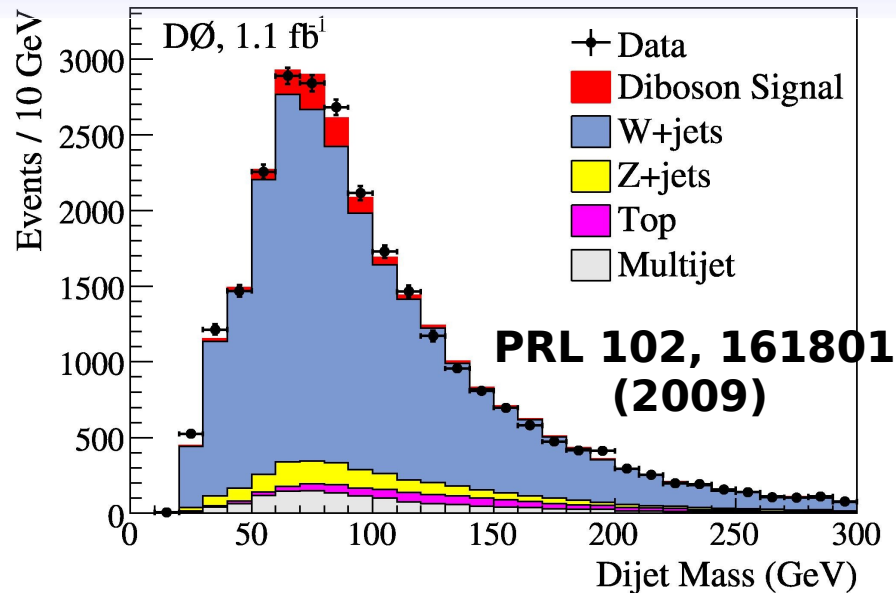


A known feature



Difference between ALPGEN/SHERPA already noticed in J.Alwall et al. EPJ C53, 473 (2008)

Dijet mass systematics



Possible Higgs boson sits on large W+jets continuum

Look at W/Z resonances from diboson production

Select signal with non-linear discriminant (includes mass information), if mass peak not at the known mass(es), wrong estimation of background

Dijet mass systematics

Apply methods from WW/WZ search also to Higgs searches

Tune ALPGEN parameters on data (and derive range for systematic variations):

- renormalization+factorization scale
- k_T factor (scale for α_s at each vertex)
- parton-matching p_T threshold in MLM procedure
- parton-matching radius in MLM procedure

Repeat these studies using NLO calculation and check for possible differences between light/heavy flavors

NLO calculations: check whether W+Q behave similar way as W+QQ (also using final states with only 1 b-tag)

Nice to hear that Resbos now does WH/ZH (please update web pages as well !!!)

Some conclusions

Experimentalists like event generators they can play with

When we don't have an event generator we use correction functions (parameterized in a few kinematic variables).

Correcting to (N)NLO at high p_T is easy.... but at low p_T this doesn't make sense, need resummed calculations

Phase space for tuning event generators grows with time (counter to expectations): Pythia, ALPGEN, PDFs (**don't underestimate the resistance within the experiments to change tunes, PDFs, parameters, and the amount of time required to regenerate the MC samples we need**)

Would need tunes done on Pythia+ALPGEN instead of being done on Pythia alone (ex when using $p_T(Z)$ as input)