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14N NQR study of selected 1,4-benzoquinonedioximes

1,4-benzoquinonedioxime, 14N, NQR

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Poster

Summary

1,4-benzoquinonedioximes are known for their use in industry and other applications[1]. They are effective non-sulfur vulcanizing agents for natural and synthetic elastomers. Additionally, their metal complexes have generated significant industrial and theoretical interest. This study examines the 14N NQR data for a series of 1,4-benzoquinone-dioximes: unsubstituted, mono-, di- and tri-methyl substituted. The results show that as more methyl substituents are added to the ring a shift in the NQR values are observed. Comparison of unsubstituted and tri-substituted benzoquinonedioximes (Table 1) shows that the quadrupole coupling constant (\boxtimes) increases by about 1000 kHz and the asymmetry parameter (\boxtimes) decreases from \boxtimes 0.7 to 0.3. Ab-initio calculations show that for the unsubstituted compound hydrogen bonding between oxime groups and pi-ring stacking is possible which cannot be accommodated for in heavily methyl substituted dioximes and this is responsible for the differences in the NQR parameters.

Table 1: 14N NQR data for the 1,4-benzoquinonedioximes

Compound $\boxtimes 0(kHz) \boxtimes -(kHz) \boxtimes +(kHz) \boxtimes (kHz) \boxtimes$

1,4-benzoquinone 1654 2673 4360 4689 0.706 dioxime 1654 2712 4360 4715 0.702

 $trimethyl\hbox{--}1,4\hbox{--}950\ 3750\ 4700\ 5633\ 0.337$

benzoquinonedioxime

Double resonance cross relaxation [2] was used to record the 14N NQR data. The ab-initio calculations were performed using GAMESS [3].

References

- $[1] \ http://chemicalland 21.com/special tychem/perchem/p-QUINONE\% 20 DIOXIME. htm (last accessed 04-28-10) and the properties of the pr$
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