# Herwig++ and the new ATLAS MB/UE results

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#### This talk:

- Introduction Underlying event in Herwig++
- ▶ New data! MinBias ATLAS @ 900 GeV and @ 7 TeV
- Colour structure
- ▶ First glance at the ATLAS UE @ 7 TeV results.
- Outlook

## Underlying event in Herwig++

#### UA5 model (deprecated, only for reference)

▶ Included from Herwig++ 2.0.

[Herwig++, hep-ph/0609306]

- ► Little predictive power.
- Was default in fHerwig. Superseded by JIMMY

[JM Butterworth, JR Forshaw, MH Seymour, ZP C72 637 (1996)]

## Underlying event in Herwig++

#### Semihard UE

- ▶ Default from Herwig++ 2.1.
- Multiple hard interactions,  $p_t \ge p_t^{min}$
- Similar to JIMMY
- ► Good description of harder TVT Run I UE data (Jet20).

[Herwig++, 0711.3137]

[Bähr, Gieseke, Seymour, JHEP 0807:076]

## Underlying event in Herwig++

#### Semihard+Soft UE

▶ Default from Herwig++ 2.3.

- [Herwig++, 0812.0529]
- Extension to soft interactions,  $p_t \leq p_t^{min}$  [Bähr, Gieseke, Seymour, JHEP 0807:076]
- Theoretical work with simplest possible extension.

[Bähr, Butterworth, Seymour, JHEP 0901:065]

"Hot Spot" model.

[Bähr, Butterworth, Gieseke, Seymour, 0905.4671]

Starting point: hard inclusive jet cross section.

$$\sigma^{\mathrm{inc}}(s;p_t^{\mathrm{min}}) = \sum_{i,j} \int_{p_t^{\mathrm{min}^2}} dp_t^2 f_{i/h_1}(x_1,\mu^2) \otimes \frac{\mathrm{d}\hat{\sigma}_{i,j}}{\mathrm{d}p_t^2} \otimes f_{j/h_2}(x_2,\mu^2) \,,$$

 $\sigma^{\text{inc}} > \sigma_{\text{tot}}$  eventually (for moderately small  $p_t^{\min}$ ).

Interpretation:  $\sigma^{\text{inc}}$  counts *all* partonic scatters that happen during a single *pp* collision  $\Rightarrow$  more than a single interaction.

$$\sigma^{\rm inc} = \bar{n}\sigma_{\rm inel}$$
.

#### Eikonal model basics

Use eikonal approximation (= independent scatters). Leads to Poisson distribution of number *m* of additional scatters,

$$P_m(\vec{b},s) = rac{ar{n}(ec{b},s)^m}{m!} \mathrm{e}^{-ar{n}(ec{b},s)} \; .$$

Then we get  $\sigma_{\text{inel}}$ :

$$\sigma_{\mathrm{inel}} = \int \mathrm{d}^2 ec{b} \sum_{n=1}^\infty P_m(ec{b},s) = \int \mathrm{d}^2 ec{b} \left(1 - \mathrm{e}^{-ec{n}(ec{b},s)}
ight) \, .$$

Cf.  $\sigma_{\text{inel}}$  from scattering theory in eikonal approx. with scattering amplitude  $a(\vec{b},s) = \frac{1}{2i}(e^{-\chi(\vec{b},s)} - 1)$ 

$$\sigma_{\text{inel}} = \int d^2 \vec{b} \left( 1 - e^{-2\chi(\vec{b},s)} \right) \qquad \Rightarrow \quad \chi(\vec{b},s) = \frac{1}{2}\bar{n}(\vec{b},s)$$

 $\chi(\vec{b},s)$  is called *eikonal* function.

### Eikonal model basics

From assumptions:

- at fixed impact parameter b, individual scatterings are independent,
- the distribution of partons in hadrons factorizes with respect to the b and x dependence.

we get the average number of partonic collisions at a given b value is

$$\bar{n}(b,s) = A(b)\sigma^{inc}(s; p_t^{min}) = 2\chi(b,s)$$

where A(b) is the partonic overlap function of the colliding hadrons

 $\Rightarrow$  Two main parameters:  $\mu^2$ ,  $p_t^{\min}$ .

#### Eikonal model basics

Good description of Run I Underlying event data ( $\chi^2 = 1.3$ ).



Only  $p_T^{\text{ljet}} > 20 \,\text{GeV}.$ 

So far only hard MPI. Now extend to soft interactions with

$$\chi_{\rm tot} = \chi_{QCD} + \chi_{\rm soft}.$$

Similar structures of eikonal functions:

$$\chi_{\text{soft}} = \frac{1}{2} A_{\text{soft}}(\vec{b}) \sigma_{\text{soft}}^{\text{inc}}$$

Simplest possible choice:  $A_{\text{soft}}(\vec{b};\mu) = A_{\text{hard}}(\vec{b};\mu) = A(\vec{b};\mu)$ . Then

$$\chi_{\rm tot} = rac{A(b;\mu)}{2} \left(\sigma_{
m hard}^{
m inc} + \sigma_{
m soft}^{
m inc}
ight) \;.$$

One new parameter  $\sigma_{\text{soft}}^{\text{inc}}$ .

Taking the Tevatron data together with the wide range of possible values of  $\sigma_{tot}$  considered at LHC, we see that this model is to simple.

Extension: Relax the constraint of identical overlap functions:

$$A_{soft}(b) = A(b, \mu_{soft})$$

Fix the two parameters  $\mu_{\mathrm{soft}}$  and  $\sigma_{\mathrm{soft}}^{\mathrm{inc}}$  in

$$\chi_{\text{tot}}(\vec{b},s) = \frac{1}{2} \left( A(\vec{b};\boldsymbol{\mu}) \boldsymbol{\sigma}^{\text{inc}} \text{hard}(s; p_t^{\text{min}}) + A(\vec{b}; \boldsymbol{\mu}_{\text{soft}}) \boldsymbol{\sigma}_{\text{soft}}^{\text{inc}} \right)$$

from two constraints. Require simultaneous description of  $\sigma_{tot}$  and  $b_{el}$  (measured/well predicted),

$$\begin{split} \sigma_{\rm tot}(s) &\stackrel{!}{=} 2 \int \mathrm{d}^2 \vec{b} \left( 1 - \mathrm{e}^{-\chi_{\rm tot}(\vec{b},s)} \right) \,, \\ b_{\rm el}(s) &\stackrel{!}{=} \int \mathrm{d}^2 \vec{b} \frac{b^2}{\sigma_{\rm tot}} \left( 1 - \mathrm{e}^{-\chi_{\rm tot}(\vec{b},s)} \right) \,. \end{split}$$

#### New data! The first comparison ...



Ups, not so nice...
 Despite very good agreement with Rick Field's CDF UE analysis.

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Colour structure?

#### Colour structure - CR model - LEP tune

- Colour reconnection (CR) model see Christian's talk.
  - One parameter of the CR model: *p*<sub>reco</sub>
  - Validation against LEP data.



#### Preliminary results

Agreement on same level as w/o CR model.

Many thanks for help and hints how to use their program to the Professor team! (Especially to Holger Schulz and Eike von Seggern)

#### Colour structure - CR model - LEP tune

Can we still describe the LEP data similar to Herwig++ w/o colour reconnection?

## Preliminary results



Prefered by LEP data is:  $0.2 \le p_{reco} \le 0.6$ 

#### Colour structure

- ► Colour structure of the soft interactions, p<sub>t</sub> ≤ p<sub>t</sub><sup>min</sup> Sensitivity to parameter:
  - colourDisrupt = P(disrupt colour lines) as opposed to hard QCD.
  - colourDisrupt = 1, completely disconnected.





#### New data! The first comparison ...

• Colour structure of the soft interactions,  $p_t \leq p_t^{min}$ 



#### New data! The first comparison ...

• Colour structure of the soft interactions,  $p_t \leq p_t^{min}$ 

▶ Problem: diffraction  $\Rightarrow$  diffractive suppressed data with cut:  $N_{ch} \ge 6$ 



- ► We used a diffractive suppressed sample with cut: N<sub>ch</sub> ≥ 6
- Attention: The ATLAS graphs for  $N_{ch} \ge 6$  are public, but the data points are not. We read the data points from the plots using:
  - EasyNData Peter Uwer [arXiv:0710.2896]
  - DataThief B. Tummers, http://datathief.org/
  - g3data J. Frantz, http://www.frantz.fi/software/g3data.php
  - ► some other tricks ...
  - question to the collaboration: can we do something about this?

I am happy to provide data points with corresponding Rivet analyses if someones needs it.

#### MinBias ATLAS 900 GeV

## Preliminary results

(space for improvement)



#### MinBias ATLAS 900 GeV

## Preliminary results

#### (space for improvement)



#### MinBias ATLAS 7000 GeV

## Very preliminary results



#### MinBias ATLAS 7000 GeV

## Very preliminary results



#### MinBias ATLAS 7000 GeV

## Very preliminary results



### First glance on the ATLAS UE @ 7 TeV results.





- Need colour reconnection.
- ▶ First tunes to 900 GeV and 7 TeV Min Bias (Nch ≥ 6) data give good results.
- We start to look also at UE results.
- ATLAS 7TeV data will be investigated in more details soon.
- Still space for improvements: treatment of remnants pdf, more involved overlap function, energy dependent parameters, better understanding of colour structure, more universal tune ...
- Minimum bias/underlying event/diffraction under constant improvement!
- Stay tuned!