

Rivet, YODA and Contur: recent updates and ongoing developments

25th MCnet meeting 2023 at CERN

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April 26

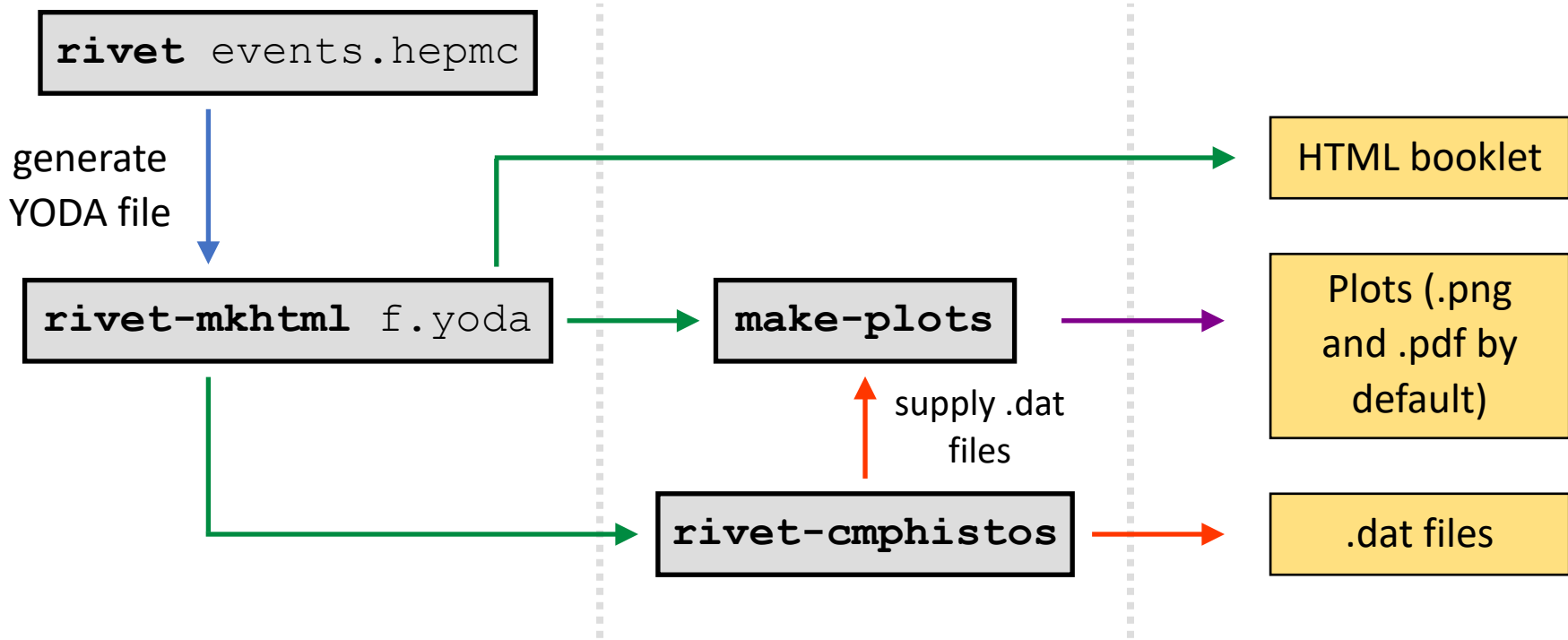


- *Robust Independent Validation of Experiment and Theory*
- Upcoming 3.1.8 release
 - Many new analyses including O(200) new hadron decay analyses. Thanks to Peter Richardson for these!
 - First functional version of Matplotlib-based plotting



Users commands and inputs

Outputs



Users commands and inputs

Outputs

Getting started [Rivet README](#)

[Installation](#)

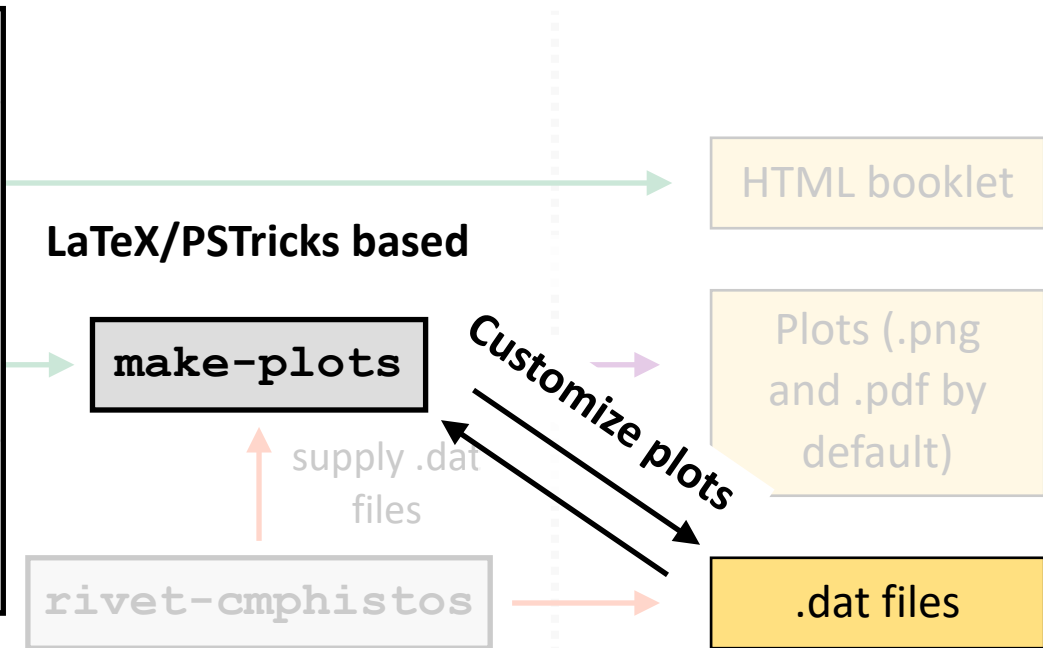
[Rivet via Docker](#)

[First rivet run](#)

Plotting and run merging

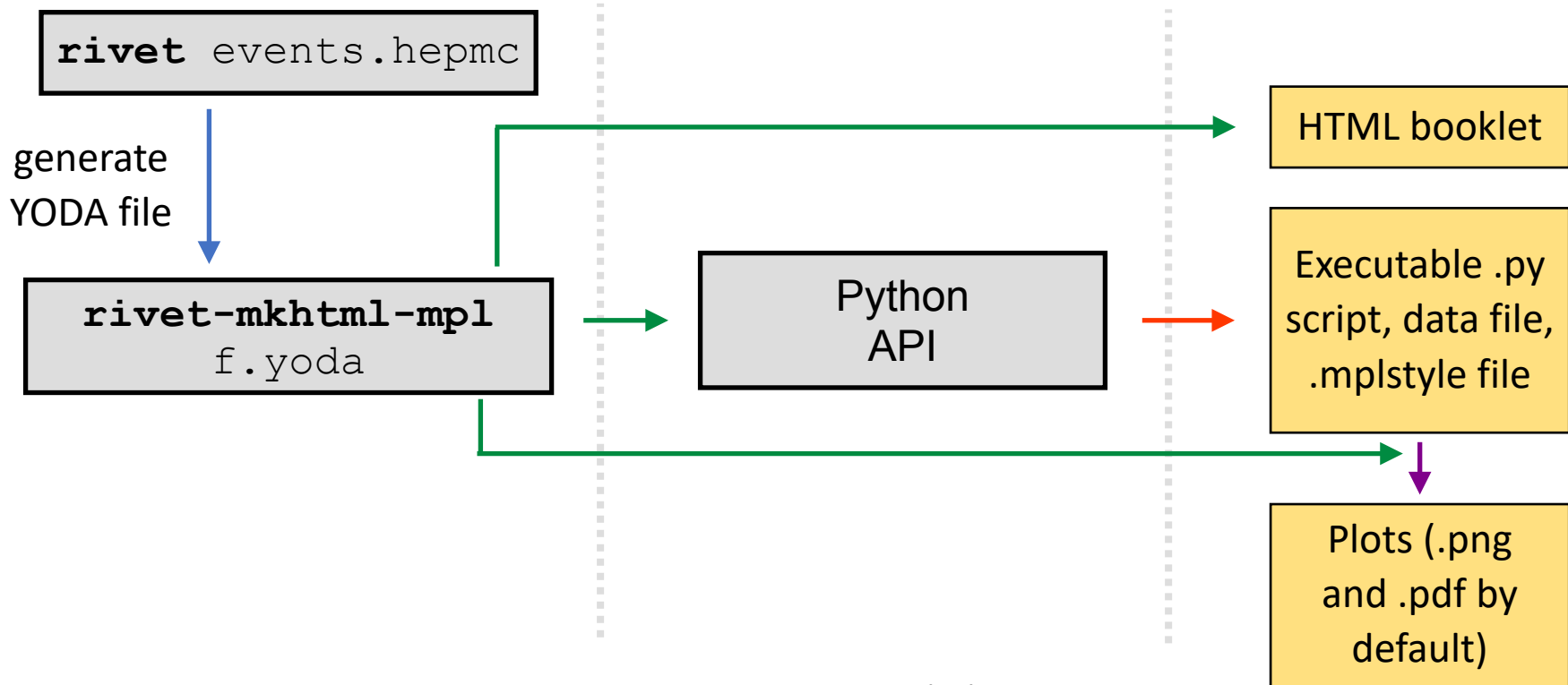
Plotting with `rivet-mkhtml`

Customize plots with `make-plots`



Users commands and inputs

Outputs



Users commands and inputs

- Executable scripts are:
 - Transparent and easy to modify
 - Standalone, independent on YODA or Rivet
- Can modify or swap out style file
- Same syntax on command-line as before with LaTeX-based **rivet-mkhtml**
 - PDF/envelope combinations, analysis options, selective plotting, etc.

Outputs

HTML booklet

Executable .py script, data file, .mplstyle file

Plots (.png and .pdf by default)

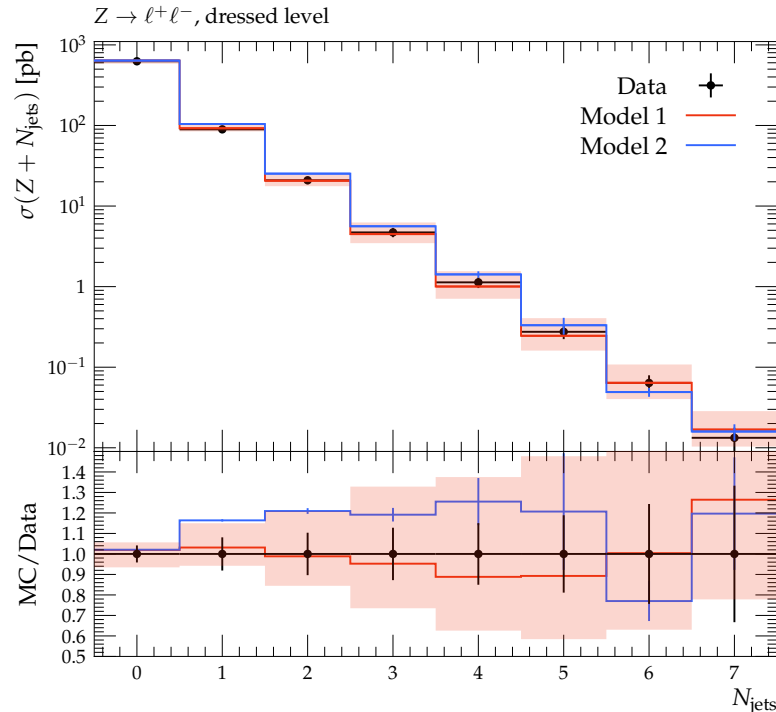
- rivet-plots
 - index.html
 - **default.mplstyle**
 - ATLAS_2010_S8918562
 - ❖ d03-x01-y01.py
 - ❖ d03-x01-y01__data.py
 - ❖ d03-x01-y01.png
 - ❖ d03-x01-y01.pdf
 - ❖ index.html

- Default: make plots look like the Rivet plots we all love!

```
1 # font and font sizes
2 font.family: serif
3 font.serif: Palatino
4 mathtext.fontset: custom
5 mathtext.rm: Palatino
6 mathtext.bf: Palatino:bold
7 mathtext.it: Palatino:italic
8 mathtext.default: it
9 text.usetex: True
10 font.size: 10
11 axes.titlesize: 9
12 axes.labelsize: 10
13 xtick.labelsize: 8
14 ytick.labelsize: 8
15 legend.fontsize: 10
16 figure.titlesize: 10
17 lines.linewidth: 0.8
```

```
19 # figure layout
20 figure.figsize: 4.67, 4.21
21 figure.subplot.bottom: 0.092
22 figure.subplot.top: 0.934
23 figure.subplot.left: 0.125
24 figure.subplot.right: 0.968
25 figure.subplot.hspace: 0
26
27 # axes
28 axes.axisbelow: False
29 axes.titlepad: 7.5
30 axes.labelpad: 2
31 axes.linewidth: 0.3
32 xaxis.labellocation: right
33 lines.markersize: 2.5
34 axes.formatter.min_exponent: 1 # 10^0 should not be
35 axes.prop_cycle : cycler(color=['EE3311', '3366FF',
```


- Default: dress the plots like the Rivet plots we all love!



- rivet-plots
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Executable Python script

```
1  #!/usr/bin/env python
2
3  # This Python script was auto-generated using YODA v1.9.7.
4  # Analysis object: /ATLAS_2010_S8918562/d03-x01-y01
5  # Timestamp: 21-04-2023 (17:17:08)
6
7  import matplotlib as mpl
8  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
9  mpl.use('Agg') # comment out for interactive use
10 import sys, os
11 import numpy as np
12
13 plotDir = os.path.split(os.path.realpath(__file__))[0]
14
15 #plot style
16 plt.style.use(os.path.join(plotDir, '../default.mplstyle'))
17 # plot metadata
18 figW, figH = plt.rcParams['figure.figsize']
19 ax_xLabel = r'$\eta$'
20 ax_yLabel = r'$1/N_{\mathrm{ev}} \, \, \mathrm{d}N_{\mathrm{ch}}/\mathrm{d}\eta$'
21 ax_title = r'Charged particle $\eta$ at 7$, $TeV, track $p_{\perp} > 500$, $\mathrm{MeV}$, for $N_{\mathrm{ch}} \geq 1$'
22 ax_xScale = 'linear'
23 ax_yScale = 'linear'
24 xLims = (-2.5, 2.5)
25 yLims = (0, 2.98)
26 # TeX-friendly labels for the legend
27 labels = [ r"Data", r"mc1" ]
```

← dependencies

← style file

← plot options

- rivet-plots
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 - ❖ d03-x01-y01.pdf
 - ❖ index.html

```
2 from numpy import nan
3
4 xpoints = [-2.45, -2.35, -2.25, -2.15, -2.05, -1.95, -1.85, -1.75, -1.65, -1.55, -1.45, -1.35, -1.25, -1.15, -1.05, -0.95, -0.85, -0.75, -0.65, -0.55, -0.45, -0.35, -0.25, -0.15, -0.05, 0.05, 0.15, 0.25, 0.35, 0.
5 xedges = [-2.5, -2.4, -2.3, -2.199999999999997, -2.099999999999996, -2.0, -1.900000000000001, -1.8, -1.7, -1.6, -1.5, -1.400000000000001, -1.3, -1.2, -1.1, -1.0, -0.9, -0.8, -0.700000000000001, -0.600000000
6 xmin = [-2.5, -2.4, -2.3, -2.199999999999997, -2.099999999999996, -2.0, -1.900000000000001, -1.8, -1.7, -1.6, -1.5, -1.400000000000001, -1.3, -1.2, -1.1, -1.0, -0.9, -0.8, -0.700000000000001, -0.600000000
7 xmax = [-2.400000000000004, -2.300000000000003, -2.2, -2.1, -1.999999999999998, -1.9, -1.8, -1.7, -1.599999999999999, -1.5, -1.4, -1.3, -1.2, -1.099999999999999, -1.0, -0.899999999999999, -0.799999999999999]
8
9 xerrs = [
10     [abs(xpoints[i] - xmin[i]) for i in range(len(xpoints))],
11     [abs(xmaxs[i] - xpoints[i]) for i in range(len(xpoints))]
12 ]
13
14 ref_yvals = [2.196, 2.265, 2.295, 2.286, 2.334, 2.312, 2.355, 2.413, 2.431, 2.417, 2.408, 2.445, 2.471, 2.469, 2.451, 2.446, 2.451, 2.451, 2.448, 2.442, 2.438, 2.433, 2.428, 2.425, 2.422, 2.42, 2.426, 2.429, 2.43,
15 ref_errminus = [0.1510132, 0.1560128, 0.09102198, 0.09002222, 0.09202174, 0.09102198, 0.07102816, 0.07202777, 0.07302739, 0.07202777, 0.07202777, 0.07202777, 0.07202777, 0.0510392, 0.05203845, 0.0510392, 0.05003998, 0.0510392,
16 ref_errplus = [0.1510132, 0.1560128, 0.09102198, 0.09002222, 0.09202174, 0.09102198, 0.07102816, 0.07202777, 0.07302739, 0.07202777, 0.07202777, 0.07202777, 0.07202777, 0.0510392, 0.05203845, 0.0510392, 0.05003998, 0.0510392,
17 ref_errs = [ref_errminus, ref_errplus]
18
19 yvals = {
20     'curve1': [2.5357289999999977, 2.5469199999999974, 2.553645000000009, 2.5877219999999976, 2.6051659999999974, 2.6370009999999975, 2.6304840000000036, 2.6577189999999975, 2.6571000000000033, 2.6760329999999977,
21     'curve2': [3.883289999999996, 3.9229909999999966, 3.952873000000014, 4.0023319999999964, 4.015687999999996, 4.053471999999997, 4.072342000000005, 4.108577999999996, 4.1172170000000055, 4.138725999999996, 4.1578
22 }
23 yedges = {
24     'curve1': [2.5357289999999977, 2.5357289999999977, 2.5469199999999974, 2.553645000000009, 2.5877219999999976, 2.6051659999999974, 2.6370009999999975, 2.6304840000000036, 2.6577189999999975, 2.6571000000000033,
25     'curve2': [3.883289999999996, 3.883289999999996, 3.9229909999999966, 3.952873000000014, 4.0023319999999964, 4.015687999999996, 4.053471999999997, 4.072342000000005, 4.108577999999996, 4.1172170000000055, 4.1387
26 }
27 yups = {
28     'curve1': [0.006114806620000336, 0.006128286057292033, 0.006136370262622707, 0.006171718158350294, 0.006197963375174133, 0.0062357188839780074, 0.006228008509949235, 0.006260166930681636, 0.006259436875630274,
29     'curve2': [0.007566216359581577, 0.007604794540288376, 0.007633702902261813, 0.007681312387867056, 0.007694118533009477, 0.007730230915050332, 0.007748203017474449, 0.0077825985377635845, 0.007790775956219006,
30 }
31 ydowns = {
32     'curve1': [0.006114806620000336, 0.006128286057292033, 0.006136370262622707, 0.006171718158350294, 0.006197963375174133, 0.0062357188839780074, 0.006228008509949235, 0.006260166930681636, 0.006259436875630274,
33     'curve2': [0.007566216359581577, 0.007604794540288376, 0.007633702902261813, 0.007681312387867056, 0.007694118533009477, 0.007730230915050332, 0.007748203017474449, 0.0077825985377635845, 0.007790775956219006,
34 }
35 variation_yvals = {
36 }
37
38 # Lists for ratio plot
39 ratio0_ref_errminus = [0.06876739526411656, 0.0688798233995585, 0.03966099346405229, 0.039379798751531, 0.03942662382176521, 0.03936936851211073, 0.030160577494692146, 0.029849883961873193, 0.030040061703002878,
40 ratio0_ref_errplus = [0.06876739526411656, 0.0688798233995585, 0.03966099346405229, 0.039379798751531, 0.03942662382176521, 0.03936936851211073, 0.030160577494692146, 0.029849883961873193, 0.030040061703002878,
41 ratio0_ref_errs = [ratio0_ref_errminus, ratio0_ref_errplus]
42
43 ratio0_yvals = {
44     'curve1': [1.1547035519125672, 1.1547035519125672, 1.1244679911699766, 1.1126993464052326, 1.1319868766404189, 1.1161008054841462, 1.1405713667820059, 1.1169783439490462, 1.10141690084127632, 1.0930069930069943,
45     'curve2': [1.7683469945355172, 1.7683469945355172, 1.7320048565121398, 1.722384749453544, 1.7508013998250203, 1.7285175664095957, 1.7532318339100332, 1.7292322717622104, 1.7026846249481957, 1.693631016042783,
46 }
```

- Fully functional, alternative plot machinery [rivet-mkhtml-mpl](#) available as of 3.1.8
 - Make default as of 3.2.x
 - We encourage everyone to start using this!
- **Your feedback, comments, suggestions, frustrations, compliments... all very welcome!**
 - Send an e-mail to rivet-support@cern.ch
 - Open an issue on [Rivet Gitlab](#)

- *Yet more Objects for Data Analysis*
- Complete rewrite using C++17 compile-time features
- Introduce BinnedStorage class that can support custom bin-content types
 - Generalised to arbitrary dimensionality
 - Coherent treatment of overflow and infinity-binning
 - Fillable object types (histograms, profiles) to allow tracing of fill index for on-the-fly estimates of bin-to-bin correlations
 - Introduces the “Estimate” as a new inert binned-content type that is to represent (HEPData) measurements with associated uncertainty breakdowns (i.e. MC predictions and reference data now *both* binned objects, unlike YODA1)
- Introduces concept of discrete axes, solves many issues with HEPData compatibility
- Improved support for (de-)serializing analysis objects in HPC applications relying on MPI communication



- *Constraints on New Theories Using Rivet*
- Upcoming release 2.4.2 and current 2.4.1:
 - Added Rivet routines
 - Updated SM theory treatment
 - Signal plus background mode
 - Internal code tidying, updated docs
- Features for a future release:
 - mpl-based backend for [contur-mkhtml](#)
 - Signal strength scans
- Some recent results:
 - Include Contur in global GAMBIT fit constraints on electroweakinos in presence of light gravitino [[2303.09082](#)]
 - Testing the scalar triplet solution to CDF's heavy W problem at the LHC [[Phys.Rev.D 107 \(2023\) 7, 075020](#)]



[\(Re\)interpretation of the LHC results for New Physics](#)

@ Durham, 29 Aug - 1 Sep

Thanks for listening! Questions?

YO

Thank the audience for paying attention to this talk and ask if they have any further questions in YODA style.



Grateful for your attention, I am. Any more inquiries, you have? Ask, you must. With the power of YODA, answers I will provide. Clarify your doubts, I shall. May the knowledge gained from this talk, be with you always. Hmmm.



Backup

New analyses in Rivet 3.1.8

- [Hundreds of hadron decay analyses](#)
 - ALICE
 - ATLAS
 - BABAR
 - BELLE
 - BESII