# Beam-Beam backgrounds estimates

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# Outline

#### Beam-Beam Backgrounds at CLIC:

- Beam particles
- Beamstrahlung photons
- Coherent Pairs
- Incoherent Pairs
  - Impact on the vertex detector (D. Schulte)
- $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow hadrons$ 
  - beam tracked trough Main Linac and BDS before collision
  - w and w/o machine imperfections

#### **Incoherent** Pair Production



- Real-real, virtual-real and virtual-virtual scattering contribute
- Most significant background at all the energies

### Pair Spectrum

ILC 0.5 TeV: n<sub>incoh</sub> 0.1x10<sup>6</sup> bx CLIC 0.5 TeV: n<sub>incoh</sub> 0.08x10<sup>6</sup> bx CLIC 3 TeV: n<sub>incoh</sub> 0.3x10<sup>6</sup> bx



# Deflection by the beams



- Most of the produced particles have small angles with random direction
- ⇒ some of the pairs are focused some are defocused



### **Required Aperture**

x [m]

y [m]

<u>[</u>]

- Incoherent pairs are shown
  - Deflection of coherent pairs is similar
  - But have higher energies, i.e. smaller angles
- Aperture requirement is roughly

$$r \approx 50 \,\mathrm{mm} \sqrt{\frac{s}{\mathrm{m}}}$$

 No detector magnetic field included



#### Impact on the vertex detector

- Simplified study using simple cylinder without mass
  - Coverage is down to 200 mrad
- Simulating number of particles that hit at least once
  - Experience indicates that number of hits is three per particle
- $\Rightarrow$  At  $r_1 \approx 30$  mm expected 1 hit per train and mm<sup>2</sup>



### Hit distribution

- GEANT 3 based simulation
- Angular coverage ∆z/r = 3, 5 and Bz = 5 T
- ⇒ hit density does not depend on coverage angle if the radius is large enough to avoid deflected particles
- Angular coverage ∆z/r = 5 and Bz = 3, 5 T
- $\Rightarrow$  vertex radius for constant hit density scale as:

$$r \propto \sqrt{1/Bz}$$



# Hadronic background



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- G.A.Schuler and T.Sjostrand, CERN-TH/96-119 (1996) parametrization of cross section used in GUINEA-PIG
- Cross section slightly increase with CM energy
- Most energy is in the forward/backward direction
  - Evis  $\approx$  450 GeV per hadronic event for no cut
  - Evis  $\approx$  23 GeV for  $\theta$  > 0.1
  - Evis  $\approx$  12 GeV for  $\theta$  > 0.2

# Hadronic background estimates

- Beam tracking with PLACET trough LINACs and BDSs
- Beam-Beam ( $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow$  hadrons) calculation with GUINEA-PIG
- Aim  $\rightarrow$  study BB background at different machine parameters/conditions
  - Perfect machines and non-nominal beam parameters
  - Imperfect machines and nominal beam parameters



#### Horizontal beam size and charge

 Perfect machines scan of horizontal beam size and of the charge

> $15 < \sigma_x < 85 \text{ nm}$ 0.3e<sup>-6</sup> < charge < 3.72e<sup>-9</sup>



#### Vertical beam size

 Perfect machines scan of vertical beam size

 $0.1 < \epsilon_{y} < 0.3 \times 10^{-7}$  m rad



# Vertical emittance growth

- Nominal CLIC beam parameters
- Static imperfections:

case 1

- quadrupole offset and rotation in the main linac
- perfect bds
- 1-to-1 steering in linac and bds
  case 2
- quadrupole offset and rotation
- + cavity misalignment
- perfect bds
- 1-to-1 steering in linac and bds
  case 3
- quadrupole and cavity misalignment + cavity phase and gradient errors
- perfect bds
- 1-to-1 steering in linac and bds



# Summary and Outlook

- Beam-Beam background study
  - Simplified simulation with GUINEA-PIG + GEANT 3 yields 3 hit in the vertex detector (r = 30 mm) due to incoherent pairs production
  - ~ 2.9  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow$  hadronic events for CLIC nominal parameter 3 TeV CM
  - considering different beam parameter and machine conditions
  - $\Rightarrow$  background increase with luminosity
- To do... realistic beam-beam background simulation
  - Static and dynamic machine imperfections + their corrections (alignment-tuning-feedback) all along the machine